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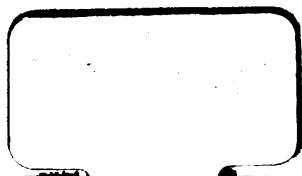
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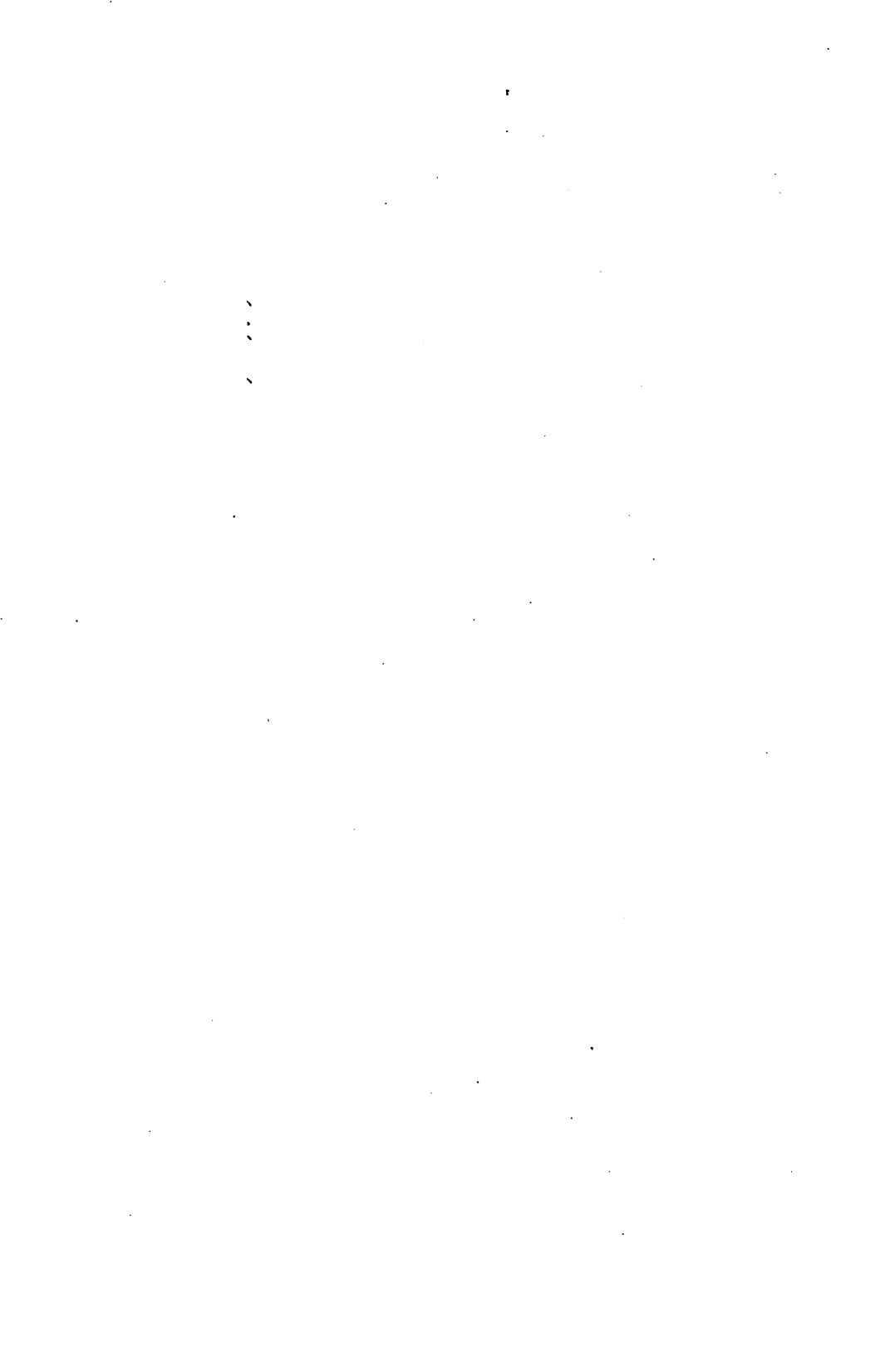
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## SECOND ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# STATE BOARD OF SUPERVISION

OF

Wisconsin Charitable, Reformatory and Penal Institutions,

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.



MADISON, WIS.:

DAVID ATWOOD, STATE PRINTER.

1882.

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## MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

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JAMES BINTLIFF,..... DARLINGTON ..... Term expires 1883.  
CHARLES D. PARKER,. PLEASANT VALLEY. Term expires 1884.  
GEO. W. BURCHARD,.. FORT ATKINSON .. Term expires 1885.  
LEWIS A. PROCTOR,.. MILWAUKEE ..... Term expires 1886.  
CHARLES LULING, ... MANITOWOC ..... Term expires 1887.

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PRESIDENT,

GEO. W. BURCHARD.

SECRETARY,

DAVID S. COMLY.

TREASURER,

M. C. CLARKE.

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## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISION.

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MADISON, Wis., December 1, 1882.

To His Excellency, JEREMIAH M. RUSK,

*Governor of Wisconsin:*

The State Board of Supervision of Wisconsin Charitable, Reformatory and Penal Institutions respectfully submits this its second annual report, embracing the work of the fiscal year ending with September 30, 1882, and including reports from resident officers of the several institutions under its charge.

The Board experiences no little satisfaction in being able to report that, notwithstanding several of the staple articles of subsistence, during a large portion of the year, commanded higher prices than were anticipated when the estimates were made, no deficiency will occur in any of the appropriations; but all the institutions will be carried to the end of the appropriation years at expenditures well within the sums allotted to them by the legislature. Every work of permanent improvement either has been or will be completed at a cost in no case exceeding the sum appropriated therefor, and in most instances falling below that limit. This has been accomplished by a careful scrutiny of the monthly estimates of expenditures submitted by the stewards of the several institutions, restricting their average amounts to a twelfth part of the total appropriations, and then resolutely confining purchases to these estimates; and no permanent improvement has been undertaken without first ascertaining that the amount appropriated therefor would suffice to complete it. Furthermore, the inviting of competition between dealers in leading articles, the admonition to those entrusted with the business of procuring supplies to take advantage of the markets, and the monthly comparisons between the purchases for the different institutions have all contributed to the securing of low prices, and consequently a very material saving

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*Summary of the Work of the Board.*

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in expenditures. This care in the purchase of supplies has been supplemented by no less care in their issue and use, the purpose being to insure the utmost benefit from each article in every department.

But while the Board has thus insisted upon rigid economy in the management of the affairs of the several institutions, nothing has been denied to any of them which was demanded for the successful prosecution of its work — there has been no stinting of the diet of the inmates; they have had all that seemed necessary to their welfare — all that they have had in former years, and, in some instances more and better than was then supplied. It may have occurred during some portion of last spring that there was, for a brief period, some curtailment, in a very few cases, of the usual variety in diet, but if such was the fact it was owing to the scarcity of the articles omitted, in the markets, and not to any prohibition by the Board upon their purchase. In brief, the criterion in the furnishing of supplies has been that of obvious need, and within that limit there has been no restriction. It is true, as will be explained hereafter, that in the case of one or more educational institutions some additional expenditures might have been made to their advantage had the money at command of the Board warranted, but the evils from this limitation, whatever they may have been, are not serious or beyond repair.

Realizing that there is such a thing as employing too many, as well as too few, persons, for the satisfactory accomplishment of a given amount of work, the Board has very materially reduced expenditure at the institutions by reducing the number of employes, and adjusting the wages of those retained more nearly, as it is believed, in accordance with the nature and importance of their duties. While a large saving of money has thus been effected, it is not observable that the service is below the daily need, or that it is less efficient and satisfactory; on the contrary, it has been admitted, in more than one instance, by those in a position to know most of the matter, that the reduction of the number of laborers has resulted in a better performance of the labor required.

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*Introduction to Statement of Current Expenses.*

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Under the law organizing this Board, the Secretary of State sets apart a certain sum for the salaries of its members and for its necessary expenses, and is required to apportion that amount to the several institutions under its charge upon the basis of the appropriations made them. While it makes no difference to the state out of what appropriations these expenses come, the method of apportionment works a seeming injustice among the institutions by causing one to appear to require more supervision and another less than its relative importance demands, or than is the actual fact. Thus, for instance, the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb bears a larger portion of the expenses of supervision than the State Prison, although the attention required of the Board by the latter is much the greater. This results from the fact that, owing to the large receipts from convict labor, only a small appropriation is required for the prison. The same relative inequality in regard to these expenses will appear, though in a less degree, by comparisons between other institutions.

The following table, as its title indicates, shows the actual current expenses at the several institutions, for the fiscal year, and the purposes for which the expenditures were made. It may have happened that more or less money was paid out on the respective accounts than is here shown,—if more, there is the property on hand to show for it; if less, the supply at the close of the year is less than at its commencement.

This table is made up from the tables published in connection with the institution reports, where full details are given of amounts on hand at the beginning and end of the year and of all purchases and transfers, and includes, opposite each item, as a part of the expenses, the value of everything consumed or worn out, whether purchased, manufactured, or grown on the premises, as well as the sums set apart from the appropriations by the Secretary of State for the salaries and expenses of this Board. It also shows the amounts received from visitors and prisoners' earnings, which deducted from the net expenditures, gives the actual cost to the state.

## Statement of Current Expenses.

Statement of current expenses at the several institutions for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1882, after taking into account the supplies on hand at the beginning and close of the year, and the receipts and transfers from the different departments.

CLASSIFICATION OF ITEMS.	State Hospi- tal for the Insane.	Northern Hospital for the Insane.	Industrial School for Boys.	School for the Deaf and Dumb	School for the Blind.	State Prison.
Accounts receivable.....	\$69 24	\$133 02	\$767 29	\$258 97	\$188 38	*\$52, 00
Amusements and means of instruction.....						125 60
Armory.....						10 75
Barn, farm and garden.....	*10, 924 28	*8, 898 24	*4, 418 42	398 78	*608 64	*287 99
Boot and shoe factory.....			2, 653 52	693 99		
Clothing.....	5, 575 41	4, 681 85	5, 691 25	246 72	43 48	8, 289 47
Discharged patients (or convicts).....	85 10	101 75				8, 990 44
Discounts.....	*176 88	*84 49	*44 70	*16 68		
Drugs and medical department.....	1, 135 30	2, 571 55	265 61	57 24	281 71	*23 57
Engines and boilers.....	55 84	183 97	152 53	66 19	17 92	488 73
Elopers and escapes.....	69 05	31 32	565 41			260 67
Freight and express not classified.....	58 85	13 65				429 44
Furniture.....	658 80	134 30	88 63	52 47	2 50	131 85
Fuel.....	16, 058 15	11, 189 31	150 85	142 65	43 58	
Gas and other lights.....	2, 556 65	1, 983 64	4, 925 91	4, 074 87	2, 313 45	6, 366 86
House furnishing.....	2, 602 43	2, 316 73	1, 109 26	707 59	485 00	545 10
Interest and exchange.....	221 00	43 63	158 86	1, 428 66	387 53	528 67
Laundry.....	595 93	1, 108 14		51 96		128 93
Laboratory.....			317 92	242 61	203 31	183 24
Land in Sioux Falls.....		4 08				
Library.....	115 34	179 75				20 79
Machinery and tools.....	21 11	309 77				
Miscellaneous.....	204 57	369 64	41 50	6 38	36 13	224 79
Officers' expenses.....	86 20	6 85	288 29	440 77	258 03	185 77
Old stock and material.....			60 15	123 29	13 20	31 83
Printing, postage, stationery and telegrams.....	408 77	371 19	474 18	386 15	113 84	55 46
						359 23

*Statement of Current Expenses.*

Printing office.....	1,786 27	640 68	1,608 75	218 12	640 88	270 08
Repairs and renewals.....	38 30	16 90	1,757 75	1,926 85	730 75	971 80
Restraints.....	11 68	4,267 83	* 155 58	9,973 40	4,918 65	18,744 04
Real estate.....	4,655 52	45,945 95	19,041 44	12,559 19	6,978 71	161 53
State Board of Supervision.....	39,899 11	119 98	14,238 11	384,392 62	* 272 24	14,721 29
Stock factory.....	4 85	140 00		16 68		
Subsistence.....	394 46	29,796 02				
Surgical instruments and appliances.....	29,974 90					
Tobacco.....						
Wages and salaries.....						
Work departments.....						
Totals.....	\$106,748 98	\$106,587 75	\$54,351 71	\$34,392 62	\$17,602 05	\$48,053 89
* Gains deducted.....	11,100 61	8,427 73	4,618 70	16 68	875 88	302 56
Net expenditures.....	\$95,648 37	\$98,160 02	\$49,733 01	\$34,375 94	\$16,726 17	\$47,751 33
Deduct receipts from visitors.....			134 54			193 50
Deduct receipts from prisoners' earnings.....						31,129 30
Cost to the state.....			\$49,598 47			\$16,498 53



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*Official Expenses — Total and Per Capita Cost.*


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The several sums in the foregoing table opposite the item, "State Board of Supervision," aggregate \$14,200, and, as before stated, are the amounts apportioned to the several institutions, by the Secretary of State, to be paid out of the appropriations made them by the last legislature, and do not represent the actual expenditures on that account. The amount paid during the fiscal year for the salaries of the members of the Board and its Secretary was \$11,599.87, and for expenses \$1,214.72, or an average for expenses of \$101.23 per month. In explanation of the small expenses of the Board it should be said that only in a few instances has any charge had to be made for railroad fare, the companies over whose lines the members have been obliged to travel in the discharge of their official duties, courteously furnishing them, for the most part, free transportation.

The table below shows the average population of each institution for the year, the total and per capita cost for current expense, and the aggregate cost of all the institutions on that account:

INSTITUTIONS.	Average population.	Total cost.	Yearly cost per capita.	Weekly cost per capita.
State Hospital for Insane .....	469	\$95,648 87	\$203 94	\$3 92
Northern Hospital for Insane.....	529	98,160 02	185 56	3 57
Industrial School for Boys.....	321	49,598 47	154 51	2 97
Instit'n for Education of Deaf and Dumb	176	34,375 94	195 32	3 76
Institution for Education of Blind.....	63	16,726 17	265 49	5 11
State Prison.....	336	47,751 83	142 12	2 78
Total for all Institutions.....	1,894	\$342,260 30	\$180 70	\$3 47

The next table presents, in brief, the work of the several institutions, as it relates to numbers, and furnishes an index of the extent to which their aid has been invoked in the interests of society, as well as individuals.

### *Movements of Institution Population.*

*Movements of Population in the several Institutions for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1882.*

INSTITUTIONS.	Number present or enrolled, Oct. 1, 1881.		Admitted during the year.		Total.	Died.	Escaped.	Discharged recovered.	Discharged improved.	Discharged unimproved.	Graduated or completed course.	Dismissed.	Released conditionally.	Sentence expired.	Pardoned.	Released by order of court.	Absent.	Not insane.	Number present or enrolled, Sept. 30, 1882.	Average for the year.
State Hospital for the Insane .....	487	169	656	28	..	49	59	56	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1463	469
Northern Hospital for the Insane .....	512	225	737	58	..	64	26	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	564	529
Industrial School for Boys .....	372	95	467	..	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	132	21	..	..	..	..	299	321
Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb .....	168	76	244	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	5	..	..	..	..	51	..	182	176
Institution for the Education of the Blind ..	68	14	82	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	13	..	..	..	..	..	10	..	57	63
State Prison .....	305	185	490	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	122	13	2	..	..	348	336

Subjoined is a tabulated statement of the sums which, it is estimated, will be necessary to maintain the institutions during each of the two succeeding appropriation years — that is the table shows the amounts which will be needed for one year, and these amounts should be duplicated to provide for the two years that will ensue before the biennial session of the legislature in 1885 — although, in view of the uncertainties as to the numbers to be provided for, the inevitable fluctuations of prices, and the many other contingencies involved, it is impossible to estimate, with any approach to exactness, what will be needed during so long a period as two years.

*Estimates of Appropriations Needed.**Estimate of Expenditures and Appropriations required for each of the two succeeding appropriation years.*

CURRENT EXPENSE ITEMS.						
	State Hospital.	Northern Hospital.	Industrial School for Boys.	Institution for the education of the deaf and dumb.	Institution for the blind.	State Prison.
Amusement and means of instruction.....	\$150 00	\$200 00	\$1,000 00	\$500 00	\$500 00	\$800 00
Army.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00
Barn, farm and garden.....	2,000 00	2,000 00	1,500 00	1,000 00	500 00	1,500 00
Boot and shoe factory.....	.....	.....	50,000 00	900 00	.....	.....
Clothing.....	5,500 00	6,000 00	4,500 00	300 00	50 00	3,875 00
Discharged patients (and convicts).....	150 00	200 00	.....	.....	.....	1,000 00
Drugs and medical department.....	1,200 00	2,500 00	350 00	100 00	150 00	500 00
Engines and boilers.....	150 00	300 00	150 00	100 00	50 00	400 00
Explosives and escapes.....	100 00	100 00	500 00	.....	.....	250 00
Freight and express.....	100 00	100 00	100 00	100 00	.....	125 00
Furniture.....	1,000 00	1,000 00	200 00	500 00	25 00	.....
Fuel.....	16,000 00	15,000 00	5,300 00	4,500 00	2,500 00	6,500 00
Gas and other lights.....	2,000 00	2,000 00	1,100 00	700 00	650 00	1,000 00
House furnishing.....	2,600 00	3,000 00	1,200 00	1,500 00	300 00	1,000 00
Interest and exchange.....	.....	50 00	.....	50 00	.....	50 00
Laundry.....	600 00	1,500 00	500 00	300 00	200 00	250 00
Laboratory.....	.....	150 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Land in Dakota (taxes).....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 00
Library.....	300 00	300 00	200 00	100 00	50 00	100 00
Machinery and tools.....	100 00	400 00	100 00	50 00	50 00	100 00
Miscellaneous.....	300 00	500 00	250 00	450 00	250 00	150 00
Officers' expenses.....	50 00	50 00	50 00	50 00	25 00	50 00
Printing, postage, stationery and telegrams.....	450 00	450 00	450 00	300 00	100 00	375 00
Printing office.....	.....	.....	.....	200 00	.....	.....

*Estimates of Appropriations Needed.*

Repairs and renewals .....	3, 000 00	3, 000 00	2, 000 00	1, 200 00	600 00	1, 000 00
Restraints .....	50 00	50 00				
Sock factory .....			1, 850 00			
State Board of Supervision .....	4, 800 00	4, 700 00	2, 000 00	1, 600 00	700 00	600 00
Subsistence .....	35, 000 00	41, 000 00	14, 500 00	11, 000 00	4, 300 00	19, 000 00
Surgical instruments .....	50 00	150 00				
Tobacco .....	400 00	400 00				200 00
Wages and salaries .....	31, 000 00	32, 500 00	14, 000 00	15, 000 00	7, 000 00	16, 500 00
Work departments .....					250 00	
Totals .....	\$106, 550 00	\$117, 800 00	\$101, 800 00	\$40, 500 00	\$18, 250 00	\$54, 900 00
To be received from counties .....	41, 487 88	43, 915 12	9, 913 86			
Probable receipts from sales, labor, etc .....			51, 850 00	500 00	250 00	39, 900 00
To be supplied by appropriation .....	\$65, 062 12	\$73, 884 88	\$40, 036 14	\$40, 000 00	\$18, 000 00	15, 000 00
SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.						
Purchase of real estate .....			8, 800 00			
Protection against fire .....				1, 500 00		
Straw barn and root cellar .....			1, 500 00			1, 000 00

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*Basis of Estimates — State Hospital.*

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The estimates, it will be seen, have been made by classifications, and are based upon expenditures in the various departments for the past fiscal year, as far as they appeared to represent approximately the requirements of the two years to come. Provision has been made for an increase in the populations, especially in the hospitals for the insane, where the improvements just completed will make room for an aggregate of eighty to a hundred additional patients. It is not anticipated that the per capita cost of maintaining the institutions can be greatly reduced below what it is shown to have been the past year, yet no effort in that direction, consistent with the continuance of their efficiency, will be omitted.

The policy pursued and the work done in each of the institutions seems to demand more particular consideration, to the end that the public may be more thoroughly informed in regard to their condition and character, the necessity for the expenditures made, and the influences prevailing in the prosecution of their mission.

STATE HOSPITAL.

The average attendance at the State Hospital for the Insane has been 469 this year, and was 566 last year. The causes for this decrease were very fully set forth in the report of the Superintendent for last year, and commend themselves without exception, so far as we know, to every person inspecting the building. Even during the past year not a few rooms, originally designed to accommodate but one patient, have been occupied by two, and in every way space has been utilized to the extreme limit consistent with safety.

The per capita expense here, exclusive of the salaries and expenses of this Board, has been \$16.50 greater than at the Northern Hospital, nearly all of which (\$14.79) may be found in the two items of fuel and lights. Fully one half of this excess is attributable to higher rates of freight and the necessity for hauling from the station to the hospital, and the remainder to "short weights" and the unfortunate location of the boilers at so great a distance from the buildings to be heated. The wise appropriation by the last legislature of \$800 for the purchase of track scales has enabled us

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*Methods of Treatment — Special Appropriations.*

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to overcome one of these points, and we hope the day is not very far distant when one or other of the railways running near the Hospital will deem it for its interest to build a spur or side track to this institution. Whenever it shall be deemed expedient to erect a third hospital, the questions of rates of freight and conveniences for delivery of fuel and other supplies, as well as the facilities for drainage and water supply, should not be overlooked.

Further study of the statement of expenditures and other appropriate tables will disclose the fact that medication and restraint have been largely reduced in this hospital. The total expenditure for drugs and liquors was only \$1,135.30, or \$2.42 per patient, and the cases of unusual restraint, which averaged  $51\frac{1}{2}$  for the months of August and September last year were only 22 for the same months this year. The Superintendent has great confidence in enforced daily exercise in the open air, in entertainments and amusements of various kinds, and in carefully regulated and judiciously supervised labor as adjuvants to medicine and substitutes for restraints; and certain it is that the past year's experience seems to justify such confidence. Thus far, at least, there has not been any actual or comparative increase in the death rate or decrease in the number or character of improvements and recoveries by reason of the decrease in medication and use of restraints. Exercise in the open air, entertainments and labor constitute a considerable part of the regimen in every hospital for the insane, but nowhere, perhaps, are these matters more methodically and practically and successfully attended to than at this institution.

Unquestionably the disuse of restraints increases to some extent the expenditures for attention, clothing and house-furnishing, but if it contributes to the temporary and permanent welfare of the patients the increased cost is most wisely incurred.

The appropriations to this institution for special purposes have been only partially expended as yet. The new bath rooms and closets, at the date of this report are practically complete. The contract for building them and making connections with the main halls, all complete except plumbing, was awarded to James Livesey, of Madison at \$12,500.00, and has been completed in a satisfactory

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*Northern Hospital.*

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manner. There has been expended to this date for architect's fees \$500, and for plumbing and repairs to old closets and bath rooms \$1,083.57, which leaves \$916.43 for completing the work. Of the other special appropriations there has been expended for track scales \$618.45; for nine hundred feet of 2½-inch hose and attachments \$708.75, for fire proof elevators \$805.85; and on other accounts as shown in the treasurer's report. Painting and other repairs, for which there was a special appropriation, have been necessarily delayed by the new work, but now that this is out of the way, they will be carried forward as rapidly as circumstances will permit.

NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

Of the number and condition of the patients in this hospital, and of the results of the year's work, detailed information will be found in the comprehensive report of the Superintendent published herewith. The number of patients during the year was larger than in any previous one, and is steadily increasing. The full capacity of the building had nearly been reached; but, through the wise liberality of the legislature, an appropriation of \$6,000 was granted for converting the old chapel into dormitories, and this work is now practically completed, furnishing six large additional rooms with bath rooms and closets, and affording comfortable quarters for at least sixty patients. By this change the capacity of the hospital has been increased to something over six hundred patients, yet it will not work any serious inconvenience in the holding of chapel exercises, for the "amusement room," a large, airy and pleasant hall of convenient access, can be used for this purpose without doing violence to the reasonable scruples of any one. The bills for the work and for furniture are not yet all in, but the aggregate will fall within the appropriation. The amount expended up to October 1st was \$3,653.51, and this included the larger part of the work.

An appropriation of \$2,500 was also made at the last legislative session, for the purchase of fire hose, and two thousand feet thereof, two and a half inches in size, was purchased at a total cost of \$1,500, one-half of it being rubber, and the other cotton, rubber lined. A

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*Permanent Improvements.*

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small portion of the remainder of the appropriation will be required for providing hose-reels and shelters for the same, as it is proposed to keep a portion of the hose at each hydrant, ready for immediate use. A further appropriation of \$1,000 was granted for completing the fire main and hydrants, and the apparatus for extinguishing fires is now in condition for use, and, with the pump working at its full capacity, it is possible to throw eight streams of water upon the roofs of the buildings at one and the same time. The hospital is, therefore, as thoroughly protected against disaster and destruction from fire as practicable. The amount of the appropriation remaining unexpended on October 1st was \$598.91; but some further expenditures properly chargeable to this fund are yet to be met.

As a precaution against fire, it was deemed advisable to remove a portion of the coal-shed, a long wooden structure, one end of which was in close proximity to the boiler-room, and in the attic of which was the carpenter shop, and to erect a separate building of brick for the shop. For this purpose the legislature granted \$2,000; and the work has been completed at a total cost of not far from \$1,000, but some additional work upon the coal-shed may be thought advisable; yet, even in that case, there will remain considerable surplus. The coal-shed is still of sufficient capacity, and the new shop, which is thirty feet by forty and two stories high, is large enough for all the carpenter work that may be required to keep the buildings in repair, and any work beyond this cannot be profitably carried on.

An appropriation of \$3,000 was made for painting and repairs, and the work thus provided for has been going forward, although retarded somewhat by that on the new building and in changing the chapel into dormitories. When, however, the new quarters are occupied, painting and repairing will be rapidly pushed to completion. The permanent improvements just completed and the repairs made and now in process will enlarge the usefulness of the institution and facilitate the prosecution of its legitimate work.

The farm and garden have proved very profitable during the year past, the crops being abundant and of excellent quality.



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*Industrial School.*

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Their estimated value was \$12,801.07. Besides contributing largely to the subsistence department of the hospital, at a comparatively small outlay, the farm and garden furnish the most healthful and invigorating of all employments for such patients as are able or in condition to perform any manual labor. Properly regulated, labor for many of the insane is more efficacious than drugs and medicines; and if more land were embraced in the hospital farm it could be made to contribute in various ways to the welfare of the patients, as well as to the reduction of the bills for subsistence.

The average number of patients in the hospital during the fiscal year ending with September last was 529, and the net cost per patient was \$185.56, or \$3.57 per week.

THE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

As it is one of the imperative duties of the state to punish crime, it follows, as a logical proposition, that it may, with great propriety, at least, establish and maintain such institutions as are directly calculated to prevent infraction of its laws and disregard of the ordinary restraints of society. It was in consonance with this proposition that Wisconsin established an industrial school for boys, who, by reason of vagrancy, or incorrigibility, or transgression of specific law, have entered upon courses which inevitably end in offenses of much greater magnitude. In briefer terms, this institution is founded in the principle that prevention of evils is better than their cure, even though complete cure be always possible.

From the opening of this school, in the year 1860, there had been admitted up to October 1, 1882, 1,907 boys, of whom 43 died, 76 escaped and were not returned, 4 were released upon expiration of the term of commitment while the legal limit was twenty-one years, and 21 under the limit of eighteen years; 1,763 were returned to their homes or placed in the families of worthy farmers, manufacturers, professional or business men, and 299 were enrolled as inmates at the date last mentioned. Regarding the courses pursued by those who have left the institution there are no accurate

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*Practical Value of the School.*

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statistics, it being difficult to follow them beyond a year or two from their release; but, judging from information derived from various sources, it is safe to say that at least seventy-five per cent. of all those released have or will become orderly, industrious, self-supporting citizens. It is impossible to determine with anything like accuracy how many of these youths, had they not been committed to the school, would have entered the criminal classes as men and spent a life of alternate preying upon society and existence in prison; but it is reasonable to assume that one-half at least would have thus proved themselves the heaviest of all public burdens. The wisdom of such an investment as this school on the part of the state is thus established, viewed from a financial point alone, saying nothing of that broader and higher aspect of the question, the moral welfare of the wayward or homeless youths committed to its fostering care.

The practical value of an institution of this character depends very largely upon the nature of the discipline maintained. If that be wholly, or even largely, one of physical repression; if rules be promulgated which do not commend themselves to the better judgment of the pupils, and if their violation incur harsh and excessive penalties; if the atmosphere of the institution be that of a place of punishment for crime, rather than of a place where the inmate shall be led up and way from crime, the tendency will be to develop in him a spirit of resistance — to harden rather than soften, and so defeat the principal object in the establishment of the institution. The first step in the work of reforming and elevating the moral character of a boy is to make him realize that he is the object of human sympathy; that his present condition and future welfare are the source of profound solicitude to those placed over him. If this can be accomplished, the progress of reformation and the growth of stable character will be assured in every case where such things are possible.

Holding these views, the Board, soon after its entrance upon its official duties, made inquiry into the discipline of the school, for the purpose of learning if it was in harmony with the principles here set forth. The result of the inquiry led to the belief that

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*Industrial School.*

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there was more frequent resort to corporal punishment than was wise or necessary, and an order was therefore made that such punishment should be inflicted only by the Superintendent, or by his explicit order and in his presence. It was further ordered that a record should be kept of every case of discipline, and a report made to the Board at the end of every month, for which purpose blanks were furnished. Such reports have been regularly kept since the 1st of October, 1881, and are now on file in the office of the Board. These reports show that for the year covered by this report, there were 96 cases of corporal punishment, or an average of 8 per month, 321 being the average number of pupils. For the first six months of the year, the total number of punishments was 70, or eleven and two-thirds per month, with an average of 340 pupils. During the last six months, the number of punishments was but 26, or four and one-third per month, with an average of 301 pupils enrolled. It will be seen from these statistics that the number of cases of corporal punishment, at no time large, greatly decreased toward the end of the year, and it may be added that the punishment was in no case excessive, but quite as mild as that in the common school or the family. The effect of this modification of the discipline has, as the Board believes, been beneficial in various ways; there appears to be less of discontent among the pupils, and more of ambition for a good record. It is the earnest desire and purpose of the Board that the discipline shall tend to the cultivation of such a spirit of honor among the pupils, and such an ambition for the attainment of excellence in work, study and deportment, that the necessity for punishments of any kind shall steadily diminish to the lowest possible point.

In various ways it has been sought to make the "families," into which the school is divided, more like the real family, thus creating a home atmosphere and fostering those associations which, as they are farthest removed from those of a vagrant, wayward or criminal life, are the most potent in the production of sterling manhood. By awarding badges to those who reach certain grades in the roll of "honor" and by establishing a rule that no petition for release will be granted while the boy is below the "honor" grade, it has been

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*Methods of Discipline — More Land Needed.*

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sought to stimulate the virtue of self-control and impress upon the boys the idea that their release from the institution depends in a large measure upon themselves.

The ideal industrial school is something not easy of realization, but it is the purpose of the Board to omit nothing of effort to reach the ideal.

The buildings now erected will be sufficient for the wants of the school for years to come, save perhaps some enlargement of the barn room; but an appropriation is asked for the purchase of additional land for cultivation. A piece of such land adjoining the farm on the west, comprising 112 acres, can be had for \$8,800 which, considering the location, is not regarded as an extravagant price. The amount of land now belonging to the institution, 233 acres, is not all that can be tilled with advantage and at the same time furnish pasturage and provender for the stock which, experience has proved, it is profitable to keep. No part of the work connected with the institution is so much enjoyed by the boys, or is so productive of health and physical development as that pertaining to the farm. Many of the boys desire to become farmers, and the majority of them will undoubtedly devote themselves to agricultural pursuits when they become their own masters. Hence it is desirable that as many as practicable be made acquainted with the details of this work while at the school. The trades are always full, but there is seldom lack of employment for him who is bred to farm work and is willing to do it, while the farmer's life, removed as it is from the temptations of the cities and manufacturing towns, is the safest career for these unfortunates in early habits and associations.

Believing that the school was established for the benefit of wayward boys and not for any profit that might accrue to the state from their labor, the Board has adopted the policy of releasing boys just when their welfare seems to demand it, regardless of any material considerations. The manufacture of a few pairs of boots more or less, or the hastening or delaying by a few days of the farm or other work, is a matter of small importance compared with that of the release of a boy when he is prepared for it and when a

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*Industrial School.*

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suitable situation is open for him or he can be restored to parents and home with a reasonable prospect that he will prove himself thoroughly reformed. The pursuit of this policy has reduced by about one-fourth the number which was in the institution in June 1881, and will shorten materially the average stay of boys therein as compared with that of former years. It is generally conceded that there is a point in the life of every boy when his retention in such a school ceases to be of any value to him, and it is extremely important that this point be found in each case and not far exceeded. In consequence of the reduction of the number of inmates in the institution thus set forth, and the discharge of twenty-one under the law of last winter, reducing the limit of the term of commitment from twenty-one years to eighteen, and on account of interruptions resulting from changes in the management of the shop, there was a marked decrease in the amount of work done in the boot and shoe factory as compared with that of the previous year, resulting in a loss of \$2,653. This, together with a large increase in the cost of several of the leading articles of subsistence, and some improvement in the quality and variety of the food given the boys, will abundantly account for any increase in the per capita cost of maintaining the institution which was \$2.97 per week.

The last legislature granted an appropriation of \$5,000 for providing the institution with a steam fire engine, and other necessary appliances for extinguishing fires. After diligent inquiry into the merits of the various kinds of machines, the Board purchased a number 3 Ahren's engine, at a cost of \$3,420, two hose carts at \$195, and six hundred feet of rubber-lined cotton hose at \$480, leaving \$905 of the appropriation with which to build an engine house and provide convenient appliances for taking suction. Instead of constructing a building for the engine, it was deemed best to erect a boiler house and take the old boiler room for the fire steamer. By this means the boiler was removed from the shop building to a separate one some fifty feet away, thereby lessening the danger of fire, and leaving a room for the fire engine, ample in size, convenient of access and protected against frost. All this has been done within the remnant of the appropriation above named;

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*Permanent Improvements.*

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and no other of the public institutions is now better protected than the Industrial School against disasters from fire.

An appropriation of \$1,000 was also made by the last legislature for completing the well-house and the new "family building." The first named building has been finished, and considerable work has been done upon the latter. On the first of October there remained unexpended of this appropriation \$406.05, which it is expected will be sufficient to complete the work in hand.

Of the further appropriation of \$2,000 for painting and repairs, \$451.60 remained unexpended at the end of the fiscal year, and the remainder will be exhausted upon work legitimately coming under that head and for which there is abundant need.

#### THE INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB.

This institution has now been in operation thirty-one years, and during that time 623 deaf-mutes have received the benefits of its instruction; and, although accurate figures cannot be given, owing to deficiencies in the records, probably over 100 have completed the full course of study prescribed and received an official certificate thereof. The number of students now enrolled is 190, of whom 66 were admitted the past year; and 51 who were students last term have by various obstacles been thus far prevented from returning. No work which the state has undertaken has been more prolific of satisfactory results than that which has been carried on at this institution. Of the hundreds of unfortunate youths that have experienced its fostering care and reached maturity, there are few, if any, who have not been thereby qualified to enter upon some pursuit by which they have gained an honorable livelihood, besides having opened to them many of the intellectual pleasures experienced by the more fortunate of the race.

With one of the principal avenues of intelligence forever closed to them, these youths enter the institution with minds, in many respects, a total blank; hence, notwithstanding the eagerness to learn which many of them exhibit, the work of instructing them is slow and difficult at all stages, and especially so in the earlier ones. It should not be inferred, however, that there is lack of intellectual

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*Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.*

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strength and acuteness among the deaf — the difficulty in the work of instructing them is, on account of their physical infirmity, to project information into the plane of their intellectual horizon. Necessarily, therefore, that teacher is the most successful in instructing them who has greatest facility in the various methods of communicating with the deaf; but to acquire this facility involves an expenditure of time and money for which the teacher, very properly, expects something like an adequate return; hence the instruction of deaf pupils both in kind and amount necessarily costs more than that of the same number and grade of those who are in full possession of the faculty of hearing. There is, moreover, a very general desire among the friends of deaf-mute education that instruction in articulation be not neglected in the curriculum, for the reason that it has been demonstrated that, with careful teaching and persistent drilling, many mutes may eventually acquire more or less proficiency in oral speech — some even a facility therein which is as remarkable as it is gratifying to their friends, and which is no small addition to their equipment for the business and enjoyments of life. But this kind of instruction is the most expensive of all, both on account of the preparation needed on the part of the teacher for the best results and the necessity for a large measure of separate individual teaching, thus bringing within narrow limits the number of pupils which a teacher can successfully instruct.

From a consideration of these facts it will be readily perceived that, for the accomplishment of the greatest benefits in this institution, the cost per capita for instruction must always be much larger than that in the ordinary public school or academy. But this should not create a doubt as to the wisdom of the establishment and maintenance of this school. As an instrument of beneficence to a class whose misfortunes at once challenge the sympathy of every good citizen, it is worth all it has cost; while, as a measure for the prevention of pauperism, dependence and misery among a considerable class, it is an investment, which, if properly sustained, will always return a large dividend to society. In this connection attention is specially desired to the fact that, although the capacity

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*Importance of its Work.*

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of the institution is not exhausted, there is a large number of deaf-mutes in the state who have not yet enjoyed its advantages or those of any similar school. Since the state has wisely entered upon the work of deaf-mute education, the largest success of the scheme demands that every individual of this class who is of proper age and is not attending or proposing to attend some other school of like character, should, if practicable, be placed in this; for the larger the number of pupils the less the per capita cost of the work and the larger the volume of benefits flowing therefrom, not alone to the class immediately concerned but to society and the state. As board and instruction are free, parents of deaf-mutes can scarcely present a valid excuse for withholding from them the inestimable advantages of an education. To no class of youth is education so indispensable as to deaf-mutes, and no other is so dependent upon extraneous assistance for its acquirement. This truth was promptly recognized by the commonwealth, and most liberal provision made for performing its share of the duties therein involved. If parents shall become equallay impressed with their responsibility in the matter and evince an equal solicitude in the performance of their portion of the duties, education will become general and sufficiently thorough among the deaf-mutes of the state.

With comparatively small outlay the capacity and convenience of the institution could be largely increased, by finishing the attic of the central building and the upper story of the building in its rear, and improving the wooden building now occupied as a hospital and by employes; so that, unless the number of pupils shall hereafter increase much faster than it has hitherto, there will be no lack of room for years to come. It is suggested that this improvement should be made at an early day, as a portion of the additional room that would thus be provided could be at once used with advantage to the pupils.

It is the opinion of the Board that a more liberal expenditure than the funds at its command have thus far warranted, could be profitably made in increasing the instructional force, not only in the school proper, but in the mechanical department as well. The



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*Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.*

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present force of teachers is doing excellent work, but is found insufficient in number to secure as rapid progress, on the part of the scholars, as is desirable, and to cover all the ground which experience suggests should be embraced in the course of study. To render the training at the institution comprehensive and practical the scope of the industrial instruction should be enlarged; but to do this will require another teacher or foreman and a moderate outlay for material. To no class is the education of the hand and the eye more important than to the deaf-mute, for by manual labor a large majority of them must gain their livelihood. In considering this subject it becomes a question whether the state should be satisfied with simply doing its work of beneficence well, or whether it should seek to do it in the best and most thorough manner, when that excellence is attainable by a comparatively small additional disbursement. Should the legislature concur with the Board in taking the latter view of the subject and grant appropriations sufficient to carry it out, no effort would be spared to make the money as effective as possible in promoting the object suggested.

The net cost of maintaining the institution for the fiscal year was \$34,375.94, being at the rate of \$195.32 per pupil, or \$3.76 per week, the average number of scholars in attendance being 176.

Upon the recommendation of the legislative visiting committee, appointed by the Governor, a year ago, the legislature appropriated to this institution, \$5,000 "for providing efficient means for extinguishing fires and furnishing an ordinary supply of water." This appropriation was made upon the expectation that an abundant supply of water could be had from a neighboring mill pond without any expenditure for the privilege; and the plan in contemplation was the placing of a water wheel and pump at the dam, and forcing the water through a main pipe to the buildings and connecting therewith branch pipes with hydrants so placed in the grounds about the buildings that they could all be covered with hose pipe in case of fire. When, however, the Board came to make arrangements for carrying out the scheme, it was found that the owner of the water power had changed his mind, and refused to concede the privilege of water except upon payment of \$1,000. Such an ex-

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*Permanent Improvements.*

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penditure, not having been contemplated in the granting of the appropriation, the Board did not, under any circumstances, feel authorized to make; and, besides this, the sum that would have remained, had such expenditure been warranted, would have proved insufficient for completing the projected work. No part of this appropriation, therefore, has been disbursed.

Some provision should speedily be made for protection against fire at this institution, as none now exists worthy of that designation. The cheapest scheme would be to lay pipe of sufficient size and plant hydrants at commanding points between the central building and the boys' dormitory, and between the latter and the shops, connecting these with the large pump in the engine room, and providing hose pipe sufficient to reach from the hydrants to any part of the buildings named. This would furnish effective protection, provided fire did not break out in the boiler or engine room and paralyze the machinery. The fact that the boiler room is the place where fire is likely to originate furnishes the principal, if not the only objection to this plan. Furthermore, the supply of water at present is not as abundant as desirable, consisting only of a well, several cisterns and a spring from which water is forced into the rear center building by means of a small hydraulic ram.

Another scheme, recommended by the Superintendent, Steward, and others, is to erect a separate fire-proof building for the boilers, engine and pumps at the foot of the declivity in rear of the building in which they are now located, and dig a large well near by, adopting the plan of water main and hydrants above described. The advantage of this scheme is that there would be no danger of fire disabling the machinery, while an inexhaustible fountain of water of the purest quality could be had at a comparatively slight depth from the surface, the ground being full of water veins or springs. This scheme would be very much more expensive than the one first named, but it would be much the most effective, besides it would vacate room in the rear-center building that could be used with advantage in the work of the institution.

Of the appropriation of \$800 for painting and repairs, \$317.81 re-

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*Institution for the Blind.*

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mained unexpended October 1st; and this will all be required for work of the character named which cannot be safely delayed.

The appropriation for building "water or earth closets," was applied to the extent of \$340.01 up to October 1st, in repairing the old closets for boys, and they have been put in such condition that they are quite satisfactory, and will suffice for years to come. The work is now completed, and something over \$200 will probably remain of the appropriation after all the bills are paid.

INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE BLIND.

The net cost to the state on account of current expense of maintaining this institution for the fiscal year just closed was \$16,726.17. The average number of pupils in attendance during the year was 63; the cost per pupil was \$265.49, or \$5.11 per week. The comparatively small number of pupils, of course, makes the per capita cost in this institution relatively larger than that in the other institutions under our charge, and causes it to appear at a disadvantage in this respect. Moreover it is true here, as in the case of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, that instruction is much more expensive than in a school of the same grade for seeing and hearing youth. The instruction must be principally oral, the teachers having not only to conduct the recitation, but to dictate or read to the classes every lesson in advance, often repeating the dictation or reading several times. In addition to this they are relied upon by the pupils for that general information which is one of the prime factors in all satisfactory education, but which seeing and hearing pupils largely acquire by their own unaided efforts. In short, the teacher of the blind must be eyes to them in the broadest sense of the expression. It is found that the blind in many cases have an aptitude for music, and that a knowledge of it proves of much practical advantage to them; hence it is embraced in the course of study. But this requires special teachers, whose work is slow and laborious and commands good wages, and is therefore another source of considerable expense. For these reasons the teaching force must be large in comparison with that of the common school. The cost of domestic supervision is also relatively large. Many of the younger

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*Cost of Instruction.*

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pupils enter the institution with scarcely the ability to dress and feed themselves, and must be taught self-helpfulness and independence in these and other respects as well as the knowledge of books. All this requires time and patience, and makes heavy demands upon the official and helping force. More need not be said in explanation of the cost of maintaining this institution.

What has been stated regarding the deaf and dumb is true also of the blind, namely, that there is a large number in the state of proper age who are not attending school and not receiving systematic instruction of any kind. This results either from ignorance, on the part of parents, of the existence of the school, or from mistaken ideas of tenderness. The beneficent policy of the state in establishing and maintaining institutions of this class, whereby those who, by reason of physical infirmities, would otherwise come into a heritage of ignorance and dependence, may acquire some measure of education and a preparation for self-support and intellectual enjoyment, should meet the hearty co-operation of the friends of the blind, to the end that the bounty of the state may not fail of producing the largest measure of desirable results.

The care exercised over the pupils of this institution, as well as in that for the deaf and dumb, looks closely to their physical and moral well-being, and the details of the discipline are only such as are consistent with and will further this purpose; while the instruction is systematic and thorough, as the character and scholarship of those who have completed the prescribed courses of study abundantly attest.

STATE PRISON.

The actual cost of maintaining the State Prison during the fiscal year was \$47,751.33, to the payment of which the prisoners' earnings contributed \$31,129.30, and receipts from visitors \$193.50, leaving the net cost to the state \$16,428.53. The number of prisoners in confinement September 30, last, was 348, which is, as it has been for many years, very much less, in proportion to population, than in any neighboring state.

It is impossible to say just what causes have led up to and maintain this exceptional and gratifying result. It may be confidently

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*State Prison.*

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claimed that person and property are as secure here as elsewhere, and that the percentage of criminals who escape punishment is no greater with us than with our neighbors. Years ago, Wisconsin took an advanced position in relation to prison management, and the various questions connected with the criminal and delinquent classes. It never clothed its prisoners in stripes, and early in its history discarded parti-colored garments. These things of themselves are not specially important, but they indicate a principle in prison methods which has been followed as far as the law would permit, and which we most earnestly recommend may be given a greatly enlarged scope.

This principle may be defined as a theory of encouragement, in contradistinction to that of repression. It seeks to build up rather than to demolish. It accepts the teachings of experience to the effect that prisons may do harm, and in every way seeks to reduce the chances of so doing to the minimum. It recognizes the fact, too often lost sight of, in prisons and out of prisons, that prisoners are men subject to the same passions, sentiments and emotions which mold, and not infrequently govern, other men. Negative virtues are not usually to be commended, but with prisons, as at present constituted, success is to be measured not so much by good accomplished as by harm avoided. In seeking, therefore, for the causes of the comparatively small prison population in Wisconsin, let it not be forgotten that the convicts in its State Prison have been accorded a larger degree of consideration and respect, as men, than is in some other states deemed compatible with proper discipline.

Past experience in departing from old methods should lead the law makers of Wisconsin to be tolerant of propositions for further reform, and we commend to their most earnest consideration the subject of so amending the criminal laws as to provide for indeterminate sentences. It seems to be conceded that the reasons urged for the adoption of such a system are unanswerable and conclusive, and, contrary to common belief, it is neither a new nor in its essential features an untried theory. It was introduced in Ireland by Sir Walter Crofton in 1854, and has been in successful opera-

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*Indeterminate Sentences.*

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tion there for twenty-eight years. Theoretically a maximum term is fixed by law beyond which imprisonment may not extend, but this maximum is seldom, if ever, reached. A similar limitation might be applied here and many changes be made in the details of the bill as heretofore presented in the legislature and still preserve the essential features of the system, which are that criminals should be confined not for a definite time, but for a definite purpose, and that each one should be the arbiter of his own destiny. Those principles were expounded and advocated by Alexander Maconochie as early as 1840, and by him put into practice at the penal colony under his charge on Norfolk Island. They are successfully applied in at least one large prison in England, in the reformatory prison for women in Massachusetts, the Elmira Reformatory in New York, the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, and elsewhere. They commend themselves to the judgment of every student of penology, and wherever put into operation justify the expectations of their most zealous advocates.

In July last the Warden of the prison, with our advice and approval, relet to M. D. Wells and Co., of Chicago, the labor of all the able bodied convicts at the rate of fifty cents per day of ten hours, to commence January 1, proximo, and continue five years. After thorough advertising and much personal solicitation, no other person or firm was found willing to make a better offer, and as the price agreed upon is fully up to the average paid for similar labor throughout the country, it is reasonable to conclude that business men do not consider prison labor contracts as profitable or attractive as the rate of wages paid would otherwise seem to indicate. We are much gratified to have the old contractors continue, as their dealings and relations with the prison officers and managers have been eminently satisfactory.

Two events occurred during the year which were new experiences for the Wisconsin prison. The first of these was a combination among forty or more prisoners to take the management of affairs out of the Warden's hands and give it to themselves, by demanding more and better food as a condition precedent to returning to labor. Warden Carter met this crisis with most excellent judg-

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*State Prison.*

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ment, locking the malcontents in cells and withholding all food and drink until their mutinous demands were unconditionally withdrawn. Members of this Board immediately repaired to the prison and instituted a rigid inquiry into the facts and found that so far from the food being deficient in quantity or quality it happened that during the weeks most complained of, with the exception of a single day, the quantity, quality and variety of provisions served were equal to the average for the preceding fifteen months. On the day excepted the ration of meat was deficient, owing to delay in transportation from Milwaukee. The second of the events referred to was the unprovoked murder of one prisoner by another. In this case the Warden took the offending prisoner before the circuit court for Dodge county, where he was permitted to plead guilty to murder in the second degree and received the lightest sentence provided by law for that crime.

An appropriation of \$15,000 per year, in addition to the probable receipts from convict labor, will be required for defraying current expenses, and a special appropriation of \$1,000 for constructing a root cellar is asked for. Various expedients have been resorted to in the endeavor to preserve and protect vegetables through the winter, but without success, and a special cellar for that purpose is well nigh indispensable.

The Treasurer's report, a summary of inventories, and a table of county quotas in the hospitals, based upon the increased capacities of those institutions and adjusted to the population as shown by the census of 1880, are appended to this report. Following them are the reports of the resident officers of the several institutions, giving in detail much interesting information, not included in the preceding report, and appended to these reports are the financial exhibits, detailed lists of disbursements and rosters of the officers and employes at each institution with rate of compensation received by each.

In conclusion we have to say that, in the management of the affairs of the state's charitable, reformatory and penal institutions, the prime consideration which has influenced our actions has been to ensure, as far as practicable, and without involving unnecessary

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*Purposes of the Board.*

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financial burdens, the fulfillment of the wisely generous purposes which the state had in view in their establishment. And while we remain in office it will be our earnest endeavor so to discharge the responsible duties laid upon us as to demonstrate that, in organizing the new system of controlling its institutions, the state wrought a real reform, as well in promoting their efficiency as in securing a more economical disbursement of its benevolent funds. To say that we have fallen short of complete success is only to admit that we are human; and we present this report of our labors, regretting that they are not more worthy of the many words of encouragement and many marks of public confidence which have been accorded us during the year.

GEO. W. BURCHARD,  
LEWIS A. PROCTOR,  
JAMES BINTLIFF,  
C. D. PARKER,  
C. LULING.



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*Treasurer's Report.*


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REPORT OF THE TREASURER.

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*To the State Board of Supervision of Wisconsin Charitable, Reformatory and Penal Institutions:*

GENTLEMEN — Herewith please find my report as Treasurer of the several institutions under your charge.

Very respectfully,

M. C. CLARKE.

MADISON, WIS., September 30, 1882.

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WISCONSIN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

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1881.		CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.		
Oct. 1	By balance .....			\$20,170 73
1882.				
Sept. 30	By State Treasurer to date....			91,386 61
Sept. 30	By Steward to date.....			6,610 25
Sept. 30	By wash basins and sinks, balance.....			2 99
Sept. 30	By medical library, balance.....			103 51
Sept. 30	By iron stairs, balance.....			86 03
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date.....	\$109,327 61		
Sept. 30	To new floors, to balance.....	1 92		
Sept. 30	To balance .....	9,031 49		
			\$118,361 02	\$118,361 02
Oct. 1				
	Balance .....			\$9,031 49
	Outstanding bonds as reported by the Secretary of the Board ..			7,108 88
		Balance .....		\$1,922 61
1881.		CLOSETS AND BATH ROOMS IN WARDS.		
Oct. 1	By balance .....			\$292 70
1882.				
Sept. 30	To transferred to wash basins and sinks ..	\$292 70		
1881.		WASH BASINS AND SINKS.		
Oct. 1	By balance .....			\$154 19
	By closets and bath rooms in wards..			292 70
1882.				
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date.....	\$443 90		
Sept. 30	To current expenses to balance .....	2 99		
			\$446 89	\$446 89

*Treasurer's Report.*

## WISCONSIN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE—continued

NEW FLOORS.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$90 10
1882.			
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$92 02	.....
	By current expense to balance .....		1 92
		\$92 02	\$92 02
COVERING STEAM PIPES.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$331 18
1882.			
Sept. 30	To balance .....	\$331 18	.....
MEDICAL LIBRARY FUND.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$140 80
1882.			
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$33 60	.....
Sept. 30	To current expenses to balance .....	103 51	.....
Sept. 30	To balance .....	3 69	.....
		\$140 80	\$140 80
1882.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$3 69
	To outstanding warrants as reported by the Secretary of the Board .....	\$3 69	.....
FIRE PROOF ELEVATORS.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$451 17
1882.			
Sept. 30	By State Treasurer to date .....		1,000 00
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$1,049 07	.....
Sept. 30	To balance .....	402 10	.....
		\$1,451 17	\$1,451 17
1882.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		402 10
RAILROAD TRACK SCALES.			
June 1	By State Treasurer .....		\$800 00
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$618 45	.....
Sept. 30	To balance .....	181 55	.....
		\$800 00	\$800 00
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$181 55
FIRE HOSE.			
Sept. 30	By State Treasurer to date .....		\$1,000 00
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$708 75	.....
Sept. 30	To balance .....	291 25	.....
		\$1,000 00	\$1,000 00
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$291 25

*Treasurer's Report.*

## WISCONSIN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE—continued.

REMOVING AND BUILDING NEW BATH ROOMS AND CLOSETS.			
1882.			
Sept. 30	By State Treasurer to date .....		\$8,236 62
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$3,650 22	
Sept. 30	To balance .....	4,586 40	
		\$8,236 62	\$8,236 62
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$4,586 40
	Outstanding warrants, as reported by the Secretary of the Board .....		4,173 86
	Balance .....		\$412 54
CEMENTING BASEMENT.			
1881.			
Nov. 30	By State Treasurer .....		\$100 00
1882.			
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date ..	\$54 30	
	To balance .....	45 70	
		\$100 00	\$100 00
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$45 70
	Outstanding warrants, as reported by the Secretary of the Board .....		8 00
	Balance .....		\$37 70
REPAIRS AND RENEWALS OF WATER AND STEAM PIPES AND APPENDAGES.			
June 2	By State Treasurer .....		\$1,000 00
Sept. 30	To balance .....	\$1,000 00	
IRON STAIRS.			
May 1	By State Treasurer .....		\$400 00
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$313 07	
Sept. 30	To current expense to balance .....	86 93	
		\$400 00	\$400 00
PAINTING AND REPAIRS.			
June 2	By State Treasurer .....		\$1,000 00
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$90 70	
Sept. 30	To balance .....	909 30	
		\$1,000 00	\$1,000 00
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$909 30
	Outstanding warrants, as reported by the Secretary of the Board .....		205 34
	Balance .....		\$703 96

*Treasurer's Report.*

## NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance.....		\$21,648 02
Oct. 7	By J. Butler, steward, bal. from last year.....		1,741 23
1882.			
Sep. 30	By State Treasurer to date.....		87,205 16
Sep. 30	By Steward to date.....		5,940 49
Sep. 30	By storm windows, balance.....		08
Sep. 30	By dry room, balance.....		48
Sep. 30	By weigh scales, balance.....		04
Sep. 30	By new pipe, balance.....		1 59
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date.....	\$107,294 90	
Sep. 30	To balance.....	9,242 19	
		\$116,537 09	\$116,537 09
Oct. 1	By balance.....		\$9,242 19
Oct. 1	Outstanding warrants as reported by the Secretary of the Board.....		7,225 85
	Balance.....		\$2,016 34
BOARDING HOUSE.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance.....		783 71
1882.			
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date.....	\$301 17	
Sep. 30	To balance.....	482 54	
		\$783 71	\$783 71
1882.			
Oct. 1	By balance.....		\$482 54
STORM WINDOWS.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance.....		08
1882.			
Sep. 30	To current expense to balance.....	08	
DRY ROOM.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance.....		48
1882.			
Sep. 30	To current expense to balance.....	48	
WEIGH SCALES.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance.....		04
1882.			
Sep. 30	To current expense to balance.....	04	
NEW PIPE.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance.....		\$1 59
1882.			
Sep. 30	To current expense to balance.....	\$1 59	

*Treasurer's Report.*

## NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE—continued.

PUMP AND FIXTURES.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	To over-draft.....	\$14 37	.....
Oct. 3	By state treasurer.....		\$1,648 58
1882.			
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date.....	1,605 81	.....
Sep. 30	To fire main and hydrants .. .	15 15	.....
Sep. 30	To balance .....	13 25	.....
		<u>\$1,648 58</u>	<u>\$1,648 58</u>
1882.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$13 25
	Outstanding warrants as reported by the Secretary of the Board.....	\$13 25	.....
FIRE MAIN AND HYDRANTS.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance.....		\$172 30
1882.			
Sep. 30	By State Treasurer to date .....		1,419 48
Sep. 30	By pump and fixtures.....		15 15
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date .. .	732 83	.....
Sep. 30	To balance .....	874 10	.....
		<u>\$1,606 93</u>	<u>\$1,606 93</u>
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$874 10
	Outstanding warrants as reported by the Secretary of the Board.....		275 19
	Balance .....		<u>\$598 91</u>
PAINTING AND REPAIRS.			
May 1	By State Treasurer.....		\$1,000 00
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date.....	\$384 44	.....
Sep. 30	To balance .....	615 56	.....
		<u>\$1,000 00</u>	<u>\$1,000 00</u>
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$615 56
	Outstanding warrants as reported by the Secretary of the Board.....		133 89
	Balance .....		<u>\$482 17</u>
FIRE HOSE.			
Sep. 30	By State Treasurer to date .....		\$2,000 00
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date... ..	\$1,569 50	.....
Sep. 30	To balance .....	430 50	.....
		<u>\$2,000 00</u>	<u>\$2,000 00</u>
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$430 50

*Treasurer's Report.*

## NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE—continued.

REMOVING COAL SHED AND BUILDING CARPENTER SHOP.			
1882.			
July 1	By State Treasurer.....		\$2,000 00
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date.....	\$428 85	
Sept. 30	To balance.....	1,571 14	
		<u>\$2,000 00</u>	<u>\$2,000 00</u>
Oct. 1	By balance.....		\$1,571 14
Oct. 1	Outstanding warrants as reported by the Secretary of the Board.....		476 62
Oct. 1	Balance.....		<u>\$1,094 52</u>
CONVERTING OLD CHAPEL INTO ROOMS AND FURNISHING SAME FOR PATIENTS.			
Aug. 2	By State Treasurer.....		\$2,000 00
Sept. 30	By warrants paid to date.....	\$117 75	
Sept. 30	Balance.....	1,882 25	
		<u>\$2,000 00</u>	<u>\$2,000 00</u>
Oct. 1	Balance.....		\$1,882 25
Oct. 1	Outstanding warrants, as reported by the Secretary of the Board.....	\$2,220 38	
Oct. 1	To overdraft.....	\$338 13	

## INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE BLIND.

CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance.....		\$2,041 50
1882.			
Sept. 30	By State Treasurer to date.....		18,076 12
Sept. 30	By Steward to date.....		813 58
Sept. 30	By improvement fund, balance.....		8 15
Sept. 30	By ice house fund, balance.....		4 41
Sept. 30	By coal vault and painting, balance.....		10 36
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date.....	19,202 92	
Sept. 30	To balance.....	1,751 20	
		<u>\$20,954 12</u>	<u>\$20,954 12</u>
Oct. 1	Balance.....		\$1,751 20
Oct. 1	Outstanding warrants, as reported by the Secretary of the Board.....		1,091 78
Oct. 1	Balance.....		<u>\$659 42</u>

*Treasurer's Report.*

## INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE BLIND—continued.

IMPROVEMENT FUND.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	Balance .....		\$8 15
1882.			
Sept. 30	To current expense fund to balance .....	\$8 15	
ICE HOUSE FUND.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	Balance .....		\$18 41
1882.			
Sept. 30	To warrants to date .....	\$9 00	
	To current expense to balance .....	4 41	
	COAL VAULT AND PAINTING.	\$13 41	\$13 41
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$108 84
1882.			
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$98 48	
Sept. 30	To current expense to balance .....	10 36	
		\$108 84	\$108 84
PAYMENT DEBT TO STATE PRISON.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$123 42
	To warrant paid .....	\$123 42	

## INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB.

CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$4,185 22
Oct. 7	By R. A. Gates, steward, balance last year .....		124 11
1882.			
Sept. 30	By State Treasurer to date .....		32,110 10
Sept. 30	By steward to date .....		2,969 05
Sept. 30	By printing press, balance .....		73 78
Sept. 30	By refrigerator, balance .....		21 98
Sept. 30	By rotary oven, balance .....		43 69
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$34,687 37	
Sept. 30	To balance .....	4,840 56	
		\$39,527 93	\$39,527 93
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$4,840 56
	Outstanding warrants, as reported by the Secretary of the Board .....		2,888 99
			\$1,951 57
ARCHITECTS' FEES, ETC.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$212 54
1882.			
Oct. 1	To balance .....	\$212 54	

*Treasurer's Report.*

## INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB—continued.

1881.	REFRIGERATOR FUND.		
Oct. 1	By balance.....		\$867 77
1882.			
Feb. 2	By State Treasurer.....		800 00
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date.....	\$1,640 54	
Sep. 30	To current expense to balance.....	21 98	
Sep. 30	To balance.....	5 25	
		\$1,667 77	\$1,667 77
1882.			
Oct. 1	By balance.....		\$5 25
	Outstanding warrants as reported by the Secretary of the Board.....	\$5 25	
1881.	ROTARY OVEN FUND.		
Oct. 1	By balance ....		\$115 19
	Sales of materials from steward .....		75
1882.			
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date.....	72 25	
Sep. 30	To current expense to balance.....	43 69	
		\$115 94	\$115 94
1882.	PAINTING AND REPAIRS.		
June 2	By State Treasurer.....		\$800 00
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date.....	\$390 66	
Sep. 30	To balance .....	409 34	
		\$800 00	\$800 00
1882.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$409 34
	Outstanding warrants to be paid by the Secretary of the Board.....		91 58
			\$317 81
1881.	PRINTING PRESS.		
Oct. 3	By State Treasurer.....		\$500 00
1882.		\$426 22	
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date .....		
Sep. 30	To current expense to balance.....	73 78	
		\$500 00	\$500 00
1882.	BUILDING WATER OR EARTH CLOSETS.		
Sep. 1	By State Treasurer. . .		\$300 00
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date ....	38 25	
Sep. 30	To balance .....	261 75	
		\$300 00	\$300 00
1882.			
ct. 1	By balance .....		\$261 75
	Outstanding warrants as reported by the Secretary of the Board .....		221 74
	Balance .....		\$40 01



*Treasurer's Report.*

## INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....	\$18,693 80	
1882.	By State Treasurer to date .....	43,464 28	
Sep. 30	By Steward to date .....	54,062 51	
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$101,863 87	
Sep. 30	To balance .....	9,356 22	
		<u>\$111,220 09</u>	<u>\$111,220 09</u>
Oct. 1	By balance .....	\$9,856 22	
	Outstanding warrants as reported by the Secretary of the Board .....	7,105 55	
	Balance .....	<u>\$2,250 67</u>	
COMPLETING FAMILY BUILDING, NO. 10.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....	\$1,299 50	
1882.			
Sep. 30	By State Treasurer to date .....	3,000 00	
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$3,737 45	
Sep. 30	To balance .....	562 05	
		<u>\$4,299 50</u>	<u>\$4,299 50</u>
Oct. 1	By balance .....	\$562 05	
	Outstanding warrants as reported by the Secretary of the Board .....	156 00	
	Balance .....	<u>\$406 05</u>	
NEW FENCE.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....	\$400 00	
1882.			
June 2	By State Treasurer .....	400 00	
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$61 47	
Sep. 30	To balance .....	738 53	
		<u>\$800 00</u>	<u>\$800 00</u>
Oct. 1	By balance .....	<u>\$738 53</u>	
PAINT AND OIL.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....	\$417 82	
1882.			
Sep. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$337 34	
Sep. 30	To balance .....	80 48	
		<u>\$417 82</u>	<u>\$417 82</u>
Oct. 1	By balance .....	\$80 48	
	Outstanding warrants as reported by the Secretary of the Board .....	80 48	

*Treasurer's Report.*

## INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS — continued.

WELL AND WATER SUPPLY.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$1,000 00
1882.			
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$1,000 00	
STEAM FIRE ENGINE OR PUMP WITH PIPE AND OTHER NECESSARY APPENDAGES.			
May 1	By State Treasurer .....		\$5,000 00
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$4,980 13	
Sept. 30	To balance .....	19 87	
		\$5,000 00	\$5,000 00
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$19 87
Oct. 1	Outstanding warrants, as reported by the Secretary of the Board .....		19 87
PAINTING AND REPAIRS.			
Sept. 30	By State Treasurer to date .....		\$2,000 00
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	\$771 06	
Sept. 30	To balance .....	\$1,228 94	
		\$2,000 00	\$2,000 00
Oct. 1	Balance .....		\$1,228 94
Oct. 1	Outstanding warrants, as reported by the Secretary of the Board .....		777 34
Oct. 1	Balance .....		\$451 60

## WISCONSIN STATE PRISON.

CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.			
1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$2,786 10
1882.			
Sept. 30	By State Treasurer to date .....		21,799 61
Sept. 30	By Steward for convict labor .....		81,129 30
Sept. 30	By Steward for sundries .....		3,082 23
Sept. 30	To warrants paid to date .....	51,066 74	
Sept. 30	To balance .....	7,730 50	
		\$58,797 24	\$58,797 24
Oct. 1	Balance .....		\$7,730 50
Oct. 1	Outstanding warrants as reported by the Secretary of the Board .....		4,075 81
Oct. 1	Balance .....		\$3,654 69

## Summary of Inventories.

## SUMMARY OF INVENTORIES SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

	State Hospital.	Northern Hospital.	Industrial School for Boys.	Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.	Institution for the Blind.	State Prison.	Totals.
Amusement and instruction .....	\$1,278 25	\$1,961 35	\$1,114 67	\$557 37	\$3,314 95	1,689 25	9,915 84
Armory .....	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	538 00	538 00
Accounts receivable .....	.....	.....	.....	21 58	.....	901 20	933 78
Bills receivable .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,859 55	2,859 55
Barn farm and garden .....	16,178 16	11,967 00	10,030 79	1,055 78	1,257 57	2,245 20	42,784 56
Boot and shoe factory .....	.....	.....	30,496 05	629 38	.....	.....	30,725 43
Clothing .....	1,060 24	1,935 02	2,614 60	455 63	.....	2,564 30	8,629 79
Drugs and medical department .....	464 48	792 95	35 98	.....	4 70	209 53	1,507 64
Engines and boilers .....	17,101 50	19,679 15	1,449 00	4,931 00	613 45	14,176 50	57,950 60
Fire apparatus .....	.....	.....	4,854 00	.....	.....	.....	4,854 00
Furniture .....	15,701 72	10,458 75	4,517 35	8,545 00	2,716 40	36,939 22	36,939 22
Fuel .....	12,855 95	14,000 00	2,629 75	2,925 00	8,418 55	2,174 96	38,004 21
Gas and other lights .....	6 50	1,020 29	3,288 70	625 00	128 15	214 58	5,281 22
House furnishing .....	28,204 23	15,389 08	7,473 84	8,700 86	2,755 95	8,156 56	60,680 05
Laundry .....	8,369 16	1,925 30	717 88	976 98	257 18	290 00	7,536 50
Land in Sioux Falls .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	600 00	600 00
Laboratory .....	3,577 89	1,946 21	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,946 21
Library .....	1,876 83	2,348 50	704 83	748 26	.....	.....	7,379 48
Lumber .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,876 83
Machinery and tools .....	4,621 66	3,216 25	993 17	488 20	203 15	2,915 75	12,438 18
Miscellaneous .....	1,412 80	949 50	25 35	182 75	65 00	178 00	2,763 40
Old stock and materials .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,080 80	1,080 80
Printing, postage and stationery .....	196 21	162 21	179 10	41 35	60 14	58 98	697 99

Summary of Inventories.

Printing office.....	1,916 54	1,891 17	.....	524 01	.....	956 40	.....	226 56	.....	956 40
Repairs and renewals.....	595 50	386 28	.....	.....	.....	659 40	.....	.....	.....	4,998 96
Restraints.....	515,270 38	720,045 05	182,200 00	.....	.....	87,012 45	.....	357,000 00	.....	931 78
Real estate, including buildings, etc.....	3,997 32	2,606 79	2,060 46	.....	.....	1,028 42	161,739 45	.....	2,023,267 33	2,023,267 33
Subsistence.....	665 04	410 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	534 64	747 34	.....	10,974 97
Surgical instruments and appliances.....	.....	.....	2,085 61	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,075 69
Stock factory, tobacco.....	23 60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32 80	.....	2,085 61
Tobacco.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	658 80	.....	.....	56 40
Work departments.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	658 30
Totals.....	\$625,385 01	\$312,541 48	\$257,595 14	\$110,490 31	\$178,001 86	\$898,859 86	\$2,382,873 66	.....	.....	.....

*County Population and Quotas.*

## COUNTY QUOTAS IN HOSPITALS.

*Table showing the quota, or number of patients each county is entitled to have in the State Hospitals for the Insane, based upon the population, as shown by the census of 1880, taking effect January 1, 1883.*

COUNTY.	Popula- tion.	Quota.	COUNTY.	Popula- tion.	Quota.
Adams.....	6,741	6	Lincoln . . . . .	2,011	2
Ashland.....	1,559	2	Manitowoc.....	37,506	34
Barron.....	7,023	6	Marathon.....	17,121	16
Bayfield.....	564	2	Marinette.....	8,929	8
Brown.....	34,090	31	Marquette.....	8,907	8
Buffalo.....	15,528	14	Milwaukee.....		
Burnett.....	3,140	3	Monroe.....	21,606	20
Calumet.....	16,631	15	Oconto.....	9,848	9
Chippewa.....	15,492	14	Outagamie.....	28,716	26
Clark.....	10,715	10	Ozaukee.....	15,462	14
Columbia.....	28,065	26	Pepin.....	6,226	6
Crawford.....	15,644	14	Pierce.....	17,744	16
Dane.....	53,234	48	Polk.....	10,018	9
Dodge.....	45,928	42	Portage.....	17,731	16
Door.....	11,645	11	Price.....	785	2
Douglas.....	655	2	Racine.....	30,921	28
Dunn.....	16,818	15	Richland.....	18,174	17
Eau Claire.....	19,992	18	Rock.....	38,823	35
Florence.....		2	St. Croix.....	18,956	17
Fond du Lac.....	46,855	43	Sauk.....	28,729	26
Grant.....	37,852	34	Shawano.....	10,371	9
Green.....	21,729	20	Sheboygan.....	34,206	31
Green Lake.....	14,481	13	Taylor.....	2,311	2
Iowa.....	23,628	22	Trempealeau.....	17,189	16
Jackson.....	13,285	12	Vernon.....	23,235	21
Jefferson.....	32,155	29	Walworth.....	26,249	24
Juneau.....	15,580	14	Washington.....	23,442	21
Kenosha.....	13,550	12	Waukesha.....	28,967	26
Kewaunee.....	15,806	14	Waupaca.....	20,954	19
La Crosse.....	27,072	25	Waushara.....	12,688	12
La Fayette.....	21,278	19	Winnebago.....	42,741	39
Langlade.....	685	2	Wood.....	8,981	8
Total assigned to counties.....					1,077

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TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

WISCONSIN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

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## RESIDENT OFFICERS.

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*Superintendent* — R. M. WIGGINTON, M. D.

*Assistant Physicians* — S. B. BUCKMASTER, M. D., W. E. FERNALD, M. D.

*Steward* — S. J. M. PUTNAM.

*Assistant Steward* — JOHN E. WEISSERT.

*Matron* — Mrs. M. C. HALLIDAY.

## REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

*To the State Board of Supervision of Wisconsin Charitable,  
Reformatory and Penal Institutions:*

GENTLEMEN—In compliance with the laws governing the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, I herewith present to you the annual report of its operations for the year ending September 30, 1882.

The movement of the population for the fiscal year, ending September 30, 1882, has been as follows:

TABLE NO. 1.  
*Movement of population.*

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Remaining September 30, 1881 .....	243	244	487
Admitted during the year .....	96	73	169
Whole number treated .....	339	317	656
Discharged recovered .....	33	16	49
Discharged improved .....	22	37	59
Discharged unimproved .....	32	24	56
Died .....	12	16	28
Not insane .....	1	.....	1
Whole number discharged .....	100	93	193
Remaining September 30, 1882.....	239	224	463
Daily average under treatment.....	240	229	469

TABLE NO. 2.  
*Admissions and discharges from beginning of Hospital.*

	Male.	Female.	Total.
Admitted.....	1,810	1,613	3,423
Discharged recovered.....	488	453	941
Discharged improved .....	420	351	771
Discharged unimproved.....	418	369	787
Died .....	248	210	458
Not insane .....	2	1	3



*State Hospital.*

TABLE No. 3.

*Number at each age in the year.*

AGE.	WHEN ADMITTED.			WHEN ATTACKED.		
	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Less than 15 years.....	1	0	1	4	2	6
Between 15 and 20 years.....	3	2	5	7	6	13
Between 20 and 30 years.....	24	21	45	22	18	40
Between 30 and 40 years.....	24	8	32	22	17	39
Between 40 and 50 years.....	19	18	37	18	14	32
Between 50 and 60 years.....	10	11	21	5	11	16
Over 60 years.....	11	13	24	7	5	12
Unknown.....	3	0	3	10	0	10
Not insane.....	1	0	1	1	...	1
Totals.....	96	73	169	96	73	169

TABLE No. 4.

*Number at each age from beginning of Hospital.*

AGE.	WHEN ADMITTED.			WHEN ATTACKED.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Less than 15 years.....	11	15	26	42	35	77
Between 15 and 20.....	95	87	182	156	139	295
Between 20 and 30.....	574	491	1,065	535	524	1,059
Between 30 and 40.....	397	425	822	373	393	766
Between 40 and 50.....	376	309	685	325	265	590
Between 50 and 60.....	204	176	380	164	130	294
Over 60 years.....	144	104	248	91	62	153
Unknown.....	7	5	12	122	64	186
Not insane.....	2	1	3	2	0	3
Totals.....	1,810	1,613	3,423	1,810	1,613	3,423

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE No. 5.

*Nativity of patients admitted.*

NATIVITY.	Within the year.	From the beginning.	NATIVITY.	Within the year.	From the beginning.
Austria .....		4	Indiana .....	1	26
Bavaria .....		11	Iowa .....		5
Belgium .....		1	Kentucky .....		11
Bohemia .....	2	38	Maine .....	2	55
Canada .....	3	81	Massachusetts .....	3	58
Cuba .....		2	Maryland .....		8
Denmark .....	2	25	Michigan .....		23
England .....	10	169	Missouri .....		4
France .....		8	Minnesota .....		4
Germany .....	23	548	New Hampshire .....		45
Holland .....		1	New Jersey .....	1	15
Ireland .....	14	362	New York .....	21	519
Isle of Man .....		2	North Carolina .....	1	8
Isle of Wight .....		1	Ohio .....	1	108
New Brunswick .....		8	Pennsylvania .....	4	105
Norway .....	23	278	Rhode Island .....		5
Nova Scotia .....		12	South Carolina .....		4
Poland .....		9	Tennessee .....		3
Sweden .....	7	39	Vermont .....	2	74
Switzerland .....	2	43	Virginia .....		10
Scotland .....	1	38	Wisconsin .....	39	427
Wales .....		39	On ocean .....		2
Alabama .....		2	United States .....		6
Connecticut .....	1	48	Unknown .....	4	110
Illinois .....	2	34	Italy .....		1
Total .....				169	3,423

*State Hospital.*

TABLE NO. 6.

*Residence of patients admitted.*

RESIDENCE.	Whole num- ber ad- mitted.	Remaining.	RESIDENCE.	Whole num- ber ad- mitted.	Remaining.
Adams . . . . .	18	4	Marathon . . . . .	3	.....
Barron . . . . .	7	5	Marquette . . . . .	12	.....
Brown . . . . .	25	.....	Milwaukee . . . . .	223	.....
Buffalo . . . . .	35	11	Minnesota . . . . .	1	1
Burnett . . . . .	8	4	Monroe . . . . .	50	14
Calumett . . . . .	12	.....	Oconto . . . . .	14	.....
Chippewa . . . . .	35	5	Outagamie . . . . .	20	.....
Clark . . . . .	7	.....	Ozaukee . . . . .	22	.....
Columbia . . . . .	143	19	Pepin . . . . .	16	5
Crawford . . . . .	52	12	Pierce . . . . .	42	15
Dane . . . . .	366	37	Polk . . . . .	35	8
Dodge . . . . .	75	.....	Portage . . . . .	17	1
Door . . . . .	4	.....	Racine . . . . .	70	.....
Douglas . . . . .	1	1	Richland . . . . .	54	13
Dunn . . . . .	60	14	Rock . . . . .	215	12
Eau Claire . . . . .	65	21	St. Croix . . . . .	44	12
Fond du Lac . . . . .	84	.....	Sauk . . . . .	114	16
Grant . . . . .	197	34	Shawano . . . . .	3	.....
Green . . . . .	107	13	Sheboygan . . . . .	35	.....
Green Lake . . . . .	19	.....	Trempealeau . . . . .	51	17
Iowa . . . . .	147	23	Vernon . . . . .	53	18
Jackson . . . . .	32	12	Walworth . . . . .	129	16
Jefferson . . . . .	115	20	Washington . . . . .	32	.....
Juneau . . . . .	54	13	Waukesha . . . . .	98	.....
Kenosha . . . . .	37	.....	Waupaca . . . . .	19	.....
Kewaunee . . . . .	3	.....	Waushara . . . . .	8	.....
La Crosse . . . . .	109	19	Winnebago . . . . .	47	.....
La Fayette . . . . .	93	23	Wood . . . . .	4	.....
Manitowoc . . . . .	36	.....	State at large . . . . .	45	25
Missouri . . . . .	1	.....			
Total . . . . .				3,423	463

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE No. 7.

*Civil condition of those admitted.*

CONDITION.	IN THE YEAR.			FROM THE BEGINNING.		
	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Single .....	50	23	73	927	474	1,401
Married . . . . .	37	39	76	754	949	1,703
Widowed .....	5	10	15	65	156	221
Divorced .....	1	1	2	8	18	26
Unknown.....	3	.....	3	56	16	72
Total .....	96	73	169	1,810	1,613	3,423

TABLE No. 8.

*Duration of insanity before entrance of those admitted.*

DURATION.	IN THE YEAR.			FROM THE BEGINNING.		
	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Less than 3 months.....	25	17	42	540	418	958
Between 3 and 6 months .....	8	6	14	187	200	387
Between 6 and 12 months.....	7	8	15	192	213	405
Between 1 and 2 years.....	9	6	15	204	163	372
Between 2 and 3 years.....	5	9	14	111	109	220
Between 3 and 5 years .....	8	7	15	121	120	241
Between 5 and 10 years.....	5	11	16	112	143	255
Between 10 and 20 years.....	11	7	18	73	80	153
Between 20 and 30 years.....	.....	1	1	14	14	28
Over 30 years .....	.....	1	1	3	5	8
Unknown.....	17	.....	17	251	142	393
Not insane.....	1	.....	1	2	1	3
Total .....	96	73	169	1,810	1,613	3,423

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TABLE No. 9.

*[Recovered of those attacked at the several ages, from the beginning.]*

AGE WHEN AT- TACKED.	NUMBER ADMIT- TED.			NUMBER RE- COVERED.			PER CENT. RECOV- ERED		
	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Less than 15 years ...	42	35	77	2	8	10	4.76	22.89	13.83
Bet. 15 and 20 years..	156	139	295	55	52	107	35.26	37.41	36.33
Bet. 20 and 30 years..	535	524	1,059	149	167	316	27.87	31.87	29.82
Bet. 30 and 40 years..	373	393	766	118	95	213	31.64	26.79	29.22
Bet. 40 and 50 years..	325	265	590	85	71	156	26.15	26.80	26.47
Bet. 50 and 60 years..	164	130	294	42	33	75	25.61	25.39	25.50
Over 60 years.....	91	62	153	34	23	57	37.36	37.10	37.23
Unknown ...	122	64	186	3	4	7	2.46	6.25	4.85
Not insane .....	2	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total .....	1,810	1,613	3,423	488	453	941	27.00	27.60	27.30

TABLE No. 10.

*Recovered after various durations of disease before treatment, from the beginning.*

DURATION OF DIS- EASE BEFORE AD- MISSION.	NUMBER ADMIT- TED.			NUMBER RE- COVERED.			PER CENT. RECOV- ERED.		
	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	F	Total.
Less than 3 months ..	540	418	958	240	205	445	44.44	44.04	44.24
Bet. 3 and 6 months..	187	200	387	75	79	154	40.11	39.50	39.80
Bet. 6 and 12 months..	192	213	405	46	58	104	24.00	26.29	25.15
Bet. 1 and 2 years....	204	168	372	30	33	63	14.71	20.00	17.35
Bet. 2 and 3 years....	111	109	220	17	13	30	15.31	11.91	13.61
Bet. 3 and 5 years....	121	120	241	10	21	31	8.27	18.31	13.29
Bet. 5 and 10 years....	112	143	255	5	8	13	4.46	5.59	5.01
Bet. 10 and 20 years..	73	80	153	5	4	9	6.85	5.00	5.92
Bet. 20 and 30 years..	14	14	28	...	...	...	...	...	...
Over 30 years .....	3	5	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Unknown .....	251	142	393	60	32	92	23.90	22.52	23.21
Not insane .....	2	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total .....	1,810	1,613	3,423	488	453	941	27.00	27.60	27.30

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE No. 11.

*Duration of treatment of those recovered, from the beginning.*

DURATION OF TREATMENT.	NUMBER RECOVERED.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Less than 3 months .....	145	74	219
Between 3 and 6 months .....	146	146	292
Between 6 and 12 months .....	124	143	267
Between 1 and 2 years .....	54	63	117
Between 2 and 3 years .....	10	19	29
Between 3 and 5 years .....	7	7	14
Between 5 and 10 years .....	2	1	3
Total .....	488	453	941
Average duration of treatment — months .....	7¼	9½	8½

TABLE No. 12.

*Whole duration of disease of those recovered, from the beginning.*

DURATION OF DISEASE.	NUMBER RECOVERED.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Less than 3 months .....	47	15	62
Between 3 and 6 months .....	93	75	168
Between 6 and 12 months .....	136	143	279
Between 1 and 2 years .....	93	107	200
Between 2 and 3 years .....	27	31	58
Between 3 and 5 years .....	20	26	46
Between 5 and 10 years .....	8	19	27
Between 10 and 20 years .....	4	3	7
Between 20 and 30 years .....	1	2	3
Unknown .....	59	32	91
Total .....	488	453	941
Average duration of disease — months .....	14¼	19½	16¾

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TABLE NO. 13.

*Number of deaths from the beginning, and the causes.*

CAUSES.	IN THE YEAR.			FROM BEGINNING.		
	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Bony tumor of brain.....					1	1
Cerebro-spinal meningitis .....					1	1
Chlorosis .....					5	5
Chronic diarrhœa ...				2	1	3
Cystitis.....				2		2
Cyanche maligna .....				1		1
Cancer .....				2	1	3
Cerebral hemorrhage....	3		3	12	6	18
Chronic pleurisy....				1		1
Dysentery .....				5	3	8
Dropsy .....				2		2
Exhaustion from chronic mania...				36	57	93
Exhaustion from acute mania...		2	2	26	17	43
Exhaustion from melancholia....		1	1	8	13	21
Epilepsy.....		1	1	19	10	29
Fracture of skull.....				1		1
Gastritis .....					1	1
Gastro-enteritis .....		1	1	2	2	4
Gangrene of lung.....					1	1
General paresis .....	3	2	5	41	3	44
Inanition .....				1	2	3
Intemperance .....				1		1
Marasmus .....	2	4	6	32	22	54
Nephritis, acute .....					1	1
Organic disease of brain .....		1	1	7	4	11
Osteo-sarcoma .....				1		1
Phthisis pulmonalis.....		1	1	16	37	53
Purpura hemorrhagica .....				2		2
Puerperal mania .....					1	1
Phlegmonous erysipelas.....				1		1
Pneumonia .....				5	6	11
Peritonitis .....				3	1	4
Suicide .....				8	5	13
Septicæmia .....	2		2	2		2
Typhoid fever.....				3	6	9
Valvular disease of heart.....	2	3	5	6	3	9
Total .....	12	16	28	248	210	458

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE NO. 14.

*Age at death.*

AGES.	IN THE YEAR.			FROM THE BE- GINNING.		
	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Less than 15 years.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Between 15 and 20 years.....	.....	.....	.....	9	4	13
Between 20 and 30 years.....	2	2	4	47	42	89
Between 30 and 40 years.....	1	2	3	51	44	95
Between 40 and 50 years.....	2	6	8	53	52	105
Between 50 and 60 years.....	3	2	5	42	31	73
Between 60 and 70 years.....	.....	2	2	27	23	50
Over 70 years .....	4	2	6	19	13	32
Total .....	12	16	28	248	210	458

TABLE NO. 15.

*Ratio of death for eleven years.*

YEAR.	RESIDENT DAILY AVERAGE.			NUMBER DIED.			PER CENT. DIED.		
	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.
1872.....	177	188	365	11	14	25	6.20	7.44	6.85
1873.....	161	168	329	9	13	22	5.59	7.73	6.68
1874.....	166	171	337	12	12	24	7.23	7.01	7.12
1875.....	186	178	364	9	11	20	4.83	6.18	5.76
1876.....	175	159	334	10	10	20	5.71	6.28	5.98
1877.....	186	184	370	17	11	28	9.14	5.98	7.52
1878.....	193	187	379	18	12	30	9.37	6.36	7.92
1879.....	210	214	424	9	7	16	4.28	3.28	3.77
1880.....	273	277	550	19	16	35	6.95	5.77	6.37
1881.....	285	281	566	19	14	33	6.66	4.98	5.83
1882.....	240	229	469	12	16	28	5.00	7.00	6.00
Gen. Av. '72-'82	205	203	408	13	12	25	6.34	5.91	6.12



*State Hospital.*

TABLE No. 16.

*Attributed cause of insanity in 1,255 cases — 1876 to 1883 inclusive.*

ATTRIBUTED CAUSE OF INSANITY.	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Childbirth .....		43	43
Change of life .....		12	12
Chorea .....		2	2
Cerebral anæmia .....		1	1
Cerebral hemorrhage .....	3		3
Cerebral softening .....	1		1
Cerebral congestion .....	1		1
Diphtheria .....		1	1
Debility .....	2	7	9
Domestic trouble .....	12	23	35
Disappointment .....	4	2	6
Epilepsy .....	24	12	36
Fever .....	1	2	3
Fever, typhoid .....		1	1
Fright .....	3	6	9
Grief .....	8	16	24
Heredity .....	175	161	336
Heredity with childbirth .....		4	4
Heredity with miscarriage .....		1	1
Heredity with injury of head .....	4	1	5
Heredity with typhoid fever .....	1		1
Heredity with change of life .....		2	2
Heredity with domestic trouble .....	1	1	2
Heredity with old age .....		1	1
Heredity with poverty .....	1		1
Heredity with uterine disease .....		2	2
Heredity with intemperance .....	5	2	7
Heredity with epilepsy .....	1	1	2
Heart and arteries, disease of .....	1		1
Intemperance .....	42	4	46
Injury of head .....	18	7	25
Idiocy .....	3		3
Infantile cerebral disease .....		1	1
Locomotor ataxia .....	1		1
Masturbation .....	39	2	41
Menstrual derangement .....		5	5
Meningitis .....	4	2	6
Old age .....	7	3	10
Overwork .....	9	6	15
Privation .....	2	2	4
Pecuniary embarrassment .....	12	2	14
Prostration, nervous .....		3	3
Religious excitement .....	13	13	26
Rheumatism .....	3		3
Sexual excess .....	1		1
Struck by lightning .....	1		1
Sun struck .....	11	1	12

*Superintendent's Report.*TABLE No. 16.—*Attributed cause of insanity in 1,255 cases—1876 to 1882 inclusive—continued.*

ATTRIBUTED CAUSE OF INSANITY.	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Syphilis.....	1	3	4
Tuberculosis.....	1	..	1
Uterine disease.....	..	12	12
Unknown.....	263	195	458
Worry and anxiety.....	1	3	4
Not insane.....	2	1	3
Malaria.....	..	1	1
Total.....	683	572	1,255

TABLE No. 17.

*Form of insanity in 1,255 cases—1876 to 1882 inclusive.*

FORM OF INSANITY.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Dementia, acute.....	..	3	3
Dementia, chronic.....	85	43	128
Dementia, senile.....	8	8	16
Dipsomania,.....	7	1	8
General paresis.....	4	1	5
Hysteria.....	..	14	14
Idiocy.....	4	1	5
Mania, acute.....	160	110	270
Mania, sub acute.....	29	19	48
Mania, chronic.....	99	107	206
Mania, epileptic.....	19	9	28
Mania, puerperal.....	..	27	27
Mania, recurrent.....	19	19	38
Melancholia, acute.....	219	167	386
Melancholia, recurrent.....	10	13	23
Melancholia, chronic.....	19	30	49
Not insane.....	1	..	1
Total.....	683	572	1,255

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TABLE No. 18.

Showing the Statistics of the Hospital from July 14, 1860, to September 30, 1882, (Hospital year ending September 30), each year.

	1860.	1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	Totals
Males admitted .....	23	50	49	62	59	44	57	56	95	109	83	81	92	113	73	82	99	61	90	103	125	109	96	1,810
Females admitted .....	22	56	40	61	53	43	38	58	80	100	86	93	74	80	70	78	82	83	58	111	90	75	73	1,613
Whole number admitted .....	45	106	89	123	112	87	95	114	175	209	169	174	166	193	143	160	181	144	148	214	215	184	169	3,423
Whole number treated .....	45	47	192	254	300	257	272	284	355	455	532	524	521	585	457	507	557	498	530	607	723	770	656	.....
Males discharged .....	23	33	44	64	34	50	61	51	58	92	83	83	83	148	44	70	98	62	76	54	84	159	100	1,571
Females discharged .....	4	21	28	22	66	46	42	53	58	85	80	86	65	123	66	62	101	54	61	46	53	124	93	1,389
Whole number discharged .....	4	44	61	66	130	80	92	114	109	93	172	169	148	271	110	132	199	116	137	100	137	283	193	2,960
Males recovered .....	13	12	24	23	16	19	30	25	32	31	23	33	21	11	16	19	21	14	21	23	28	33	488	.....
Females recovered .....	1	6	13	13	33	17	23	19	30	21	22	31	27	18	20	16	15	24	21	16	19	32	16	453
Whole number recovered .....	1	19	25	37	56	33	42	49	55	53	53	54	60	39	31	32	34	45	35	37	42	60	49	941
Males died .....	3	14	8	9	7	6	7	7	8	18	14	11	9	12	11	10	17	18	9	19	19	12	248	.....
Females died .....	1	7	7	1	8	6	1	8	5	14	15	14	13	12	9	10	11	12	7	16	14	16	210	.....
Whole number died .....	1	10	21	9	17	13	7	10	15	13	32	29	25	22	24	20	20	28	30	16	35	33	23	458
Whole number improved .....	1	8	8	16	21	25	20	33	82	14	41	52	36	76	32	53	40	21	36	36	47	65	59	772
Whole number unimproved .....	1	7	7	4	36	9	13	22	7	13	46	34	37	134	23	27	105	21	26	11	13	125	56	787
Whole No. remaining at end of year	41	103	131	188	170	177	80	185	246	394	360	355	373	314	347	375	355	383	393	507	586	487	463	.....
Not insane .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Daily average each year .....	90	117	162	187	179	181	185	203	310	362	359	365	329	337	364	334	370	379	425	550	566	469	.....	.....

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TABLE No. 19.

ADMITTED THIS YEAR.				CONDITION AT LAST DISCHARGE.											
Number of Previous Attacks.	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Recovered.			Improved.			Unimproved.			Unknown. (Not in this hospital.)	Percent on ad- missions on ad- year.	
				Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.			
One previous attack .....	14	13	27	4	2	6		1	1		2	1	3	17	16
Two previous attacks .....	2	3	5	1	1	2								3	3
Three previous attacks .....															
Four previous attacks .....	1		1					1	1						
Five previous attacks .....	1		1	1		1									
Six previous attacks .....		1	1						1	1					
Totals.....	18	17	35	6	3	9		1	2	3	2	1	3	20	21

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TABLE No. 20.

DISCHARGED THIS YEAR.				CONDITION AT LAST DISCHARGE.												
Number of Previous Attacks.	Male.		Fem.	Total.	Recovered.			Improved.			Unimproved.			Unknown. (Not in this hospital.)		
	Male	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.	
One previous attack.....	20	14	34	11	8	19	3	...	3	1	3	4	5	8	8	
Two previous attacks.....	5	4	9	4	2	6	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	
Three previous attacks ..	2	3	5	...	...	...	1	1	2	1	1	2	...	1	1	
Four previous attacks ..	...	2	2	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Many previous attacks...	4	7	11	1	2	3	1	1	2	...	2	2	2	2	4	
Totals .....	31	30	61	16	13	29	5	4	9	2	7	9	8	6	14	

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TABLE. No 21.

*Occupation of patients, daily average for the year.*

## MALES.

Working on farm, garden and barn.....	34	Assisting cook .....	3
Working at laundry.....	9	Assisting dairyman .....	2
Working at engine house.....	9	Assisting gas man .....	1
Assisting porter.....	2	Assisting on wards.....	59
Assisting mason.....	2	Assisting at other work.....	9
Assisting carpenters.....	2		
Assisting baker .....	2	Total .....	134

## FEMALES.

Assisting at laundry.....	27	Preparing vegetables .....	27
Assisting at sewing room.....	25	Assisting in dining room .....	1
Assisting in wards .....	68		
Mending, knitting.....	42	Total .....	200
Working on showcase .....	10		

TABLE No. 22.

*Number of articles made in matron's department for the year.*

Dresses .....	607	Roller towels.....	155
Skirts.....	386	Hand towels.....	152
Nightgowns .....	285	Dish towels.....	334
Chemises .....	442	Strong suits.....	58
Ladies' drawers.....	512	Cotton flannel under wraps ..	201
Striped shirts, men.....	384	Cambric ties .....	118
Cotton flannel shirts, men....	92	Collars .....	24
Cotton flannel drawers, men...	191	Handkerchiefs .....	24
Men's mittens.....	120	Sunbonnets .....	94
Suspenders.....	200	Aprons .....	275
Straw hats trimmed .....	36	Table cloths.....	74
Hair mattresses .....	92	Table napkins.....	119
Hair pillows.....	12	Quilts.....	3
Straw ticks.....	30	Carpets .....	3
Sheets .....	561	Window curtains.....	9
Pillow slips.....	659	Holders.....	86
Total.....			6,840

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TABLE No. 23.

*Contributions from the public press.*

Appleton Crescent.	Monroe Sentinel.
Appleton Volksfreund.	Manitowoc Northwestern.
Badger State Banner.	Mazomanie Sickle.
Black Earth Advertiser.	Milton Express.
Black River Falls Independent.	Minneapolis Boddstiken.
Baraboo Bulletin.	Milwaukee Columbia.
Boscobel Dial.	Milwaukee Herold.
Brandon Times.	Milwaukee Seebote.
Buffalo County Journal.	Milwaukee Volksfreund.
Buffalo Republican.	Milwaukee Germania.
Burlington Standard.	Minneapolis Volksblatt.
Beloit Outlook.	Neilsville Republican.
Chicago Femula Ock Aya.	Oconomowoc Local.
Chicago Norden.	Oconomowoc Weekly.
Chicago Skandinavian.	Oconomowoc Free Press.
Chicago Svenski.	Pepin County Courier.
Chicago Verdungang.	Pierce County Herald.
Clinton Herald.	Polk County Press.
Colby Poonograph.	Prairie du Sac News.
Delavan Times.	Prescott Plain Dealer.
Dodgeville Chronicle.	Prairie du Chien Courier.
Eau Claire Free Press.	Reedsburg Free Press.
Eau Claire Anzeiger.	Reedsburg Herald.
Evansville Review.	Ripon Free Press.
Fond du Lac Journal.	Rock County Recorder.
Fox Lake Representative.	River Falls Journal.
Green Bay Concordia.	Sheboygan Tribune.
Hudson True Republican.	Steven's Point Democrat.
Janesville Gazette.	Sparta Democrat.
Juneau County Argus.	Tomah Star.
Juneau Telephone.	Trempealeau Republican.
Jefferson County Independent.	University Press.
La Crosse Republican.	Viroqua Leader.
La Crosse Emigranten.	Whitewater Republican.
Lake Geneva Herald.	Washington County Republican.
Lodi Valley News.	Watertown Weltburger.
Madison Tri-Weekly Journal.	Watertown Republican.
Madison Staats Zeitung.	Watertown Democrat.
Mauston Star.	Watertown Gazette.
Marinette Eagle.	Waukesha Freeman.
Merillan Leader.	Waupaca County Republican.
Nordens Ganz.	White Hall Times.
Banner and Volksfreund.	Wonewoc Reporter.
Mineral Point Tribune.	Wonewoc Mocking Bird.

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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I am glad to be able to state that the hospital has been unusually healthy during the past year, the greater part of the time almost the entire household being out on the grounds and employed in the different departments of the institution.

During suitable weather it is a very common thing to go through the wards and find not to exceed five or six of the entire population within doors. In a large hospital, an accumulation of old and feeble patients takes place, and a few cases of sickness from time to time, must, of course, be expected. This has been the case with us. On the female side of the house there have been, during the year, ten light cases of erysipelas. All of these belonged to the asthenic or low type, suffering from a depressed state of the vital organs. A few mild cases of malaria have also occurred.

There has been no serious sickness and no death among the employes, although the daily average of their number has been over one hundred. Neither have there been any suicides, homicides, or serious accidents. When the dangerous tendencies of a large proportion of our population is considered, this exemption from casualties is rather a source of surprise. Constant care and vigilance are the only preventives.

Table No. 1 gives a general synopsis of the results of the year's operations.

Table No. 2 gives a synopsis of the results from the opening of the hospital in July, 1860, up to the present time.

Table No. 3 has very little significance, as the time is too short to be relied upon as an index.

Table No. 4 gives the ages when admitted, and also when attacked, from the beginning of the hospital. It will be noticed that a larger number are admitted and attacked between the ages of twenty and thirty than for any other like period, and in the admitted the male sex predominates largely.

Between the age of thirty and forty there are more females admitted; then again, between the ages of forty and fifty the males predominate, and continue so to do on down. These are curious facts; but the statistics of this table are not necessarily borne out in other states or other countries, different causes often operating to



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*State Hospital.*

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produce different results. Why a larger number are admitted between the ages of twenty and thirty can be readily explained. At this age a rapid change takes place in the system. A stride, as it were, is taken from childhood to manhood and womanhood. All the perceptive faculties are keen, and the emotions at a high tension. The judgment is not sound. Conclusions are jumped at; grave mistakes are made, and often a sad repentance follows. It is an age full of hope and disappointment. That more males are admitted during this period is due largely to the fact that the accidents and temptations of life are greater in this sex; and at this period more single men than single women become insane. Between the ages of thirty and forty this order of things is reversed. During this period more females are admitted. The explanation here is that the dangers of married life are much greater with the female than with the male. Then again, between the ages of forty and fifty we see this order of things reversed. After the fruitful period of the woman has passed a greater immunity from disease prevails, and the odds are in her favor,—the greater number appearing in the male column. At the age of sixty the odds are largely in her favor, the work and worry of life in the male leading to premature decay.

Table No. 5 gives the place of birth of all those admitted to the Hospital; but, as the parentage is not given, it is absolutely correct only as applied to those of foreign birth. It is fair to calculate on from one-half to two-thirds of the American born as coming directly of foreign parentage.

This would give a large preponderance on the foreign side. But only as compared with the different nationalities of the several counties, can we get at anything like a correct understanding of the subject.

Table No. 6 is not so instructive as it would have been had the hospital districts not been changed from time to time. However, a few of the counties that have not been changed may be compared with each other. Dane, with a population of 53,234, has sent to the hospital 366, while Columbia, with a population of 28,001, has sent but 143; Grant, with a population of 37,852, has sent to the

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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hospital 197, while Juneau, with a population of 15,580, has sent but 54; Iowa, with a population of 23,628, has sent to the hospital 147, while Green, with a population of 21,729, has sent but 107; Rock, with a population of 38,823, has sent to the hospital 215, while Sauk, with a population of 28,729, has sent but 114.

The principal reason for these differences may be had by a careful study of the nationalities, pursuits, etc., of the population of the different counties.

Table No. 7 exhibits two marked facts, namely: that celibacy in the male predisposes to insanity, while the converse is true with the opposite sex; and that married life in females tends toward insanity, while in the male sex the opposite is true. This is easily accounted for. The accidents, excesses and dissipations of life in the male sex are much greater in the unmarried state, while in the female sex the cares and conditions of maternity will have the same effect. In the widowed and divorced states we see an excess in the female column. It is hardly necessary to state why this is so, the causes are so apparent.

Table No. 9 shows that there is a larger number admitted between the ages of twenty and thirty than at any other like period. But what seems a little curious at first is the fact that a greater per cent. of recoveries takes place between the ages of fifteen and twenty, and after the age of sixty, than at other periods. This is probably due to the immaturity of youth, and the weakened vital organs of the aged being acted upon easily by trivial causes, from which they soon recover when the organs are restored to health.

Table No. 10 is a very instructive one, showing plainly the necessity for early treatment. Where hospital treatment began less than three months after the attack, nearly 50 per cent. have recovered. After this the per cent. gradually decreases, until only  $4\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. is reached where the attack began between ten and twenty years before treatment. Of the total admissions, it will be noticed that less than  $27\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. recover. This is not a very flattering picture, when we reflect that a large number of these are again readmitted — some even several times, and finally never to recover.

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*State Hospital.*

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Another reason pressing the necessity for early treatment is in the fact that these cases are not so often readmitted.

Table No. 11 shows that the great majority of the recoveries take place before twelve months' treatment has expired. The tables do not show it, but by a careful study of the individual recoveries as represented in the upper three columns of tables No. 10 and 11, it will be seen that the large majority of the recoveries indicated in the first three columns of table No. 11 have come from those admissions which took place within one year of the attack, as shown by table No. 10. This can only be understood by a study of the cases as they occur in our case-books, and are not shown by a comparison of the two tables.

Table No. 12 exhibits the number recovered for the various lengths of time the disease lasted, including, of course, the length of time under treatment. Here it will be noticed that the largest number takes place where the disease has lasted between six and twelve months. The best recoveries require this length of time. It will also be noticed that more recoveries take place where the disease has lasted between one and two years than where it lasted between three and six months.

Table No. 15 exhibits the fact that insanity in hospital life does not lessen the longevity of its population.

Table No. 16 explains itself. We find child-birth a frequent cause. Under the head of "domestic" trouble the female column is largely in excess. Epilepsy as a cause is double in the male column, over that of the female. "Grief," again, predominates in the female column. Under the head of "heredity" we find the number nearly equally divided. This is really a predisposing cause, and if the original histories of the cases were correct, the number would be more than double. Intemperance comes in for a large share, being, as would be expected, largely in excess on the male side. Masturbation is given as a prolific cause, but in this the makers of the original papers are generally at fault, it being often a result but seldom a cause of insanity. Religious excitement is given as a cause in twenty-four cases. Under the head "unknown" we have 384 cases. This fact alone shows how imperfect the rec-

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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ords are from which we make our statistics. Uterine diseases, contrary to the opinion of many physicians, are not a prevalent cause.

Table No. 17 exhibits a sad picture; of all the admissions not more than half upon entrance to the hospital present any show whatever for recovery. In the hospital to-day there are not above thirty that will recover, the balance of our household being the accumulation that has gradually taken place since the opening of the institution.

Table No. 19 is a very instructive one. It gives the number admitted for the year having had previous attacks, from one to four. Of this number it gives the condition at last discharge, whether recovered, improved or unimproved, and also the per cent. of those having had previous attacks, as compared with the whole number admitted for the year.

Table No. 20 exhibits the number discharged this year, having had one or more previous attacks, also the condition at last previous discharge. This table, and also No. 19, is a little complex in its character, but by a careful study of the two it will be found that they are very instructive. They show what becomes of the cases. It will be noticed that a large number are re-admitted, many several times. Of those discharged recovered, a large number again return to the hospital. These are some of the discouraging features of hospital life.

This brief analysis of the foregoing tables is given as explanatory of the points sought to be brought forward by the figures themselves, but which are not altogether intelligible. Did the original histories contain more accurate data, we should be able to tabulate more reliable and comprehensive facts, thereby making our tables of statistics the most important part of the report.

Early on the morning of 7th May a fire broke out in the clothes shaft of the farther section of the female wing. This was caused by the igniting of some oiled rags which had been thrown down, the evening before, through carelessness of a new attendant. No harm resulted, however, as these shafts had recently been rebuilt of brick entire, making them absolutely fire-proof. This record is

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*State Hospital.*

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made more to show the great necessity for making at least all exposed parts of public institutions, fire-proof. Had this precaution not been taken in this instance the results might have been appalling in the extreme.

On the whole, we feel that the results of the year's operations have been satisfactory. Our sickness has been light, all suffering has been alleviated to the fullest extent of our conveniences and appliances, and our death rate has been low. This is especially flattering when we consider the feeble condition and extreme old age, of many on entering the hospital. The number of recoveries has been satisfactory, the percentage appearing fully up to the average, when it is considered that of the hundred and sixty-nine admissions for the year fully 83 were chronic cases on entrance, and 34 were old and feeble cases with no possible chance for recovery.

An effort has been made to make the hospital as much like a home as possible, by removing all appearance of unnecessary restraint. Every liberty is granted that will in any way add to the comfort, welfare and satisfaction of the patient; and had we more room for a better classification, an open ward or two in each wing could be established.

Out-door exercise and employment, assisting in the various departments of the hospital, and attending entertainments and religious exercises, have been instituted here and carried out to their fullest extent. And right here I would state that under these circumstances we might expect a few elopements. A hospital too, being far removed from a jail in its construction and appliances, all our locks being simple, our windows and guards being slight, escapes frequently occur in this way. All hospitals for the insane are correctional, instructive and curative. We cure them to make them self-supporting and to return them to their families; we instruct them to make them more useful citizens; and we correct them to make them better citizens. These cardinal points are kept in view in all our management. It is a humiliating acknowledgement, but nevertheless a fact, that a large proportion of our hospital population never knew how to enjoy life; and this has been largely instrumental in bringing them here. It needs but a casual survey by

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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any keen observer to detect this fact, and the wonder is that they do not see it themselves before it is too late, and disease has entered the household.

#### REPAIRS AND RENEWALS.

The repairs and renewals contemplated in our last report, and for which appropriations were granted, have been steadily going on. The four 4th stories have been completed, except the painting; the floors have been relaid and repaired; the ceilings replastered, and all the walls repaired. A new sink and basin and necessary closet, with large waste pipe and connections, have been put up in each of the fourth stories, and all the floors put in new. The iron stairs leading to these stories have been completed. A new sink with hot and cold water supply and with large three-inch waste pipe, has been put into each dining room throughout the entire building, making fourteen in all, and seal trap connections made with main sewer. It is gratifying to observe that they work like a charm, thereby lessening the labor and inconvenience that have prevailed so long.

The seventh female dining room has been changed to its proper place, and the necessary work in connection therewith completed. The ventilation of the entire center building, which formerly emptied itself into the attic, thereby contaminating the water in the four great tanks, has, by an ingenious plan, been turned into the chimneys, and now finds its escape into the open air above the roof. A new car for conveying food in the basement has been built. All the old dust flues and clothes shafts have been rebuilt of brick from basement to attic, being now entirely fire-proof. In the basement brick partitions with iron doors have been put up, separating the mouths of the clothes shafts from those of the dust flues, thereby preventing any connection, should fire originate in the latter. The new cross-sections for bath and water closet purposes were begun July 16th, and the work is going steadily on. As fast as the old closets are removed the rooms are being converted into bedrooms. This improvement will be completed in less than two months, when we hope to have a most complete system of bath and water closet works. The system of ventilation adopted will forever rid us of the bad odors which generally abound in these places.

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*State Hospital.*

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The carpenters and masons are still going on with the repairs. After these are completed the greater part of the building will need to be painted, the east wing especially being in a bad condition.

WANTS.

We shall need at least fifty new bedsteads to take the place of old and worn out ones, and to furnish the old day-rooms which are to be used as bedrooms. As we have plenty of strong bedsteads, I would recommend the purchase of a lighter and cheaper one, well made, of hard wood, which will give better satisfaction, as they are to be used for a quiet class.

We are greatly in need of a good battery and a microscope. The hospital has never been properly supplied with these apparatuses. To be without these appliances is a reflection that ought not longer to hang over us.

We need an appropriation for a small conservatory or propagating house. Plants are immensely enjoyed by the entire household. At present we have no place whatever in which to start them. A small house would cost but little, and the exhaust steam would supply it with heat for the winter.

We should have at least one billiard table for the male side of the house. The female side will soon be supplied with its third piano, while on the male side there is nothing of this sort with which to while away a few of the many hours of the long winter evenings.

We should have an appropriation for the supply of religious services. We must not forget the fact that most of our patients have been taken from their homes, where some form of religious service has been observed. To shut them up here and deprive them of this privilege, is unjust. Lay services suffice in some measure, but they do not accomplish all that is desirable. The religious feelings and instincts of the insane person are frequently very apparent, and are often uppermost in the mind. They are frequently anxious to forgive a wrong, or to be forgiven. They are often in trepidation, anxious and nervous, or possibly sit and brood over their troubles for hours. The soothing effect of kind assur-

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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ances under these circumstances is very gratifying indeed, but if they come from "one as having authority," in the shape of a properly selected and well rendered sermon, the effect is doubly precious. These things are verified here from time to time, and I should consider myself derelict in duty did I not mention the sub-subject.

We shall need an appropriation for sidewalks. During a large portion of the year this is the only means we have for outside enjoyment for the patients, and the necessity for their renewal is urgent.

We shall need the usual appropriations for the library and amusements.

The entire outside of the building needs new pointing. This will cost a considerable amount. The building is leaking in many places now from this defect. The entire basement needs repairing. The grouting is in a bad condition, the car tracks need renewing. The basement under the rear center building needs a thorough repairing. The basement under half of the west wing has never been grouted. All the air for heating and supplying the entire building has to come through these dusty and unwholesome passages. This fact alone makes the necessity for a thorough overhauling of this department imperative.

The entertainments, such as card parties and dances twice a week, charades, concerts, picture shows with lectures, plays, etc., have been kept up, in their season, the entire year. The boat-rides on the lake, in the steamer Mendota, have afforded a great amount of pleasure. We have made twenty-one trips, carrying each time from sixty to one hundred. This has cost the state nothing, the funds coming from private contributions.

The supplemental tables will exhibit the daily average of patients employed in the different departments of the hospital. The daily average on the female side of the house has been 143; on the male side it has been 134. In the matron's department it will be noticed that 6,340 garments have been made during the year. This does not take into consideration the thousands of articles mended yearly.



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*State Hospital.*

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It will be seen that this work is largely done by patient help. There have been canned 15,280 pounds of tomatoes, a large amount of catsup, jellies and pickles, and also a number of barrels of sauerkraut put up.

**CHANGES.**

January 1, 1882, Dr. Oscar A. King resigned his position as First Assistant Physician, a position he had satisfactorily filled, to accept a professorship in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, of Chicago. On the same date, Dr. S. B. Buckmaster, who had well and satisfactorily filled the position of Second Assistant Physician, was promoted to the first assistantcy, and Dr. John C. Christison, recently an assistant physician at Ward's Island, was appointed to the position of Second Assistant Physician.

August 15, 1882, Dr. Christison resigned, since which time the position has been vacant.

**ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.**

Dr. Buckmaster will please accept thanks for a copy of Hartwig's "Polar and Tropical Worlds;" also Miss Blanche Delaplaine for a handsome Scrap Book of cartoons, sketches, etc., which have furnished a great deal of amusement to all. We again take pleasure in expressing our sincere thanks for the generous contributions from the public press of our state and abroad, a list of which will be found in the supplemental tables.

**CONCLUSION.**

To my assistant officers, who have so readily contributed their share in bearing the burden of our duties, I feel gratefully indebted. The attendants and employes, with few exceptions, have done their duties well and cheerfully, for which they have my sincere thanks. Their duties are hard and of a responsible nature, and when satisfactorily rendered they should receive thankful recognition. Owing to the high wages obtained in other vocations, it has not always been easy to secure proper assistance on the male side of the house during the past year.

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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Lastly, allow me to express my thanks for the cheerful advice and assistance I have uniformly received at your hands as members of the Board. With profound thanks for the Divine aid and protection in the past, we commit ourselves to another year's work.

R. M. WIGGINTON.

MENDOTA, September 30, 1882.

## State Hospital.

## FINANCIAL EXHIBITS.

## STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSES AT THE WISCONSIN STATE HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

Classified Items.	Inventory Replem-ber 30, 1881.	Purchased during the year.	Transferred to this account during the year.	Total.	Inventory, Sept. 30, 1882.	Cash received on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account during the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
Amusement and instruction .....	\$1,210 25	\$137 24	\$61 00	\$1,347 49	\$1,278 25	\$20 00	.....	\$1,278 25	.....	\$69 24
Accounts receivable .....	.....	.....	.....	61 00	11 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Barn, farm and garden .....	14,386 81	1,862 85	.....	16,249 66	16,178 16	402 30	\$10,583 43	27,173 59	\$10,924 23	.....
Clothing .....	2,973 29	3,768 02	.....	6,741 3	1,060 24	105 66	.....	1,165 90	.....	5,575 41
Discharged patients .....	.....	90 10	.....	90 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	85 10
Drugs .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	176 38	176 38	.....	.....
Drug and medical department .....	409 57	1,190 28	.....	1,599 78	464 48	.....	.....	464 48	.....	1,135 30
Engine and boilers .....	17 0 8 00	149 34	.....	17,157 34	17,101 50	.....	.....	17,101 50	.....	55 84
Expenses .....	.....	78 05	.....	17,175 39	.....	4 00	.....	4 00	.....	59 35
Freight and express .....	.....	58 35	.....	58 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	59 35
Furniture .....	16,249 61	121 38	.....	16,421 02	15,717 72	60 50	.....	15,762 22	.....	658 80
Fuel .....	15,817 74	13,180 10	.....	29,041 84	12,855 95	127 74	.....	12,983 69	.....	16,058 15
Gas and other lights .....	94 86	2,468 27	.....	2,563 15	6 50	.....	.....	6 50	.....	2,556 65
Hides and pelts .....	.....	.....	1,117 68	1,141 18	.....	1,117 68	31 50	1,149 18	.....	.....
House furnishing .....	23,431 19	2,380 09	.....	25,811 28	23,204 28	4 57	.....	23,208 85	.....	8,603 43
Interest and exchange .....	.....	.....	.....	231 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	231 00
Laundry .....	8,036 06	391 41	.....	8,987 47	3,369 16	.....	.....	8,371 54	.....	505 93
Lumber .....	3,926 71	123 22	.....	4,019 93	3,577 89	2 38	356 70	3,134 59	.....	115 24
Machinery and tools .....	2,385 24	293 87	.....	2,689 11	1,816 89	.....	582 28	2,399 11	.....	.....
Miscellaneous .....	4,519 07	123 70	423 00	5,064 77	4,621 66	432 10	.....	5,043 66	.....	91 11
Officers' expenses .....	1,38 77	395 40	.....	1,694 17	1,412 80	51 8	.....	1,464 60	.....	204 57
Printing, postage, stationery and telegraph .....	248 39	466 72	1 75	675 86	196 21	.....	.....	.....	.....	36 30
						75 88	.....	272 09	.....	408 77

*Financial Exhibit.*

Repairs and renewals .....	\$2,396 07	918 56	232 28	3,896 91	1,916 54	25	183 85	2,080 64	1,786 27
Restaurants .....	2607 3		2,139 42	3,607 13	1,885 50			1,695 50	11 63
Real estate, including buildings, etc.	\$512,740 96		133 85	515,270 38	515,270 38			515,270 38	
Scraps .....			275 00	133 85	133 85			133 85	
Special attendance .....			275 00	275 00	275 00			275 00	
Subsistence .....	1,185 46	33,026 73	10,624 93	44,903 21	3,997 32	3-9 10	1,117 6	5,504 10	39,399 11
Subsistence .....			166 09						
Surgical instruments and appliances .....	630 73	39 16		669 89	665 04			665 04	4 85
Tobacco .....	4 37	414 89		419 26	23 60	1 20		24 80	894 46
Wages and salaries .....		30,281 50		30,281 50		31 60	275 00	306 60	29,974 90
Totals .....	\$24,983 76	\$92,111 43	\$15,753 00	\$73,845 19	\$65,385 01	\$3,260 51	\$13,206 82	\$641,852 34	\$102,083 46
Discounts received .....		176 38							11,100 61
Net expenses .....		\$91,935 15		641,852 34					\$90,992 85
Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by Secretary of State for salaries and expenses of Board of Supervision .....				\$90,992 85					4,655 52
									\$95,648 37

<sup>1</sup> Indebtedness September 30, paid in October.<sup>2</sup> Typographical error in last report.

*State Hospital.*

## STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.

1881.			
Oct. 1	Balance .....		\$12,350 26
1882.			
Jan. 1	Received from counties .....		53,780 28
Feb. 3	Appropriation for deficiency, chapter 4, Laws 1882 .....		23,000 00
Mar. 2	Appropriation chapter 33, Laws 1882 ..		43,000 00
Sep. 30	Balance special appropriation, wash basins and sinks .....		2 99
Sep. 30	Balance special appropriation, medical library .....		103 51
Sep. 30	Balance special appropriation, iron stairs .....		86 93
Sep. 30	Steward for board and clothing patients .....		3,349 74
Sep. 30	Steward for sundries .....		3,260 51
1882.			
June 1	To transferred for expenses State Board of Supervision .....	\$4,655 52	
Sep. 30	To balance special appropriation, new floors .....	1 92	
Sep. 30	Paid on account current expense this year .....	91,935 05	
	Paid on account indebtedness previous year .....	16,529 19	
	Balance appropriation in State Treasury .....	\$23,738 15	
	Balance in hands Treasurer of the Institution .....	1,922 61	
	Balance in steward's hands ..	151 78	
		25,812 54	
		\$138,934 22	\$138,934 22
1883.			
Oct. 1	By balance available .....		\$25,812 54

*Special Appropriation Funds.*

## STATEMENT OF SPECIAL APPROPRIATION FUNDS.

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Balance available Oct. 1, 1881.	Appropriations, 1882.	Transferred.	Total.	Expended this year.	Transferred.	Total.	Balance available Sept. 30, 1882.
Cementing basement.....	\$1,000 00	.....	.....	\$1,000 00	\$62 30	.....	\$62 30	\$937 70
Closets and bath rooms in wards.....	292 70	.....	.....	292 70	.....	\$292 70	292 70	.....
Covering steam pipes.....	331 18	.....	.....	331 18	.....	.....	.....	331 18
Curbing rear basement windows and grating.....	.....	\$300 00	.....	300 00	.....	.....	.....	300 00
Fire proof elevators.....	1,267 95	.....	.....	1,267 95	805 85	.....	805 85	402 10
Fire hose.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000 00	708 75	.....	708 75	291 25
Iron stairs.....	400 00	1,000 00	.....	1,400 00	813 07	86 93	1,400 00	.....
Medical library.....	139 80	.....	.....	139 80	36 29	103 51	139 80	.....
New floors.....	90 10	.....	\$1 92	92 02	92 02	.....	92 02	.....
Painting and repairs.....	.....	8,500 00	.....	8,500 00	296 04	.....	296 04	3,203 96
Railroad track scales.....	.....	800 00	.....	800 00	618 45	.....	618 45	181 55
Rebuilding laundry wall.....	600 00	.....	.....	600 00	.....	.....	.....	600 00
Repairs and renewals to water and steam pipes and appendages.....	.....	2,000 00	.....	2,000 00	.....	.....	.....	2,000 00
Removing and building bath rooms and closets.....	.....	15,000 00	.....	15,000 00	7,824 08	.....	7,824 08	7,175 92
Wash basins and sinks.....	154 19	.....	292 70	446 89	443 90	2 99	446 89	.....
Totals.....	\$4,215 92	\$22,600 00	\$294 62	\$27,110 54	\$11,200 75	\$486 13	\$11,686 88	\$15,423 66

*State Hospital.*FARM AND GARDEN PRODUCTS. YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER  
30, 1882.

Asparagus .....	803	pounds.	\$0 08	\$64 24	.....
Apples .....	291	bushels.	.....	145 50	.....
Beef, 14 head .....	15,180	pounds.	.....	600 65	.....
Beets .....	245 $\frac{3}{4}$	bushels.	.....	61 26	.....
Blackberries .....	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	.....	10 47	.....
Cauliflower .....	1,501	head.	.....	75 05	.....
Cucumbers .....	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	.....	68 78	.....
Carrots .....	405 $\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	.....	121 65	.....
Crab apples .....	3 $\frac{3}{4}$	bushels.	.....	2 43	.....
Cabbage .....	8,439	head.	.....	337 56	.....
Celery .....	2,884	head.	.....	144 20	.....
Citron .....	356	.....	.....	17 80	.....
Greens .....	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	.....	8 25	.....
Green peas .....	127 $\frac{1}{4}$	bushels.	1 00	127 25	.....
Grapes .....	666	pounds.	.....	33 30	.....
Pork, dressed .....	27,496	pounds.	.....	2,075 16	.....
Hubbard squash .....	6,010	pounds.	.....	60 10	.....
Horse radish .....	10	bushels.	.....	5 00	.....
Lettuce .....	220 $\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	.....	110 19	.....
Leeks .....	2,000	roots.	.....	10 00	.....
Milk .....	342,698	pounds.	1	3,426 98	.....
Musk melons .....	309	.....	.....	9 27	.....
Onions .....	419 $\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	.....	214 59	.....
Pie plant .....	431 $\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	.....	21 75	.....
Potatoes .....	3,589 $\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	.....	1,794 75	.....
Parsnips .....	377	bushels.	.....	113 10	.....
Radishes .....	641 $\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	.....	64 78	.....
Strawberries .....	98 $\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	.....	295 97	.....
String beans .....	208 $\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	.....	125 21	.....
Sweet corn .....	123 $\frac{1}{4}$	bushels.	.....	73 95	.....
Salsify .....	8	bushels.	.....	8 00	.....
Soup greens .....	12	bushels.	.....	6 00	.....
Tomatoes .....	416 $\frac{3}{4}$	bushels.	.....	208 37	.....
Turnips .....	507 $\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	.....	101 53	.....
Veal (3 head) .....	445	pounds.	.....	20 74	.....
Water melons .....	592	.....	.....	29 60	.....
				\$10,593 43	.....
Corn .....	3,502	bushels.	.....	\$2,451 40	.....
Corn stalks .....	139	tons.	\$3 00	417 00	.....
Fodder corn .....	208	tons.	.....	208 00	.....
Mangels .....	5,504	tons.	.....	825 60	.....
Oats .....	1,588	bushels.	38	604 44	.....
Rutabagas .....	1,000	bushels.	.....	200 00	.....
Sweet corn (seed) .....	48	bushels.	.....	28 80	.....
Hay .....	134 $\frac{1}{4}$	tons.	8 00	1,073 88	.....
Straw .....	35	tons.	4 00	140 00	.....
				5,948 12	.....
				\$16,541 55	.....

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*Moneys Received.*


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**STATEMENT OF MONEYS RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR ENDING  
SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.**

Accounts receivable .....	50 00
Barn, farm and garden .....	402 30
Board and clothing of patients .....	3,849 74
Clothing .....	105 66
Discharged patients, refunded .....	5 00
Elopers .....	4 00
Furniture .....	60 50
Fuel .....	127 74
House furnishing .....	4 57
Hides and pelts .....	1,117 68
Laundry (freights repaid) .....	2 88
Machinery and tools .....	422 00
Miscellaneous .....	51 80
Postage and stationery .....	75 88
Repairs and renewals .....	25
Scraps — old iron, rags, etc. ....	133 85
Special attendance .....	275 00
Subsistence .....	389 10
Tobacco .....	1 20
Wages and salaries .....	31 60
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>\$6,610 25</b>



*State Hospital.*

## DETAILED LIST OF EXPENDITURES.

AMUSEMENTS.			
Band Music .....		\$2 10	
Cards playing .....	4 dozen.	11 50	
Cornet Instructors .....	12	3 00	
Candy .....	80 pounds	12 67	
Cedar and Hemlock Twigs .....	1 barrels	1 80	
Comic Masks .....	9	3 78	
Cello Strings .....		40	
Expenses Patients to Circus .....		95	
Expenses Patients to Fair .....		1 00	
Freights .....		1 33	
Grenadine .....	2½ yards.	25	
Music for regular dances .....		74 00	
Peanuts .....	75 pounds.	5 94	
Pop Corn .....	50 pounds.	2 00	
Paper Cambric .....	16½ yards.	1 11	
Prints .....	7 yards.	46	
Repairing and tuning Pianos .....	2	5 00	
Sheet Music .....		3 55	
Violin Strings .....	34	6 40	\$137 24
BARN, FARM AND GARDEN.			
Axe Handles ..	6	1 25	
Baskets .....	30	7 26	
Blankets, Horse .....	8	15 00	
Bits, .....	1	35	
Bull Rings Copper ..	1	40	
Boars .....	1	25 00	
Cartage, Boxes, etc .....		10	
Corn Cutters .....	6	2 40	
Cotton Bag Twine .....	1 dozen.	35	
Chamois Skin .....	1	60	
Freight and Express .....		13 41	
Fence Wire .....	88 pounds.	8 80	
Feed — Bran .....	4,123 pounds.	34 02	
Corn .....	159½ bushels.	103 95	
Hay .....	32½ tons.	174 55	
Oats .....	1,261½ bushels.	544 87	
Gargling Oil .....	1 bottle.	90	
Grain Sacks .....	8	1 75	
Garden and Farm Seeds .....		305 18	
Garden Lines .....	2	40	
Horse Shoes .....	3 kegs.	16 00	
Horse Rasp .....	1	60	
Horse Medicine .....		20	
Horse Nails .....	35 pounds.	8 15	
Horse Nails .....	1 box.	5 00	
Interfiring Caps .....		1 25	
Lumber .....	472 feet.	8 33	

*Detailed List of Expenditures.***BARN, FARM AND GARDEN — con.**

Lime .....	5 bushels.	\$1 25	
Manure forks .....	6 .....	4 25	
Measures .....	1 .....	40	
Nails .....	1 keg.	4 25	
Nets .....	1 set.	3 50	
Picking strawberries .....	35 $\frac{1}{2}$ bushels.	14 15	
Paris Green .....	100 pounds.	24 00	
Plows .....	1 .....	7 70	
Plow wheels .....	1 .....	70	
Plow points .....	5 .....	1 88	
Repairing implements and tools .....		8 15	
Repairing harness .....		35	
Repairing wagons, carriages, etc. ....		86 44	
Rakes .....	3 dozen.	10 90	
Rent of Farwell farm, year 1881 ..	1 year.	300 00	
Rasps .....	1 .....	90	
Scythes .....	5 .....	4 05	
Scythe stones .....	1 dozen.	75	
Straps, traces, etc. ....		4 60	
Salt, fine .....	22 barrels.	30 65	
Sweat pads .....	1 pair.	65	
Spades .....	2 .....	2 25	
Sponges .....	7 .....	75	
Threshing oats .....	1,452 bushels.	29 04	
Toe calks .....	45 pounds.	5 15	
Taxes on Farwell farm .....		52 47	
Vegetable knives .....	1 dozen.	2 10	
Whips .....	1 .....	1 50	
			1,882 85

**CLOTHING.**

Buttons .....	1,927 dozen.	35 61	
Buckles .....	161 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	4 69	
Bows .....	8 dozen.	8 50	
Cotton flannel .....	1,991 $\frac{1}{4}$ yards.	275 96	
Cotton knitting .....	12 pounds.	6 36	
Cotton thread .....	171 dozen.	94 55	
Cartage boxes, etc. ....		1 55	
Corset Jeans .....	839 yards.	71 32	
Cashmere .....	159 $\frac{1}{2}$ yards.	40 56	
Collars, ladies' .....	17 dozen.	12 47	
Collars, paper .....	8,100 .....	25 25	
Cheviot .....	924 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	105 35	
Coats .....	3 .....	6 50	
Deims .....	288 yards.	46 08	
Dress braid .....	3 dozen.	2 10	
Dress goods .....	354 yards.	45 85	
Elastic tape .....	1 piece.	23	
Freights .....		32 53	
Gingham .....	510 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	40 92	
Garibaldis .....	2 dozen.	18 00	
Handkerchiefs .....	38 dozen.	39 25	
Hats .....	18 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	57 56	
Hair pins .....	20 pack'g's	70	
Hose, ladies .....	64 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	119 54	
Hose, men's .....	65 dozen.	92 50	
Hooks and eyes .....	24 gross.	2 40	

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CLOTHING — continued.			
Hoods .....	6 dozen.	\$33 00	.....
Laces, shoe.....	11 gross.	5 30	.....
Laces, shoe, leather.....	100 yards.	75	.....
Muslin .....	4,188 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	345 10	.....
Mitts .....	12 dozen.	58 50	.....
Overalls.....	3 dozen.	27 00	.....
Prints.....	3,993 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	274 15	.....
Pants .....	88 pairs.	63 00	.....
Park Mills checks .....	383 yards.	57 75	.....
Poplin stripes .....	108 yards.	12 96	.....
Ribbon .....	62 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	9 13	.....
Suits .....	95	542 86	.....
Suspenders .....	5 dozen.	12 50	.....
Scarfs .....	2 dozen.	8 50	.....
Shirt fronts .....	6	1 37	.....
Shirts.....	4 dozen.	33 25	.....
Skirting .....	201 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	24 60	.....
Thread, linen.....	12 dozen.	9 60	.....
Tape .....	19 dozen.	6 77	.....
Tycoon rep. ....	36 yards.	6 30	.....
Vests .....	80	36 00	.....
Vests, ladies.....	6 dozen.	24 00	.....
Yarn .....	2 pounds.	3 00	.....
Boots .....	84 pairs.	165 25	.....
Shoes .....	369 pairs.	498 30	.....
Slippers.....	368 pairs.	322 75	.....
			\$3,768 02
DISCHARGED PATIENTS .....		\$90 10	.....
			90 10
DRUG AND MEDICAL DEPARTMENT			
Drugs and medicines .....		\$583 53	.....
Cartage, boxes, etc.....		50	.....
Freights .....		12 51	.....
Alcohol .....	50 gallons.	111 56	.....
Gin .....	6 gallons.	28 00	.....
Whiskey .....	209 $\frac{1}{2}$ gallons.	454 18	.....
			1,190 28
ENGINE AND BOILERS			
Cartage, boxes, etc.....		25	.....
Freights .....		78	.....
Oil, lard .....	207 $\frac{1}{2}$ gallons	148 31	.....
			149 34
ELOPERS .....		\$73 05	.....
			73 05
FREIGHT AND EXPRESS.....		\$58 35	.....
			58 35
FURNITURE			
Bolts.....	144	5 76	.....
Freights .....		3 75	.....
Perforated seats.....	509 $\frac{2}{3}$ feet.	101 87	.....
Screws, nickle plated .....	4 gross.	10 00	.....
			121 38

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

FUEL.			
Coal—Indiana block.....	2,579 <sup>553</sup> / <sub>2000</sub> tons.	\$12,776 66	.....
Coal—Ohio Central.....	46 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> tons.	273 50	.....
Wood.....	23 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> cords.	129 94	.....
			\$13,180 10
GAS AND LIGHTS.			
Coal.....	216 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>2000</sub> tons.	\$1,933 19	.....
Cement.....	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> barrel.	1 25	.....
Cartage, cases, etc.....		30	.....
Freights.....		74 62	.....
Fire brick.....	1,000	27 50	.....
Fire clay.....	<sup>4</sup> / <sub>1</sub> barrels.	14 50	.....
Fusees.....	20 cases.	30 00	.....
Gas pipe.....	5 feet.	1 00	.....
Iron turnings.....	60 pounds.	30	.....
Kerosene.....	10 gallons.	1 20	.....
Lime.....	598 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> bushels	177 71	.....
Lantern candles.....	132 dozen.	65 70	.....
Labor setting gas retorts.....	11 days.	33 00	.....
Retorts.....	3	75 00	.....
Tiles.....	28	28 00	.....
Wax tapers.....	5 pounds.	5 00	.....
			2.468 27
HOUSE FURNISHING.			
Brooms.....	74 dozen.	\$179 65	.....
Brushes—scrub.....	21 dozen.	37 25	.....
Brushes—shoe.....	4 dozen.	7 60	.....
Bakers.....	9 dozen.	12 00	.....
Bowls—wooden.....	2	1 20	.....
Baskets.....	2	10	.....
Bath brick.....	5 boxes.	3 80	.....
Butter prints.....	1	15	.....
Butter tryer.....	1	1 25	.....
Blankets.....	50 pairs.	380 60	.....
Bed spreads.....	6	15 00	.....
Buckram.....	8 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> yards.	75	.....
Basting spoons.....	1 dozen.	1 50	.....
Chambers.....	27 dozen.	75 15	.....
Chambers—tin.....	4 dozen.	24 50	.....
Cartage, boxes, etc.....		10 65	.....
Cruets.....	4 dozen.	4 00	.....
Cuspadores.....	5 dozen.	13 75	.....
Carpet tacks.....	11 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> dozen.	5 83	.....
Combs.....	28 dozen.	17 75	.....
Carpets.....	102 yards.	84 75	.....
Cups.....	10 dozen.	8 00	.....
Cups and saucers.....	31 dozen.	20 20	.....
Crash.....	1,180 yards.	127 95	.....
Cretone.....	86 yards.	10 05	.....
Cotton flannel.....	8 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> yards.	75	.....
Clothes baskets.....	6	2 75	.....
Castile soap.....	29 pounds.	2 75	.....
Copperas.....	100 pounds.	3 00	.....
Dust pans.....	2 dozen.	2 00	.....
Dining room bells.....	1 dozen.	2 50	.....
Dusters.....	4 dozen.	13 50	.....

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HOUSE FURNISHING — continued.			
Dish pans.....	2		\$1 16
Egg spoons.....	1		10
Egg beaters.....	2		50
Freights.....			33 09
Fly paper.....	1	quire.	45
Goblets.....	5	dozen.	3 00
Galvanized iron.....	37	pounds.	4 44
Hemp dusters.....	2	dozen.	5 00
Indelible ink.....	2	pounds.	22 00
Ice tongs.....	1	pair.	50
Jugs, stone.....	48	gallons.	4 32
Knives and forks.....	24	sets.	21 60
Lanterns.....	2	dozen.	30 00
Lantern globes.....	4½	dozen.	5 95
Ladles.....	1		12
Mops.....	13	dozen.	17 40
Mattress tufts.....	1,000		1 00
Mugs.....	2	dozen.	2 50
Muslin.....	175	yards.	20 90
Needles.....	2,000		2 50
Napkins.....	6	dozen.	7 50
Oil cloth, floor.....	5	yards.	2 38
Oil cloth, table.....	1½	pieces.	2 34
Pitcher, water.....	9	dozen.	43 75
Pails.....	3	dozen.	8 60
Plates.....	10	dozen.	7 00
Pins.....	3½	gross.	20 62
Paper, wall.....			75
Paper, manilla.....			30
Picture nails.....	9	dozen.	2 85
Perfection clippers.....	1		5 00
Perfumery, etc, for toilet soaps.....			5 13
Razors.....	1	dozen.	7 00
Razor straps.....	1	dozen.	1 50
Robe prints.....	50	yards.	3 50
Straw.....	102½	tons.	855 64
Shoe blacking.....	13	dozen.	6 53
Sauce plates.....	4	dozen.	1 90
Shelf paper.....	110	dozen.	5 55
Sheeting.....	1,407½	yards.	271 77
Shears.....	1	pair.	75
Shears, barber's.....	6	pair.	5 25
Stitching twine.....	11	pounds.	7 30
Soap slabs.....	2	dozen.	3 00
Spittoons, rubber.....	3½	dozen.	50 48
Spittoons, tin.....	3	dozen.	6 00
Sieves.....	4	dozen.	95
Shaving soap.....	6	dozen.	3 75
Stone jars.....	72	gallons.	6 48
Stripe.....	1½	yards.	40
Silesia.....	3¾	yards.	47
Tumblers.....	29	dozen.	10 95
Towels.....	8	dozen.	16 00
Tissue paper.....	1½	reams.	2 78
Table spoons.....	36	dozen.	14 00
Tea spoons.....	48	dozen.	12 00
Tapers, wax.....	12	pounds.	10 50

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

HOUSE FURNISHING — continued.			
Traps, rat .....	18	5 25	.....
Traps, mouse .....	5	75	.....
Thermometers .....	6	1 25	.....
Tacks .....	1 1/2 dozen.	40	.....
Table linen .....	148 1/4 yards.	74 12	.....
Ticking .....	662 1/4 yards.	100 89	.....
Terry .....	5 yards.	6 00	.....
Toilet soap .....	10 dozen.	10 10	.....
Whisk brooms .....	3 dozen.	3 75	.....
Wash bowls and pitchers .....	2 dozen	18 00	.....
Wash tubs .....	2	180 00	.....
			\$2,380 09
INTEREST AND EXCHANGE.			
Interest .....		221 00	221 00
LAUNDRY.			
Babbitt metal .....	47 3/4 pounds.	9 14	.....
Castings .....	729 pounds.	39 09	.....
Caustic soda .....	3,590 pounds.	193 26	.....
Clothes baskets .....	6	6 75	.....
Clothes Pins .....	5 gross.	85	.....
Freights .....		13 63	.....
Indigo .....	9 pounds.	7 15	.....
Iron .....	45 pounds.	1 89	.....
Rosin .....	312 pounds.	7 80	.....
Starch .....	518 pounds.	32 48	.....
Sal soda .....	448 pounds.	7 84	.....
Screws .....	6 gross.	12 54	.....
			\$331 41
LIBRARY.			
Books .....	7 volum's	23 27	.....
Subscriptions to periodicals, .....	19	66 45	.....
Subscriptions to newspapers .....	6	33 50	.....
			123 22
LUMBER .....	14,104 feet.	\$263 87	263 87
MACHINERY AND TOOLS.			
Belting .....	30 feet.	5 81	.....
Belting, rubber .....	35 feet.	18 59	.....
Belting, leather .....	30 feet.	9 41	.....
Bits .....	6	75	.....
Belt hooks .....	1 1/3 gross.	67	.....
Belt punches .....	2	50	.....
Brushes .....	2	35	.....
Brushes, baker's .....	1	80	.....
Brushes, calcimine .....	2	7 00	.....
Butcher knives .....	2	90	.....
Box opener .....	1	50	.....
Brush hooks .....	1	1 00	.....
Cast steel .....	19 pounds	3 23	.....
Chasers .....	1 set.	2 23	.....
Crucibles .....	2	1 60	.....
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....		85	.....

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MACHINERY AND TOOLS — con.			
Freight .....		\$1 34	
Files .....	39	6 99	
Glasses .....	12	3 00	
Hose .....	65 feet.	10 50	
Hammers .....	1	70	
Lace leather .....	1 size.	3 00	
Lawn mower .....	1	14 00	
Melting lade. ....	1	25	
Mallets .....	1	25	
Pliers .....	1	53	
Rubber packing .....	28 $\frac{1}{8}$	8 68	
Scoop shovels .....	4	4 38	
Screw drivers .....	2	80	
Soldering irons .....	3	1 60	
Scrapers .....	1	6 00	
Sieves .....	1	1 75	
Tree pruner .....	1	2 00	
Wire cloth .....	20 inches.	25	
Wheel barrows .....	2	4 00	
			\$123 70
MICELLANEOUS.			
Anthem gems .....	1	\$1 00	
Bird seed .....	24	2 05	
Barrels .....	7	7 00	
Cobblers stock .....		68 13	
Drawing paper .....	12 sheets.	3 10	
Expenses exchanging patients...		52 90	
Expenses to Madison with patients		4 60	
Expenses, sundries .....		10 55	
Freights .....		25	
Horse fed at Madison .....		11 30	
Hardware paper .....	47 pounds.	2 11	
Meals in Madison for driver, etc..	26	6 50	
Needles .....	2,250	2 81	
Omnibus hire .....		6 00	
Organist .....		15 00	
Pork barrels .....	14	19 00	
Repairing sundries .....		2 00	
Sewing machine belts, springs, etc.		1 10	
Sewing machine oil .....	1 quart.	48	
Sewing machine needles .....	5 dozen.	1 60	
Speller .....	1	22	
Singer sewing machine .....	1	35 00	
Spectacles and repairs .....	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	6 65	
Twine .....	6 pounds.	2 40	
Telephone rent .....		100 00	
Thimbles .....	1 gross.	1 15	
Umbrella .....	1	2 50	
			365 40
OFFICERS' EXPENSES.			
Expenses purchasing supplies .....		\$24 50	
Expenses after baker .....		5 45	
Meals .....	6	3 00	
Railroad fares .....		3 25	
			36 20

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

PRINTING, POSTAGE, STATIONERY AND TELEGRAPH.				
Blotting paper.....	80	sheets..	\$2 00	
Blank books.....	25		22 40	
Bill heads.....	200		2 50	
Calendars.....	5		2 00	
Envelops.....	1,750		4 63	
Erasers.....	3		1 80	
Fasteners.....	500		1 50	
Ink.....	14	bottles.	8 70	
Ink, scarlet.....	4	bottles.	2 00	
Inkstands.....	1		15	
Index, memo.....	1	dozen..	2 00	
Letter-heads.....	1,928		16 82	
Lead pencils.....	18½	dozen.	7 83	
Note-heads.....	1,915		12 91	
Postage stamps, one cent.....	600		6 00	
Postage stamps, two cent.....	100		2 00	
Postage stamps, three cent.....	4,850		145 50	
Postage stamped envelops, 3 cent.....	4,000		130 40	
Postal cards.....	1,200		12 00	
Printing pay-roll blanks.....			8 00	
Printing physicians' reports.....	500		10 00	
Printing postal cards.....	500		2 00	
Printing circulars.....	1,300		11 00	
Printing ward records.....	2,000		5 50	
Paper, bill cap.....		½ ream.	2 50	
Pass books.....	8	dozen.	3 45	
Pens.....	11	gross.	9 50	
Pen-wipers.....	4		2 40	
Pen-holders.....	1		20	
Ruling pen.....	1		1 25	
Telegraph.....			18 88	
Tablets.....	8½	dozen.	6 28	
Tags.....	1,000		2 00	
Time books.....		¾ dozen.	1 12	
			\$466 72	
REPAIRS AND RENEWALS.				
Butts.....	38	pairs.	3 75	
Brushes.....	3		2 70	
Bends.....	2		91	
Brads.....	6	p'k'g's.	41	
Cartage, boxes, etc.....			98	
Charcoal.....	9		3 20	
Cupboard latches.....	2½	dozen.	3 75	
Copper wire.....	½	pound.	37	
Door knobs.....	1	dozen.	1 75	
Emery.....	2	pounds.	25	
Freights.....			21 77	
Finishing bibbs.....	12		14 95	
Files.....	1	dozen.	95	
Glass.....	24	boxes.	82 05	
Glass.....	100	lights.	21 01	
Gaskets.....	6½	pounds.	4 50	
Gas-fitters' cement.....	2	pounds.	50	
Glaziers' points.....	2	papers.	25	
Hinges.....	18	pair.	3 84	



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REPAIRS AND RENEWALS — CON.			
Iron .....	128	pounds.	\$5 74
Iron, galvanized .....	452	pounds.	35 00
Iron, Russia .....	100	pounds.	13 50
Keys .....	6		3 00
Lime .....	25	bushels.	7 00
Locks .....	60		46 70
Lumber .....	5,794	feet.	101 52
Labor — tinner .....	62½	days.	187 00
Nails .....	11	pounds.	1 16
Nails .....	12	kegs.	48 65
Oil, B. Linseed .....	100 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	gallons.	66 25
Putty .....	322½	pounds.	11 79
Paris white .....	10	pounds.	40
Padlocks .....	8		3 90
Pipe cast iron .....			43 95
Paraffine gum .....	45	pounds.	12 25
Return bends .....	24		6 24
Repairs — clocks .....			3 50
Sand paper .....	10	quires.	2 30
Screws .....	79	gross.	38 69
Screws, nickle head .....	4	gross.	10 00
Sash cord .....	34½	pounds.	20 55
Stucco .....	1	barrel.	2 50
Soil pipe .....	30	feet.	8 89
Sleeves .....	6		2 90
Shutter knobs .....	2	dozen.	50
Solder .....	23½	pounds	5 40
Safety chain .....	1	pack'ge	1 27
Tacks .....	1	dozen.	75
Tin .....	1	box.	14 50
Turpentine .....	1	gallon.	90
Water rings .....	2		18 00
White lead .....	200	pounds.	15 25
Window pulleys .....	2	dozen.	80
Window catches .....	3	dozen.	4 50
Wire cloth .....	157½	feet.	4 80
			\$918 56
SUBSISTENCE.			
Allspice .....	16	pounds.	3 90
Apples .....	179	barrels.	646 35
Apples .....	48	bushels.	24 00
Apples dried .....	4,107	pounds.	250 03
Beef cattle, 207 head — live weight	229,438	pounds.	10,934 31
Beef, salt .....	16	barrels.	235 80
Beef, canned — 6 cans .....	84	pounds.	11 27
Beef, dried .....	132	pounds.	16 65
Butter .....	17,664 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	pounds.	4,245 38
Baking powder .....	275	pounds.	47 50
Beans .....	7,267	pounds.	360 21
Break snaps .....	168	pounds.	15 62
Brawn, 6 cans .....	72	pounds.	10 05
Bread .....	1,233	loaves.	99 11
Bacon .....	52	pounds.	7 80
Cartage, boxes, etc .....			18 15
Coffee, Java .....	277	pounds.	73 56
Coffee, Rio .....	4,832	pounds.	537 63

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

SUBSISTENCE — con.			
Coffee, Essence .....	141½	gross.	24 40
Chocolate .....	12	pounds.	4 20
Cloves .....	10	pounds.	3 50
Corn Meal .....	1,834	pounds.	29 41
Chickens .....	37	pounds.	9 25
Chickens .....	1,848½	pounds.	134 04
Crackers .....	1,703	pounds.	145 73
Codfish .....	1,100	pounds.	63 90
Cheese .....	1,721	pounds.	199 55
Corn Starch .....	400	pounds.	31 00
Cinnamon .....	29¼	pounds.	10 18
Citron .....	6		1 32
Canned Fruits .....	52½	dozen.	119 95
Cranberries .....	1	barrel.	8 50
Cracked Wheat .....	4	barrels.	35 00
Currants, dried .....	326	pounds.	20 46
Cherries .....	5	bushels	12 50
Cherries, pitted .....	25	pounds.	5 45
Crab Apples .....	7	bushels	7 00
Ducks .....	11		1 65
Eggs .....	4,866½	dozen.	775 74
Extract Lemon .....	5½	dozen.	14 60
Extract Vanilla .....	6½	dozen.	22 25
Freights .....			482 34
Flour .....	805½	barrels.	5,127 07
Flour, patent .....	6	barrels.	45 80
Flour, Graham .....	6½	barrels.	36 40
Fish, fresh .....	7,713½	pounds	370 24
Fish, mackerel .....	23	hf. bbls.	141 75
Fish, mackerel .....	1	kit.	90
Fish, white .....	35	hf. bbls.	198 80
Fish, white .....	1	qr. bbl.	3 65
Fish, white .....	5	kegs.	28 75
Farina .....	650	pounds.	36 00
Ginger .....	1	jar.	45
Ginger Snaps .....	1,921½	pounds.	180 30
Gelatine .....	3	boxes.	38
Hominy .....	4½	barrels.	24 25
Hops .....	30½	pounds.	14 50
Honey .....	24	pounds.	5 28
Halibut .....	120	pounds.	15 10
Ham .....	40	pounds	6 17
Lemons .....	4½	pounds.	29 50
Lemons .....	3	dozen.	1 15
Lambs .....	39		125 00
Mutton Sheep, 203 head weighing.	26,254	pounds.	1,268 09
Mustard .....	52	pounds.	10 84
Malt .....	46	pounds.	2 25
Nutmegs .....	25	pounds	22 49
Oat Meal .....	10½	barrels.	75 15
Oysters .....	146	cans.	50 41
Oysters .....	30	gallons.	49 80
Olive Oil .....	1	bottle.	63
Pearl Barley .....	375	pounds.	16 41
Pepper .....	193	pounds.	39 65
Prunes .....	7,136	pounds.	503 02
Potatoes .....	771½	bushels	654 85

*State Hospital.*

SUBSISTENCE — continued.			
Potatoes, sweet .....	1	barrel.	\$5 00
Peaches, dried .....	424	pounds.	84 98
Peaches, peeled .....	25	pounds.	5 00
Peaches, fresh .....	3	baskets.	2 55
Pork .....	25	barrels.	5 42
Pickles .....	1	gallon.	70
Pears .....	$\frac{1}{2}$	bushel.	1 90
Plums .....	$8\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	5 25
Raspberries .....	2	boxes.	32
Rice .....	2,216	pounds.	159 74
Raisins .....	5	boxes.	14 55
Raisins .....	$682\frac{1}{2}$	pounds.	74 73
Sugar, powdered .....	719	pounds.	75 49
Sugar, A .....	1,582	pounds.	145 74
Sugar, granulated .....	11,516	pounds.	1,184 43
Sugar, brown .....	3,807	pounds.	306 52
Salt .....	16	sacks.	25 30
Salt, fine .....	18	barrels.	24 20
Salt, Ashton .....	9	sacks.	30 40
Salt, rock .....	2	barrels.	4 00
Sago .....	599	pounds.	33 22
Syrup .....	960	gallons.	444 80
Sage .....	5	pounds.	1 50
Shoulders, smoked .....	1,207	pounds.	123 40
Saltpeter .....	2	pounds.	36
Sauce, L. & P. ....	1	dozen.	2 85
Tea, Japan .....	2,180	pounds.	713 00
Tapioca .....	893	pounds.	46 12
Turkeys, dressed .....	$590\frac{3}{4}$	pounds.	59 01
Turkeys, live .....	$1,607\frac{1}{4}$	gallons.	119 40
Vinegar .....	506	gallons.	75 03
Yeast .....	1	pound.	40
Yeast, compressed .....	$1\frac{1}{2}$	dozen.	57
			\$83,026 73
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, ETC.			
Double slide knives .....	2		5 00
Eng. thermometers .....	2		7 00
Exploring needles .....	1		50
Hornby .....	1		3 00
S. R. Cath .....	3		1 50
Trusses .....	12		19 66
Tricks' artery forceps .....	1	pair.	2 50
			39 16
TOBACCO, ETC.			
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....			10
Clay pipes .....	3	boxes.	6 40
Chewing tobacco .....	$827\frac{1}{2}$	pounds.	312 58
Freights .....			8 66
Smoking tobacco .....	340	pounds.	92 15
			414 89
WAGES AND SALARIES .....			30,281 50
			\$92,111 43
Less discounts .....			176 38
Total on account, current expenses this year .....			\$91,935 05

*Roster of Officers and Employes.*

## ROSTER OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES.

SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

NAME.	SERVICE.	SALARY.
R. M. Wigginton .....	Superintendent .....	Per year....\$2,000 00
S. B. Buckmaster .....	Assistant physician .....	Per year.... 1,000 00
Walter E. Fernald .....	Assistant physician .....	Per year.... 600 00
M. C. Halliday .....	Matron .....	Per year.... 600 00
S. J. M. Putnam .....	Steward .....	Per year.... 1,000 00
J. E. Weissert .....	Asssistant steward .....	Per year.... 600 00
Thomas Stone .....	Supervisor .....	Per month.. 45 00
W. R. McFarland .....	Assistant .....	Per month.. 26 00
Kittie M. Nolen .....	Supervisor .....	Per month.. 27 00
Kittie Morrow .....	Assistant .....	Per month.. 20 00
John Sullivan .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 25 00
Pat Joyce .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 25 00
John McDonald .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 24 00
Charles W. Hansen .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 24 00
A. Heydecke .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 24 00
Fred O. Lester .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 24 00
A. Rinck .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 24 00
Thomas Illingsworth .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 24 00
Frank Foy .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 24 00
William Moore .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 22 00
Lawrence Hayes .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 22 00
E. Erickson .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 22 00
Thomas Ruddy .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 22 00
F. A. Cady .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 22 00
James F. Graham .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 22 00
Austin Ruddy .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 22 00
John Maguire .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 22 00
John Roche .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 22 00
Seymour Mace .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 20 00
Lillie Decker .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 19 00
Jennie McDonald .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 18 00
Carrie Erickson .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 18 00
Julia Peterson .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 17 00
Mary Joyce .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 17 00
Addie C. Netherwood .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 17 00
Mary O'Laughlin .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 17 00
Mary Sheahan .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 17 00
Mary Castle .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 17 00
Lola Blunt .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 17 00
Mary Lowry .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 17 00
Nettie Howard .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 16 00
Annie Sykora .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 15 00
Annie H. Slight .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 15 00
Gertie Olsen .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 15 00
Elma M. Tyler .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 14 00
Ella Sigglekow .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 14 00
Maria Lee .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 14 00
Mary Peterson .....	Attendant .....	Per month.. 14 00

*State Hospital.*

NAME.	SERVICE.	SALARY.
Jennie Richards .....	Attendant.....	Per month.. \$14 00
Wilma Sigglekow .....	Attendant.....	Per month.. 14 00
A. Clugston .....	Night watch.....	Per month.. 25 00
Annie Lewis .....	Night watch.....	Per month.. 19 00
Fred Schassberger.....	Baker .....	Per month.. 40 00
George B. Sawyer.....	Cook .....	Per month.. 30 00
Julia Castle .....	Cook assistant .....	Per month.. 12 00
Margaret Mullarky .....	Cook assistant .....	Per month.. 12 00
Beesy Mullarky.....	Cook assistant .....	Per month.. 12 00
Ella Austin.....	Cook assistant .....	Per month.. 12 00
Hattie Richter .....	Housemaid .....	Per month.. 15 00
Sarah Elliger .....	Housemaid .....	Per month.. 12 00
Nena Fosdick.....	Housemaid .....	Per month.. 10 00
Thelia Krupp.....	Housemaid .....	Per month.. 10 00
Maria H. Warren.....	Seamstress .....	Per month.. 16 00
Josie M. Bancroft.....	Seamstress .....	Per month.. 16 00
Mary Wee ink .....	Seamstress .....	Per month.. 10 00
L. F. Brendler.....	Laundrer .....	Per month.. 35 00
Blanch Craven .....	Laundress .....	Per month.. 16 00
Libbie Bancroft .....	Laundress .....	Per month.. 15 00
Augusta Stopplesworth ..	Laundress .....	Per month.. 12 00
Emma Stopplesworth.....	Laundress .....	Per month.. 12 00
Mary E. Jones.....	Laundress .....	Per month.. 12 00
John Doyle .....	Engineer .....	Per month.. 75 00
E. D. North.....	Engineer assistant.....	Per month.. 39 00
Fred. North.....	Fireman .....	Per month.. 22 00
John Lyons .....	Fireman .....	Per month.. 22 00
Bernard Veith.....	Gas maker.....	Per month.. 45 00
W. J. Smith.....	Carpenter.....	Per month.. 50 00
Albert Berg .....	Carpenter.....	Per month.. 50 00
Richard Lynch.....	Mason .....	Per month.. 75 00
Patrick Welch.....	Butcher .....	Per month.. 30 00
Thomas Foy .....	Shoemaker .....	Per month.. 15 00
P. P. Schotzka .....	Gardner and farmer .....	Per year.... 800 00
Marion Baxter.....	Dairy maid .....	Per month.. 16 00
B. L. Hollister.....	Laborer.....	Per month.. 25 00
Martin Farrel .....	Laborer.....	Per month.. 25 00
J. W. Jones.....	Laborer.....	Per month.. 20 00
Thomas Fahy .....	Laborer.....	Per month.. 15 00
Geo. W. Fosdick .....	Teamster .....	Per month.. 25 00
Charles Hughes .....	Teamster .....	Per month.. 20 00
William Lyons .....	Teamster .....	Per month.. 20 00
John Dippold.....	Teamster .....	Per month.. 20 00
Martin Corcoran .....	Teamster .....	Per month.. 20 00
Martin Lyons .....	Teamster .....	Per month.. 20 00
Dennis Byrnes.....	Porter .....	Per month.. 24 00
John Moore.....	Porter .....	Per month.. 20 00
W. C. Off. ....	Office boy .....	Per month.. 10 00

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TENTH ANNUAL REPORT  
OF THE  
NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE  
FOR THE  
FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

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## RESIDENT OFFICERS.

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*Superintendent* — WALTER KEMPSTER, M. D.

*Assistant Physicians* — ALEXANDER TRAUTMAN, M. D., JOSEPH J. SHANKS, M. D.

*Steward* — JOSEPH BUTLER.

*Assistant Steward* — W. H. KINNE.

*Matron* — MRS. A. L. BUTLER.

## REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

*To the State Board of Supervision of Wisconsin Charitable,  
Reformatory and Penal Institutions:*

GENTLEMEN — In accordance with the provisions of chapter 298, Laws of Wisconsin for 1881, I have the honor to present herewith the Tenth Annual Report, pertaining to the medical department of the Northern Hospital for the Insane to the close of the fiscal year ending September 30, 1882.

The movement of population has been as follows:

	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Remaining under treatment Sept. 30, 1881.....	267	245	512
Admitted during the year .....	116	109	225
Total number under treatment.....	383	354	737
Average under treatment daily .....	.....	.....	528.75
Discharged recovered.....	37	27	64
Discharged improved....	11	15	26
Discharged unimproved .....	21	9	30
Died .....	24	29	53
Total discharged ...	93	80	173
Remaining under treatment Sept. 30, 1882.....	290	274	564

There has been a larger number of admissions during the year just closed, than in any preceding year since the hospital was opened; and towards the close of the fiscal year we have been compelled to make room for a larger number of insane than we have ever had before at one time; during a part of the month of September the number present reaching 570. Notwithstanding the crowded condition, there has been no epidemic of any kind, and the general health of the household has been good, although there has been a large number of persons admitted who were seriously diseased, and requiring much more than ordinary care and attention.



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*Northern Hospital.*

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Of the 225 admissions, there were 56 cases of melancholia, 45 cases of chronic mania, 42 cases of dementia, 33 of acute mania, 19 of sub-acute mania, 7 of paroxysmal and 7 of epileptic mania, 6 of senile dementia, 3 of mania a potu, 2 of general paresis, and 1 each of recurrent mania, post puerperal mania, epileptic dementia, melancholia with frenzy, and one who was not insane, but because of his violent behavior while under the influence of liquor he was adjudged insane and regularly committed to the hospital by the county judge.

Relative to the above mentioned figures it should be said in explanation of the names used that the term chronic mania is not intended to imply all cases of chronic or long continued insanity, but it means one type, or rather sub-division, of insanity. The terms chronic mania and chronic insanity should never be confounded, because the latter may mean the prolonged continuance of any sub-division of this disease, while the former means one particular sub-division. Several forms of insanity are long continued; indeed, all forms are protracted; it is emphatically a disease generally slow in its approach, and requiring months of treatment before convalescence is established. But, because of this fact, all forms are not to be classed as chronic mania, which, as I have heretofore said, is a term applied to a certain class of cases presenting maniacal symptoms which have continued for more than one year. The term is not to be confounded with so-called incurability, which certain superficial observers persist in doing. Of the whole number of admissions, 206 were admitted for the first time, 15 for the second time, and 4 for the third time; relative to these admissions some remarks will be made further on.

More than 75 per cent. of those admitted presented on admission the indications of slow starvation which has been mentioned in former reports of this hospital. These people had been overworked and under fed, the bodily health undermined, and quite a large proportion already showing evidences of long disease, and not a few were far advanced in the stages of consumption. It may be noticed that in the statistical tables it does not appear that these two features, that is overwork and under feeding, are given as

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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causes. In the preparation of the tables it has been thought best to adhere to the old form of giving there the "probable exciting cause," the remote cause not being given; and table No. 3 contains such facts as we have been able to gather from the relatives concerning the probable cause; but behind all this there is a history of engeneration often depending largely upon improper or insufficient food and a career of hard labor, to which may often be added the worries and frets, the hardships and exposures incident to the life of those who settle in new countries.

It should not be inferred from the foregoing that the term insufficient food means that these people could not get enough to eat, for these settlers come from a very productive country; but the fact is that very many do not have a sufficient variety of well-cooked, wholesome, nutritious food to sustain the demands made upon the system because of the labor they perform, and gradually they succumb — starved but not empty — indeed it may be said of some that they fill themselves with that which no one will buy, but filling up is not feeding, and persons improperly nourished who perform hard labor must sooner or later break down.

Of the admissions 100 had been called insane for more than one year previous to admission, and of these it was known that 29 had been insane for more than 10 years, 3 had been insane for 20 years, 1 for 24 and 1 for 30 years, while in 21 the duration was unknown; 27 of those discharged recovered had been insane for more than one year before admission, and of these 4 had been insane 2 years, 2 for 3 years, 5 for 4 years, 4 for 6 years, 1 for 7 years, and 1 for 10 years. Here, again, it will be observed that "chronic insanity" does not imply incurability; 27 of the cases discharged recovered this year having been insane for more than one year, which is the arbitrary boundary line generally employed to distinguish the acute from the non-acute or chronic cases. With such facts as these before us, and they are repeated annually, it is fair to infer that any system of providing for the insane which deprives them of the treatment needed to aid restoration is outrageous in character and should not be tolerated, no matter by whom advocated; it is better that ten persons should be cared for, for years, at any reason-

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*Northern Hospital.*

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able expense to the state, whether they recover or not, rather than that one person who might recover, with proper care, should be consigned to an establishment, no matter how well designed, which does not have for its central object the restoration of the sick. In short, it is wrong to deprive insane persons of their liberty, to remove them from the care of friends under the guise of charity, and then, because there is a lack of accommodation for them, determine that a certain class, named the "chronic insane," must go where it is impossible for them to have even good care, while proper treatment must necessarily be left out of the question; and the only argument used in favor of this kind of "care" of the "chronic insane" is that it is cheaper. It is very doubtful whether it is cheaper in the long run, even so far as it affects the direct outlay of money, and it is to be presumed that merely mercenary motives do not govern the action of the people of the state in this matter. It should be said just here, relative to the so-called county system now advocated so strenuously by certain persons in this state, that when cases which have been transferred to the county asylums become boisterous, violent or destructive, those persons are either sent to the county jail or else they are recommitted to the hospital; several such instances have occurred during the past year. And applications have been made for the readmission of others, which we have been compelled to decline, owing to the crowded state of the hospital. Any system of caring for the insane which does not have for its foundation and cornerstone that complete attention which can only be given where there is a resident physician who understands the subject, together with such attendants as may be necessary to properly care for all of the insane within its walls, is wrong in principle; and sooner or later will be upset by the action of those who have more comprehensive views of the subject and who have the real welfare of this unfortunate class at heart.

Table No. 5, showing the ages of those admitted, indicates clearly that it is when mankind has reached its prime that this disease is most active, the 30 years following the age of 21 contributing the greatest number of the insane. Ten persons were admitted who had already passed the three score and ten years allotted to

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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mankind; one well-preserved lady was received who had reached the advanced age of 92 years.

Table No. 6, showing occupation, is valuable for one point: it indicates that it is from the ranks of the working people that the largest proportion of the insane come. I mention this because the assertion is often made that it is only the "lower orders," whoever they are, that become insane, and as the "lower orders" are only drones, therefore it is not necessary to do more than feed them (fill them is evidently meant), and give them a place to sleep, because, it is urged, they are in general only a worthless class. This table shows that of the 225 admitted, there were only 11 who had no occupation, and that the occupation of ten others could not be ascertained; all the rest were engaged before the disease attacked them, in actual business of some kind, the great majority being farmers and farmers' families.

It must not be inferred from this that farming predisposes to insanity; the population from which we receive most of the insane is largely made up of farmers, hence the large number of this class admitted.

Table No. 7, showing nativity, appears to indicate that the German race is most susceptible to this disease, but the explanation is that the northern part of this state is mainly settled by Germans and people from the north of Europe, hence most of the admissions are from this class; next in number are the natives of Wisconsin and the greater number of these are descended from foreign-born parents. The statistics of the year do not differ essentially from those obtained and commented upon in the Eighth Annual Report of this Hospital, where the subject is mentioned at some length.

Table No. 10, showing hereditary tendencies and insane relatives, bears out the statements hitherto made upon this subject. During the year, 44 of those admitted had insane relatives more or less remote. There can be no doubt that the tendency to this disease may be transmitted, as is the case in other forms of disease, but it must not be inferred that the tendency always manifests itself in the descendant. Children born after one or other of the parents have been insane, are more liable to inherit the tendency

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*Northern Hospital.*

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than those born before the insanity appears in the parent; and statistics indicate that the mother transmits the tendency more frequently than the father. Well ordered lives, self-control, and good self-discipline will doubtless prevent an outbreak of the disease when the tendency has been inherited, while the reverse will be likely to precipitate an attack.

Of the admissions, 73 had either committed, attempted or threatened homicide, suicide or arson. None but those who have either committed, or have made a positive attempt or threat, which would in all probability have been carried into execution had the opportunity offered, either of the mentioned acts of violence have been included in this table — that is to say, merely idle threats are not included; yet with this large number of violently disposed persons, together with many admitted previous to this year, and with those in whom the disease manifests itself by attempted acts of violence we have had no accident of any kind, and there has been no suicide. There has been neither homicide nor suicide committed in the institution since it was opened, now nearly ten years ago.

There are two accidents to report, neither of which are chargeable to violence: one occurred to a young man who had recovered and was waiting for a relative to come after him; while performing some gymnastic exercise he slipped and fell, fracturing the right leg about half way between the knee and ankle; the second was also a fracture of the left leg, and in about the same place. An insane man who had been quite ill for some time, but who had been out of bed for several days walking about, in attempting to rise from a chair, caught his foot against a rod used to hold the chair in place, and fell over side-wise, breaking both bones about midway between knee and ankle; neither of the accidents could have been foreseen or prevented; both fractures united.

There have been two cases of confinement during the year; one woman was brought to the hospital just before delivery, which took place a few hours after admission, the reason assigned for the transfer of the woman at that time was that she had just starved one child to death under the influence of her delusions, and her friends feared she would injure her then unborn child which she had

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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threatened to do. Three other women were pregnant when admitted, but were removed before confinement, and there are at this time two others who will probably be able to return home before the time for accouchment arrives.

Table No. 18, giving the cause of death, shows that nearly one-half the deaths were caused immediately by consumption; it also shows that the forms of mental disease present in these cases when admitted, were depressing in character and lowered vitality. Ten were cases of melancholia, which is one of the most depressing of all forms of mental disease; its very existence should arouse a suspicion of unsoundness of the lung tissue. Two were cases of sub-acute mania; 7 of chronic mania, 1 of paroxysmal mania, and 3 of dementia.

There were 3 deaths caused by acute meningitis, 3 were the result of epilepsy, 3 of acute enteritis, 1 of tabes mesenterica, 5 of cerebral serous effusion, 3 of apoplexy, 1 of dropsy, 1 of gastric hemorrhage, 3 of chronic brain wasting, 2 of valvular disease of the heart, 3 of general paresis, and one case of strangulated hernia.

Several of these cases were brought to the hospital almost *morbund*, and died shortly after admission. Some were brought in such a state of exhaustion that they never rallied, although they lived a few days, but there is an excuse for it in some cases.

In some forms of mania violence may become excessive towards the end of life; and this accession of violence is not infrequently mistaken for a renewal of former violent attacks, and the person is hurried from home to prevent injury to self or others before the real condition of affairs is discovered. No less than 3 cases admitted this year were of this character, and the friends were informed on the day of admission that it would be a matter of hours only before death.

Three were admitted who were old, very infirm and difficult to care for; having exhausted the strength and patience of relatives or friends, they were brought to the hospital, not with any hope that they could be cured or even materially benefitted, but simply because they had worn out the endurance of their own kindred in caring

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*Northern Hospital.*

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for them. It would have been inhuman to send them back, and, being properly provided with commitment papers, they were received.

From time to time, since this hospital was opened, quite a number of young persons have been admitted, including both sexes, generally in a condition of acute insanity — noisy, boisterous, and violent in speech and behavior; after a residence of a few months the violent behavior subsides and genteel deportment succeeds. The cases referred to are generally affable, and, prior to the insanity, are not infrequently known as very agreeable companions, fond of social life, quick, obliging, and, in every way, pleasant. As the insanity subsides, all these good qualities re-appear, and they again become the life of the circle of associates they make in the hospital. They eventually become, in all perceptible ways, the same as before, and return home recovered; after being at home a longer or shorter time they break down again, and return as bad or worse than before; after about the same time spent in the hospital they again recover, and go home to return again and again, and travel over the same round of hospital life and discipline. A study of these cases has convinced me that there is a class of persons who require, for the proper maintenance of their mental equipoise, the restraining influences of a controlling power; that so long as this is exercised they do well; when this is removed, and the checks and restraining influences are withdrawn, the individual, being left to guide himself, soon becomes irregular in his social and domestic life, loses flesh, appetite and sleep, and soon manifests most unmistakable evidences of insanity, and is returned to the hospital, to go through another and similar experience. The mental state observed in these cases is peculiar to the class and is generally characterized by excessive good nature, often involving the individual in no end of trouble, because of a volubility of expression and a diffuseness in his manner that enters into everything he undertakes, but which he does not recall a moment afterwards. Appointments made, promises given, engagements undertaken all meet the same fate — oblivion — wholesale disregard of the usual proprieties of life common to most people makes the daily round of unrest; the law of mine and thine

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being sadly shaken, if not uprooted, until finally a burst of passion of some kind brings on violence, incoherence and often destructiveness, making immediate incarceration a necessity. The conditions here outlined are of such a character that there can be no question about the insanity of the person even from the beginning of the attack, but an improvident policy on the part of relatives often permits the persons to roam about the neighborhood until some outrageous act determines the authorities to confine the persons, when, as above remarked, they return to the hospital to pass through the same general experience as in former attacks. In this class important results follow the mere regularity of hospital life, good food, regular hours, abundant sleep, wholesome companionship appear to be the only atmosphere in which these cases can thrive, and there they do thrive, elsewhere they do not stand the strain, and gradually break down. Such cases cannot be retained in the hospital forever. When recovery recurs they must again go forth into the world, but it may be said of them, they go but to return, the interval between the visits being longer or shorter as the brain is more or less able to meet the draft made upon it, generally from six months to one year intervening, my observation of this class being that they do not have to work hard for sustenance. Of the ten or more cases now in this hospital nearly all are members of farmers' families beyond the necessity of severe mental or muscular labor, belonging to the so-called "well-to-do." Neither are they of those who have bad habits, although the men nearly all use tobacco, and, as they break down in health, the quantity increases until some literally eat it. Then not infrequently some form of stimulant supplants tobacco, but is not used during the interval of mental equipoise. During this period their habits of life do not differ in any respect from those usual in the community in which they are reared; they are in all respects sane, and in this interval do all things in a straight forward manner. A proportion of these cases realize when the change towards insanity commences, and seek help before the outbreak comes. It is interesting to note that in these cases perfect mental rest and uniformity and regularity in life brings about restoration and averts



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the full attack; thus we have some cases who return to the Hospital alone as soon as the first well-known symptoms occur, and ask permission to remain until well again, sad experience having taught them that to disregard these warnings results disastrously and entails all the discomforts of the complete attack. It is no unusual thing for hospitals to have more than one of these cases who do not wish to go away at any time, and it is not because they are lazy or disinclined to work; some work cheerfully all day at some light occupation and prefer to do so rather than return to good homes with all the comforts. Some will not voluntarily go away, and if removed seek the first opportunity to return regularly committed, fearing the terrors of the acute attack and preferring hospital life to their own homes. It may be inferred by some that there is perhaps a doubt about the insanity of this class — that they are people who conjure up shadows and are frightened by them. I do not confound that class with the persons I describe. The insanity of the persons under consideration is beyond question, being, as before remarked, of a violent type when fully developed, and it goes rapidly to full development unless checked. It may be said that these persons never fully recover but should be classed with paroxysmal or periodic cases of insanity. They belong to neither of those divisions — the disease is different in nearly all respects. These forms are used in the classification employed here; but these cases cannot be placed in either of these divisions; because the symptoms are not common to either — the disease is not the same. The oft repeated questions, "What is insanity?" What are its manifestations? how may it be distinguished? etc., etc., have been thoroughly discussed by every one during the past year, and the discussions indicate very clearly that not only the laity but a certain proportion of professional gentlemen, some of whom are called "experts," are not agreed upon the subject. The shades of distinction have been brought by certain persons to such a nicety that a sneeze is a short and mild attack of epilepsy, while an act, differing in slight degree only from acts common to the examiner, are to him evidences of insanity, his own standard being the gauge by which he measures others — thus, to one a "lop-sided smile," or a

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minute deviation from an idealistic shape of the head, are decided evidences of insanity;—to another, one person out of five throughout the entire community is or will be insane;—to another, the fact that a man on trial for his life is permitted to abuse a witness testifying against him (never abusing those who testify for him); and accompanies his words by thumping a table with his fist to give emphasis to his remarks, is “undoubtedly insane,” although the form of insanity cannot be named to which the case should be assigned; and so on, until one would infer, from reasons set forth to prove the existence of this delicately-shaded mental disease, that any sharp, shrewd person is actually insane, and should not, therefore, be called to an account for his misdeeds or punished for them; indeed, there are those who consider crime an evidence of insanity; and so it is, if we stretch the meaning of the word insanity so as to cover unsoundness in morals, instead of limiting it to unsoundness of the body—disease. Society, however, is not yet ready to accept the dogmas proclaimed by such hot-bed treatment of a subject which has well-defined limits. To say that such an one will eventually become insane is an admission that insanity does not yet exist—true, any one “may become insane.” So one may have “small-pox,” but because the liability exists, it would not be policy to send everybody to small-pox hospitals to prevent the disease from appearing. It is perhaps fortunate for society that these microscopic-eyed experts are not common, otherwise we should have one out of five in insane asylums, while every one who smiled “lop-sided” would be adjudged a lunatic until he could correct this “deviation from the normal type;” and should a crime be committed by him, his “lop-sided” smile would be urged in his defense as evidence of his insanity and consequent irresponsibility. It is impossible to conjecture what might have been the fate of Amos B. Alcott, that man of extraordinary mental vigor, who for a long time refused to wear woolen clothing because the wool was shorn from sheep’s backs, who would not wear cotton because it was the product of slave labor; of John Woolman, who declined to wear cotton for the same reason, and who would not wear dyed goods because they misrepresented

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nature; of Thoreau, who shunned the ordinary haunts of men, and led the life of a recluse, preferring the wildness of nature, where he could commune with nature's God, to the common place of town life, and yet from his seclusion gave to the world exquisite passages, drawn from his experiences, indicative of genius; of Goodyear, whose remarkable tenacity to the cause which engaged his attention, led him through the most trying ordeals humanity can be subjected to; and yet he won the plaudits of the world; or of Ben. Jonson, who saw Turks, Tartars, Romans and Carthaginians fighting about his great toe." I say, it is impossible to conjecture what might have been the fate of such as these, if some of our so-called experts, who shade distinctions so delicately that none but themselves see differences, had they been called upon to give an opinion upon the mental condition of either during the period when they were most intently engaged upon the subjects peculiar to each. Such people may be "cracked," to use a common expression, but, as Dr. Parr says, it is a crack which lets in the light. One of the safest guides in determining this question, is to compare the individual with himself, comparing the characteristics of to-day with those which have been common to the man through life—mere eccentricity is not insanity, and religious beliefs, although they may appear to the irreligious or to another sect, absurd and extravagant, cannot be urged as evidence of insanity; neither can we compare one class of society with another in determining the existence of insanity, because that which would be the usual avocation pertaining to one class would be considered a departure from mental health if assumed by a member of another class. Thus, a banker follows a certain line of thought and action in his business; so does the swine-herd, each, in his place, performing the duties common to the business. It would be improper to compare the banker with the swine-herd's standard, or the reverse; it would be improper to say that because the banker was afraid to grovel in the filth common to the swine-herd, therefore he was insane; and it would be equally improper to say that because the swine-herd did not wear immaculate linen he was insane. So among those who have chosen to follow the life

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of a criminal, it would be improper to compare their methods with the methods of those who have not led a criminal life. And it is just here that I think errors in judgment creep into the opinions of some who mean to be exactly fair in estimating the mental condition of suspected persons. Here we have such questions as how could he do so and so? he must be insane to do such a deed — why, the motive is so slight! Viewing the subject from a high moral standpoint, perhaps the motive does appear insufficient; but criminals do not look upon motives to crime from such standpoints—they view them from their own, a criminal standpoint, hence to judge of their motives correctly they must be viewed from the moral plane upon which each criminal stands, and not from that high moral standpoint common to good citizens. The symptoms of insanity are so well defined as to be clearly understood by those observers who have given sufficient attention to the subject to entitle their opinions to weight. Ordinarily the doubts raised before juries are introduced by a class of persons who have either had but little opportunity for observation, basing their claims to expertness upon knowledge derived from reading books or pamphlets, written by obscure persons, holding extraordinary opinions upon the subject, or upon a few days observation of a few cases occurring in their own career. It is my impression that differences of opinion about certain cases of insanity, especially where the question involves the subject of criminality, arises more directly and frequently from the position taken by the observer, than from any other cause. To some a great crime is regarded as an evidence of insanity. So, too, they regard all suicides as insane persons, because they cannot understand why sane persons could either kill others or themselves. They view all motives in all men from the high moral plane upon which they themselves stand, and any gross departure from that standpoint they regard as an evidence of insanity, failing to realize the fact that the criminal takes an entirely different stand, and views them from his position, which being out of harmony with well regulated society, the individual is, according to this higher standard, insane. The more conservative, however, consider a condition

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which does not present any of the ordinary aspects of disease to be immorality, wickedness and not insanity, holding the view that disease cannot exist any considerable time without presenting some symptoms, and that the brain is subject to the same general laws which govern health and disease in the other organs of the body; that because it is the organ through which the man thinks, therefore, it possesses a charmed existence which exempts it from the ordinary results of disease, but that it is subject to the same general conditions which affect all other organs, and that a condition in one person which we call criminality, which does not differ in any essential from conditions noted in others presenting like conditions, can not be in the one case immorality and wickedness and in the other insanity. It is a somewhat remarkable circumstance that a condition called by some "moral insanity," is very rarely met with except in courts of law, and then only when the person thus affected stands charged with some crime and is on trial for the offense. In my own experience, I have never met with a case of the kind,—that is, so-called "moral insanity," except in the court room, where the individual was on trial for a life crime. In one case, during the incarceration which followed the sentence, the person presented no evidence of insanity for a period of five years, and since the release, now about five years, that person has led an orderly, well regulated life, and does so to this day, and yet at the trial, all the so-called evidences of "moral insanity" were paraded before the jury in extenuation, but the symptoms were the same in all respects as those which are called wickedness, and the jury concluded that it was wickedness, and found accordingly. The so-called symptoms of "moral insanity" were followed by the crime of murder and a desperate attempt at suicide, and yet, to my mind, there was no evidence of genuine insanity in the individual, and I so testified. There has been no evidence of insanity since; there was a complete subsidence of all the symptoms which were paraded as evidences of insanity as soon as the person was lodged in prison. It cannot be denied that immorality, especially that form which gives loose rein to the appetites and passions,

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will end in insanity and not infrequently does so, but when it thus terminates the disease, the insanity is as readily distinguished as from any other cause, and not infrequently is much more easily recognized, even in its earlier stages, than when it follows some other cause. It is almost the unanimous testimony of those who have given loose rein to some appetite, that in attempting to overcome it they have to struggle severely, but that perseverance enables them to conquer, and the victory comes earlier or later, depending somewhat upon the characteristics of the individual. Some persevere until they overcome, despite the struggle; some fight valiantly for awhile, then when appetite returns they yield, and in yielding often say, "I cannot resist; it must be disease, because I can not overcome it," and then attempt to stifle conscience by attributing their own weakness to disease. The time comes when disease appears, but when it appears it has well defined symptoms, not alone of perverted morals, but the well-known symptoms of disease, of disease clearly defined by the changed conditions of the bodily health, a disease which passes through its various phases step by step to recovery, or else ends in chronicity and death.

During the year just closed the Rev. Father O'Malley, the Rev. Father Schutte, and the Rev. Mr. Daib have frequently performed religious services, for which I desire to return them thanks; also to Dr. William Decker for his gratuitous professional services as dentist; also to the publishers and proprietors of the following named papers, for furnishing copies of their publications, free of charge:

Appleton Crescent.

Appleton Post.

Brandon Times.

Der Banner und Volksfreund.

Der Nord-Western.

Der Herold.

Fond du Lac Democrat.

Germania.

Milwaukee Freie Presse.

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Sontags Blatt.  
Volks' Magazine.  
Green Bay Advocate.  
Green Bay State Gazette.  
Marinette and Peshtigo Eagle.  
New London Times.  
Oshkosh Times.  
Oshkosh Northwestern (weekly).  
Ripon Commonwealth.  
Ripon Free Press.  
Waupaca Republican.  
Wisconsin Free Press.  
Wisconsin River Pilot.

We wish the list was longer; papers are eagerly sought for by the inmates, and it is doubtful whether copies of the papers furnished have any more careful readers elsewhere than are to be found here. We bespeak for our patients a continuance of these favors.

In closing this report I desire to call attention to the fact that we have had during the year an unusually large number of cases requiring very close medical attention owing to the severity of the disease; it has made extraordinary drafts upon the medical officers; with the number at present employed it is impossible to devote the necessary time and attention that the patients must have and keep up the records as they should be.

I would, therefore, respectfully suggest that there should be one more assistant added to the present number, making three assistants for what will very soon be 600 inmates, a proportion small enough to do well all that is necessary to be done.

Very respectfully,

WALTER KEMPSTER.

WINNEBAGO, September 30, 1882.

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE No. I.

*Showing movement of household for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1882.*

	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Remaining under treatment September 30, 1881.....	267	245	512
Admitted during the year.....	116	109	225
Total number under treatment.....	883	354	737
Average under treatment daily : .....			528.75
Discharged, recovered.....	37	27	64
Discharged, improved.....	11	15	26
Discharged, unimproved .....	21	9	30
Died.....	24	29	53
Total discharged.....	93	80	173
Remaining under treatment September 30, 1882.....	290	274	564

TABLE No. II.

*Showing the form of insanity in those admitted.*

	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Melancholia .....	24	33	56
Acute mania .....	18	15	33
Sub-acute mania .....	14	5	19
Chronic mania .....	15	30	45
Paroxysmal mania.....	3	4	7
Epileptic mania .....	5	2	7
Dementia.....	27	15	42
Senile dementia .....	4	2	6
General paresis .....	1	1	2
Recurrent mania.....	1		1
Post-puerperal mania.....		1	1
Epileptic dementia .....	1		1
Mania a potu .....	2	1	3
Melancholia with frenzy .....		1	1
Not insane .....	1		1
Total .....	116	109	225



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TABLE No. III.

*Showing probable exciting causes in those admitted.*

	Male.	Female	Total.
Acute meningitis.....	3	1	3
Sub-acute meningitis.....	20	9	29
Chronic meningitis.....	5	3	8
Injury to head.....	6	2	8
Epilepsy.....	8	5	13
Intemperance.....	18	4	17
Masturbation.....	12	.....	12
Menstrual irregularity.....	.....	6	6
Puerperal state.....	.....	9	9
General ill-health.....	6	8	14
Ill-health, seq. overwork, grief and anxiety.....	14	17	31
Ill-health, seq. insomnia and privation.....	2	9	11
Ill-health, seq. pneumonia and measles.....	2	.....	2
Second climacteric period.....	.....	7	7
Senility.....	3	5	8
Sunstroke.....	1	1	2
Imbecility.....	1	.....	1
Phthisis pulmonalis.....	1	.....	1
Scrofulosis.....	.....	3	3
Nostalgia.....	1	1	2
Metastatic rheumatism.....	1	.....	1
Post connubial.....	1	.....	1
Cerebral hemorrhage.....	1	.....	1
Heredity.....	3	2	5
Not insane.....	1	.....	1
Unknown.....	12	17	29
Total.....	116	109	225

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE NO. IV.

*Showing duration of insanity previous to admission.*

	Male.	Female.	Total.		Male.	Female.	Total.
Three days .....	2	1	3	One year.....	4	5	9
Four days .....	1	1	2	Two years.....	11	3	14
Five days .....	2	2	4	Two and a half years.	1	2	3
Seven days.....	7	2	9	Three years .....	6	8	14
Ten days.....	2	6	8	Four years .....	2	3	5
Twenty days .....	1	1	2	Three and a half years	1	1	2
Few days.....	1	1	2	Four and a half years	1	1	2
Two weeks.....	5	2	7	Five years.....	2	1	3
Three weeks.....	1	2	3	Six years.....	1	2	3
Four weeks.....	4	2	6	Seven years .....	3	4	7
Six weeks.....	1	1	2	Eight years.....	1	2	3
Seven weeks .....	2	2	4	Nine years.....	1	1	2
Nine weeks .....	1	1	2	Ten years .....	2	3	5
One month.....	4	3	7	Twelve years.....	1	1	2
Two months.....	6	3	9	Fourteen years.....	1	2	3
Three months.....	5	2	7	Fifteen years.....	1	1	2
Four months.....	4	2	6	Sixteen years .....	4	1	5
Five months.....	3	1	4	Eighteen years .....	1	1	2
Six months.....	5	5	10	Twenty years... ..	1	2	3
Seven months.....	3	3	6	Twenty-one years.....	1	2	3
Eight months .....	2	2	4	Twenty-two years.....	1	1	2
Nine months.....	1	4	5	Twenty-four years ..	1	1	2
Ten months.....	2	1	3	Thirty years.....	1	1	2
Eleven months .....	1	1	2	Several years .....	4	1	5
Fourteen months .....	1	1	2	Many years.....	1	1	2
Eighteen months .....	1	3	4	Unknown .....	11	10	21
Twenty months.....	1	1	2				
Total. ....	116	109	225				

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TABLE NO. V.

*Showing age of those admitted.*

	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Ten to fifteen years .....	.....	1	1
Ffteen to twenty years .....	5	6	11
Twenty to twenty-five years .....	17	15	32
Twenty-five to thirty years .....	21	11	32
Thirty to thirty-five years .....	15	13	28
Thirty-five to forty years .....	9	16	25
Forty to forty-five years....	11	12	23
Forty-five to fifty years.....	5	6	11
Ffty to fifty-five years.....	6	4	10
Fifty-five to sixty years .....	6	7	13
Sixty to sixty five years .....	6	9	15
Sixty-five to seventy years.....	8	4	12
Seventy to seventy-five years .....	4	2	6
Seventy-five to eighty years .....	.....	1	1
Eighty to eighty-five years .....	1	1	2
Ninety to ninety-five years.....	.....	1	1
Unknown .....	2	.....	2
Total.....	116*	109	225

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE No. VI.

*Showing occupation of those admitted.*

	Male.	Female.	Total.		Male.	Female.	Total.
Housekeeper .....	...	71	71	Stone cutter .....	1	...	1
Farmer .....	44	...	44	Tailor .....	1	...	1
Laborer .....	34	1	35	Conductor .....	1	...	1
Domestic .....	...	14	14	Paper maker .....	1	...	1
None .....	3	8	11	Cooper .....	1	...	1
Blacksmith .....	3	...	3	Bookkeeper .....	1	...	1
Carpenter .....	3	...	3	School teacher .....	1	1	2
Student .....	3	...	3	Photographer .....	1	...	1
Printer .....	2	...	2	Medical Student .....	1	...	1
Merchant .....	2	...	2	Engineer .....	1	...	1
Broker .....	1	...	1	Mechanic .....	1	...	1
Cabinet maker .....	1	...	1	Fisherman .....	1	...	1
Moulder .....	1	...	1	Assistant housekeeper .....	...	1	1
Lumber inspector .....	1	...	1	Tailoress .....	...	1	1
Station agent .....	1	...	1	Laundress .....	...	2	2
Peddler .....	1	...	1	Seamstress .....	...	1	1
Wagon maker .....	1	...	1	Housemaid .....	...	1	1
Shoemaker .....	1	...	1	Unknown .....	2	8	10
Total .....	116	109	225				

TABLE No. VII.

*Showing nativity of those admitted.*

	Male.	Female.	Total.		Male.	Female.	Total.
United States .....	50	46	96	England .....	2	2	4
Germany .....	21	28	49	Bohemia .....	2	2	4
Ireland .....	12	13	25	Switzerland .....	1	2	3
Norway .....	5	3	8	Holland .....	1	2	3
Denmark .....	3	4	7	Belgium .....	...	1	1
Canada .....	4	1	5	Scotland .....	...	1	1
Prussia .....	4	1	5	Finland .....	1	...	1
Sweden .....	3	1	4	Unknown .....	7	2	9
Total .....	116	109	225				

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TABLE No. VIII.

*Showing the degree of education of those admitted.*

	Male.	Fem.	Total.		Male.	Fem.	Total.
Collegiate .....	1	....	1	Reads .....	2	6	8
Academic .....	....	1	1	None .....	8	17	25
Good .....	6	....	6	Unknown .....	18	11	29
Common .....	81	74	155				
Total .....					116	109	225

TABLE No. IX.

*Showing civil condition of those admitted.*

	Male.	Fem.	Total.		Male.	Fem.	Total.
Single .....	56	29	85	Divorced .....	1	2	3
Married .....	47	52	99	Unknown .....	1	1	2
Widowed .....	11	25	36				
Total .....					116	109	225

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE. NO. X.

*Showing hereditary transmission in patients, and the insane relations of those admitted.*

	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Father insane .....	2	1	3
Mother, insane .....	2	2	4
Father, mother and brother insane .....	1	...	1
Father and maternal grandmother insane .....	...	1	1
Mother and brother insane .....	1	...	1
Mother, brother and cousins insane .....	1	...	1
Mother, sister and others on maternal side insane .....	1	...	1
Mother and maternal aunt insane .....	1	...	1
Brother insane .....	2	3	5
Two sisters insane .....	...	1	1
Three half-sisters and husband insane .....	...	1	1
Sister insane .....	1	1	2
Sister insane; father and mother "slightly insane" .....	...	1	1
Paternal grandmother and aunt insane .....	1	...	1
Paternal grandmother and uncle insane .....	1	...	1
Paternal grandfather insane .....	1	...	1
Paternal grandmother insane .....	...	2	2
Mother and grandmother insane .....	...	1	1
Three paternal uncles and one maternal aunt insane .....	...	1	1
Paternal uncle insane .....	1	...	1
Uncle and brother insane .....	1	...	1
Paternal uncle, son and daughter insane .....	1	...	1
Grandmother insane .....	...	1	1
Maternal uncle insane .....	1	2	...
Niece insane .....	1	...	1
Paternal aunt insane .....	1	1	2
Cousin insane .....	1	1	2
Husband and daughter insane .....	...	1	1
Brother idiotic .....	1	...	1
Total .....	23	21	44

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TABLE NO. XI.

*Showing those who threatened, attempted or committed suicide, homicide, rape, arson, etc.*

	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Attempted suicide.....	9	16	25
Attempted homicide.....	7	2	9
Threatened suicide.....	7	5	12
Threatened homicide.....	6	5	11
Threatened homicide and suicide.....	2	...	2
Attempted homicide and suicide.....	1	2	3
Attempted suicide and arson.....	...	2	2
Attempted homicide, threatened suicide ..	1	...	1
Threatened homicide, attempted suicide.....	1	2	2
Threatened and attempted suicide, threatened homicide.....	1	...	1
Strong desire to commit arson.....	1	...	1
Threatened arson.....	...	1	1
Attempted arson.....	1	...	1
Committed arson.....	...	1	1
Committed homicide.....	1	...	1
Total .....	38	35	73

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE No. XII.

*Showing hereditary predisposition to insanity in those admitted who threatened or attempted suicide or homicide.*

	Attempted suicide.		Threatened suicide.		Threatened and attempted suicide; threatened homicide.	Attempted homicide, and threat- ened suicide.	Total.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	M.	M.	F.
Father and maternal grandmother insane .....	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Mother insane .....	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
Mother and brother insane .....	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...
Paternal grandmother insane .....	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Paternal grandmother and aunt insane .....	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Mother and maternal aunt insane .....	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Brother insane .....	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Two sisters insane .....	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
Sister insane .....	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Maternal uncle insane .....	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1
Cousin insane .....	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Niece insane .....	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
Brother epileptic .....	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Total .....	2	6	1	3	1	1	5	9



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TABLE No. XI.

*Showing those who threatened, attempted or committed suicide, homicide, rape, arson, etc.*

	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Attempted suicide.....	9	16	25
Attempted homicide.....	7	2	9
Threatened suicide.....	7	5	12
Threatened homicide.....	6	5	11
Threatened homicide and suicide.....	2	...	2
Attempted homicide and suicide.....	1	2	3
Attempted suicide and arson.....	...	2	2
Attempted homicide, threatened suicide ..	1	...	1
Threatened homicide, attempted suicide.....	1	2	2
Threatened and attempted suicide, threatened homicide.....	1	...	1
Strong desire to commit arson.....	1	...	1
Threatened arson.....	...	1	1
Attempted arson.....	1	...	1
Committed arson.....	...	1	1
Committed homicide.....	1	...	1
Total .....	38	35	73

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*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE NO. XII.

*Showing hereditary predisposition to insanity in those admitted who threatened or attempted suicide or homicide.*

	Attempted suicide.		Threatened suicide.		Threatened and attempted suicide; threatened homicide.	Attempted homicide, and threat- ened suicide.	Total.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	M.	M.	F.
Father and maternal grandmother insane .....	1							1
Mother insane .....		1						1
Mother and brother insane .....			1				1	
Paternal grandmother insane .....	1							1
Paternal grandmother and aunt insane .....	1						1	
Mother and maternal aunt insane .....	1						1	
Brother insane .....	1							1
Two sisters insane .....				1				1
Sister insane .....	1							1
Maternal uncle insane .....				1	1		1	1
Cousin insane .....	1							1
Niece insane .....						1	1	
Brother epileptic .....	1							1
Total .....	2	6	1	3	1	1	5	9

*Northern Hospital.*

TABLE No. XVI.

FORM OF INSANITY AT THE TIME OF ADMISSION.	CAUSE OF DEATH.																													
	Phthisis pulmonalis.			Acute enteritis.			Epilepsy.		Meningitis.		Tabes Mesenterica.		Serous effusion (Cerebral).		Apoplexy.		Ascites.		Gastric hemorrhage.		Chronic brain wasting.		General Paresis.		Valvular disease of heart.		Strangulated Hernia.		Total.	
	M	F		M	F	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Melancholia .....	2	7						2	1	1			1													1	5	10		
Acute mania .....						1	1			1											1						2	2		
Sub-acute mania .....	2				1							1																2	2	
Chronic mania .....	2	5			1							2																2	8	
Paroxysmal mania .....		1																			1							1	1	
Epileptic mania .....			1		1																1							1	1	
General paresis .....																					1							1		
Dementia .....	1	3				1						2		1									3			1	5	4		
Semile dementia .....													1													1		5		
Melancholia with frenzy .....		1																											1	
Total .....	7	17		1	2		3	3	1	5	3	1	1	1	3	3	2	2	1	2	3	2	1	2	1	4	29			

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE No. XVII.

AGE AT THE TIME OF DEATH.	CAUSE OF DEATH.															
	Phthisis pulmonalis.		Acute enteritis.		Epilepsy.		Meningitis.		Tabes Mesenterica.		Serois effusion (Cerebral).		Apoplexy.		Ascites.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
20 to 25 years .....	1	1														1
25 to 30 years .....	2	1	1										1	1		6
30 to 35 years .....	1	6											1			2
35 to 40 years .....		3			2	1										1
40 to 45 years .....		3				1	1								1	5
45 to 50 years .....	1	1			1	1		1								2
55 to 60 years .....		1	1	1		1										2
60 to 65 years .....									1	1						3
65 to 70 years .....		1									1				2	2
70 to 75 years .....	1										1					1
75 to 80 years .....															1	1
80 to 85 years .....													1			1
Unknown.....	1															1
Total .....	7	17	1	2	3	3	1	5	3	1	1	3	3	2	1	24

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*Northern Hospital.*


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TABLE No. XVIII.

*Showing duration of insanity in those who died.*

	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Between three and four weeks.....	1	...	1
Between one and three months.....	3	...	3
Between three and six months.....	3	2	5
Between six and twelve months.....	1	5	6
Between one and two years.....	4	1	5
Between two and three years.....	3	6	9
Between three and four years.....	2	1	3
Between four and five years.....	3	2	5
Between five and six years.....	4	4	8
Between six and seven years.....	2	2	4
Between seven and eight years.....	1	2	3
Between ten and eleven years.....	1	1	2
Between twelve and thirteen years.....	1	1	2
Between thirteen and fourteen years.....	1	1	2
Between fifteen and sixteen years.....	1	1	2
Between sixteen and seventeen years.....	1	1	2
Unknown.....	1	1	2
Total.....	24	29	53

TABLE No. XIX.

*Showing general statistics of the Hospital from its opening, May 11, 1873, to September 30, 1882.*

	Male.	Fem.	Total.	Male.	Fem.	Total.
Total number admitted.....	...	...	...	969	933	1,902
Total number discharged recovered.....	201	194	395	...	...	...
Total number discharged improved.....	140	178	318	...	...	...
Total number discharged unimproved.....	164	108	272	...	...	...
Total number discharged sober.....	6	1	7	...	...	...
Total number discharged not insane.....	2	5	7	...	...	...
Total number died.....	166	173	339	...	...	...
Total number discharged.....	...	...	...	679	659	1,338
Total number in hospital September 30, 1882.....	...	...	...	290	274	564

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE No. XX.

*Showing number of admissions to the hospital of those admitted during the year.*

	Male.	Female	Total.
Admitted for the first time .....	108	103	206
Admitted for the second time.....	11	4	15
Admitted for the third time .....	2	2	4
Total.....	116	109	225

TABLE No. XXI.

*Showing the number recovered from previous insanity in those recovered during the year.*

	Male.	Fem.	Tot.
Recovered from the first attack.....	30	23	53
Recovered from the second attack.....	6	4	10
Recovered from the fourth attack.....	1	.....	1
Total .....	37	27	64

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*Northern Hospital.*


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TABLE No. XXII.

*Showing number of patients in the Northern Hospital for the Insane, from the several counties and from the state at large, September 30, 1882.*

Ashland .....	2	Marquette .....	10
Brown .....	28	Milwaukee .....	6
Calumet .....	21	Oconto .....	12
Chippewa .....	6	Outagamie .....	38
Clark .....	10	Ozaukee .....	15
Columbia .....	1	Portage .....	14
Dodge .....	40	Racine .....	22
Door .....	7	Rock .....	7
Eau Claire .....	2	Shawano .....	10
Fond du Lac .....	44	Sheboygan .....	20
Grant .....	1	Taylor .....	2
Green Lake .....	8	Walworth .....	2
Jefferson .....	5	Washington .....	23
Kenosha .....	15	Waukesha .....	21
Kewaunee .....	13	Waupaca .....	20
Langlade .....	1	Waushara .....	9
Lincoln .....	1	Winnebago .....	36
Manitowoc .....	37	Wood .....	9
Marathon .....	12	State at large .....	26
Marinette .....	8		
Total .....			564

## MATRON'S REPORT

*Of articles made in Northern Hospital for the Insane from October 1, 1881 to October 1, 1882.*

Aprons .....	440	Napkins .....	24
Bedspreads .....	46	Nightdresses .....	108
Bedquilt .....	1	Pillow-cases .....	107
Bedticks .....	66	Pillow-ticks .....	67
Chemise .....	127	Sacques .....	51
Coffee-bags .....	12	Sheets .....	354
Cuffs, pairs .....	2	Shirts .....	288
Curtains .....	124	Skirts .....	190
Drawers, pairs .....	344	Straight-suits .....	21
Dresses .....	464	Table cloths .....	7
Handkerchiefs .....	82	Table spreads .....	4
Holders .....	184	Towels .....	547
Hose, pair .....	50	Underwaists .....	7
Jackets .....	25	Wrappers .....	150
Mittens, pairs .....	3		

*Financial Exhibit.*

## FINANCIAL EXHIBITS.

## STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.

1881.			
Oct. 1	Balance .....		\$16,179 72
1882.			
Jan. 1	From Counties.....		45,531 17
Feb. 2	Deficiency appropriations, ch. 4, Laws 1882.....		12,000 00
Mar. 2	Appropriation ch. 33, Laws 1882.....		52 000 00
Sep. 30	Balance special appropriation, storm windows .....		08
Sep. 30	Balance special appropriation, dry room.....		48
Sep. 30	Balance special appropriation, weigh scales .....		04
Sep. 30	Balance special appropriation, new pipe.....		1 59
Sep. 30	From steward for board and clothing patients .....		3,575 70
Sep. 30	From steward for sundries .....		2,364 79
June 1	Transfer to State Board of Supervision.....	\$4,257 38	
Sep. 30	Paid on account current expenses this year.....	96,948 72	
	Paid on account indebtedness previous year .....	3,835 19	
	Balance appropriation in State Treasury .....	\$24,237 31	
	Balance in hands of treasurer of the institution .....	2,016 34	
	Balance in hands of steward .....	358 68	26,612 33
		<u>\$131,658 57</u>	<u>\$131,658 57</u>
Oct. 1	Balance available.....		26,612 33



## Northern Hospital.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSES AT THE NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE FOR THE  
FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Inventory Septem- ber 30, 1881.	Purchased during the year.	Transferred to this account during the year.	Total.	Inventory, Sept. 30, 1882.	Cash received on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account during the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
Amusement and instruction .....	\$1,980 88	\$103 49	.....	\$2,084 37	\$1,961 35	.....	.....	\$1,961 35	.....	\$133 02
Barn, farm and garden .....	10,103 36	707 10	.....	10,810 46	11,967 00	.....	\$7,100 70	19,203 70	\$3,393 24	.....
Clothing .....	4,362 89	2,208 13	.....	6,571 02	1,935 02	4 65	.....	1,939 67	.....	4,631 35
Discharged patients .....	.....	101 75	.....	101 75	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,101 75
Discounts .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	34 49	34 49	34 49	.....
Drug and medical department .....	907 21	2,468 53	.....	3,375 74	792 95	11 24	.....	804 19	.....	2,571 55
Engine and boilers .....	19,763 54	1,499 58	.....	21,263 12	19,679 15	.....	.....	19,679 15	.....	133 97
Elopers .....	.....	31 32	.....	31 32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	31 32
Freight and express .....	.....	13 65	.....	13 65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13 65
Furniture .....	10,278 00	.....	315 05	10,593 05	10,458 75	.....	.....	10,453 75	.....	134 30
Fuel .....	4,607 50	23,189 66	270 00	27,067 16	14,040 00	.....	1,877 85	15,877 85	.....	11,189 31
Gas and other lights .....	1,009 73	116 35	1,877 85	3,003 93	1,020 29	.....	.....	1,020 29	.....	1,963 64
Hides and pelts .....	.....	1,794 70	.....	1,794 70	.....	1,794 70	.....	1,794 70	.....	.....
House furnishing .....	16,069 59	1,533 20	108 00	17,705 79	15,359 06	.....	.....	15,359 06	.....	2,316 73
Interest and exchange .....	.....	42 63	.....	42 63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42 63
Laundry .....	1,960 12	432 84	640 43	3,033 44	1,925 30	.....	.....	1,925 30	.....	1,108 14
Laboratory .....	1,950 24	.....	.....	1,950 24	1,946 21	.....	.....	1,946 21	.....	4 03
Library .....	2,338 75	199 50	.....	2,538 25	2,348 50	.....	.....	2,348 50	.....	179 75
Machinery and tools .....	3,361 81	164 21	.....	3,526 02	3,216 25	.....	.....	3,216 25	.....	309 77
Miscellaneous .....	1,230 82	96 32	.....	1,327 14	949 50	8 00	.....	957 50	.....	369 64
Officers' expenses .....	.....	6 85	.....	6 85	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6 85
Printing, postage, stationery and telegraph .....	298 84	294 56	.....	593 40	182 21	.....	.....	163 21	.....	871 19
Repairs and renewals .....	1,743 49	440 75	.....	2,184 24	1,391 17	.....	123 39	1,514 56	.....	640 68

*Financial Exhibit.*

Restraints.....	294 88	79 70	374 58	886 28	386 28	38 30
Real estate, including buildings, etc.....	720,045 05	16 90	720,061 95	720,045 05	720,045 05	16 90
Scraps.....		153 39	153 39		151 39	
Subsistence.....	6,356 23	38,136 81	6,732 70	3,606 79	5,299 78	45,045 95
Surgical instruments and appliances.....	457 83	73 30	530 63	410 65	410 65	119 98
Tobacco.....	16 50	123 50	140 00			140 00
Wages and salaries.....	27,347 58	19,448 44	29,796 02			29,796 03
Totals.....	\$809,099 75	\$96,983 27	\$14,329 61	\$312,541 48	\$2,364 79	\$11,600 61
Discounts received.....		34 49				\$8,427 73
Net expenses.....		\$96,948 72	836,506 88			\$93,902 69
Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by Secretary of State for salaries and expenses of Board of Supervision.....			\$93,902 69			4,357 33
						\$98,160 03

<sup>1</sup> September pay-roll paid in October.

*Northern Hospital.*

## STATEMENT OF SPECIAL APPROPRIATION FUNDS.

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Balances avail- able Oct. 1, 1881.	Appropriations, 1882.	Transferred.	Total.	Expended this year.	Transferred.	Total.	Balances avail- able Sept. 30, 1882.
Boarding house.....	746 86	.....	.....	746 86	264 82	.....	264 82	482 54
Converting old chapel into rooms and furnishing same for patients .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dry room .....	48	6,000 00	.....	6,000 00	2,338 13	.....	2,338 13	3,561 87
Fire main and hydrants. .	468 62	1,000 00	15 15	1,483 77	884 86	48	884 86	598 91
Fire hose.....	.....	2,500 00	.....	2,500 00	1,569 50	.....	1,569 50	930 50
New pipe .....	1 59	.....	.....	1 59	.....	1 59	1 59	.....
Painting and repairs.....	.....	3,000 00	.....	3,000 00	517 83	.....	517 83	2,482 17
Pump and fixtures .....	72 97	.....	.....	72 97	57 92	15 15	72 97	.....
Removing coal shed and building carpenter shop	.....	2,000 00	.....	2,000 00	905 48	.....	905 48	1,084 52
Storm windows.....	8	.....	.....	8	.....	8	8	.....
Weigh scales .....	4	.....	.....	4	.....	4	4	.....
Totals.....	\$1,290 64	\$14,500 00	\$15 15	\$15,805 79	\$6,587 94	\$17 34	\$6,555 28	\$9,250 51

*Agricultural Products — Moneys Received.*

## FARM AND GARDEN PRODUCTS FOR 1882.

Beans, green .....	481½ bushels.	\$74 90	
Beets .....	37¾ bushels.	30 82	
Beet tops .....	130 bushels.	65 00	
Beef .....	1,550 pounds.	54 25	
Cabbage, early .....	5,138 heads.	113 05	
Cabbage, late .....	4,638 heads.	115 95	
Celery .....	980 heads.	29 40	
Corn, green .....	147¼ bushels.	250 00	
Cucumbers .....	269 bushels.	192 46	
Eggs .....	73 dozen.	12 41	
Horse Radish .....	7 bushels.	14 15	
Lard .....	2,237 pounds.	246 07	
Lettuce .....	3,785 bunches.	168 77	
Milk .....	98,762 quarts.	1,975 24	
Onions, green .....	989 bunches.	29 97	
Onions, dry .....	503 bushels.	377 25	
Parsnips .....	280 bushels.	84 00	
Peas, green .....	194½ bushels.	240 50	
Peppers .....	8 bushels.	5 62	
Pork .....	17,047 pounds.	1,390 22	
Potatoes .....	384 bushels.	168 20	
Rhubarb .....	1,551 bunches.	77 55	
Salsify .....	25 bushels.	25 00	
Squash, summer .....	1,558	40 63	
Squash, winter .....	23,340 pounds.	466 80	
Tomatoes .....	468 bushels.	474 50	
Carrots .....	490 bushels.	122 50	
Corn, sweet (seed) .....	120 bushels.	30 00	
Corn, in ear .....	1,200 bushels.	480 00	
Corn, sowed .....	18 tons.	54 00	
Corn stalks .....	42 tons.	210 00	
Hay .....	180 tons.	1,620 00	
Mangel Wurtzels .....	2,793 bushels.	698 25	
Oats .....	1,100 bushels.	385 00	
Oat straw .....	27 tons.	108 00	\$10,322 45
Wood .....	90 cords.	270 00	103 00
			270 00
Total .....			\$10,700 45

STATEMENT OF MONEYS RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR ENDING  
SEPTEMBER 30, 1883.

Barn, farm and garden .....	\$136 00
Board and clothing of patients .....	3,575 70
Clothing .....	4 65
Drug and medical department .....	11 24
Hides, pelts and tallow .....	1,794 70
Miscellaneous .....	8 00
Scraps .....	152 39
Subsistence .....	257 81
Total .....	\$5,940 49

*Northern Hospital.*

## DETAILED LIST OF EXPENDITURES.

AMUSEMENTS.			
Billiard cue tips.....	2 boxes.	8 75	
Barjo and book.....	1	7 50	
Circus tickets.....		6 00	
Car fare for concert company.....		5 10	
Car fare.....		80	
Cloths for billiard tables.....	2	39 75	
Croquet.....	2 set.	2 40	
Express.....		2 80	
Laying billiard cloths.....		5 00	
Music for organette.....	3 rolls.	18 81	
Rope for swings.....	15½ pounds	2 33	
Subscription to Weekly N. W.....	1 year.	1 75	
Spools for organette.....	3	8 00	
Tuning pianos.....		5 50	
			103 49
BARN, FARM AND GARDEN.			
Bolts.....	72	2 01	
Baskets.....	4	1 20	
Brush and comb.....	1	1 00	
Couplings.....	1 pr.	25	
Elbows, cast iron.....	1	1 60	
Feed, bran.....	23,157 pounds.	193 43	
Feed, meal.....	253 pounds	3 79	
Freight and express.....		5 60	
Fencing.....	11,000 feet	132 00	
Horse shoeing.....		58 40	
Hay fork.....	1	8 00	
Hose.....	25 feet.	2 75	
Iron.....	89 pounds.	1 40	
Iron and nuts.....		51	
Kulves for straw cutters.....		5 10	
Locks.....	1	75	
Mason work.....	1 day.	3 00	
Maul casting.....		88	
Nails.....	810 pounds.	32 20	
Nozzles.....	1	75	
Pipe.....	30 pounds.	3 00	
Repairs, sunds.....		5 00	
Repairs, wagons, carriages etc.....		56 40	
Repairs, implements and tools.....		19 65	
Repairs, harness.....		9 85	
Rope.....	21¼ pounds.	3 61	
Rollers for doors.....	3	1 50	
Seeds.....		89 95	
Shovels.....	3	2 25	
Threshing oats.....	1,759 bushels.	57 77	
Whips.....	2	3 50	
			707 10

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

CLOTHING.			
Boots .....	24 pairs.	\$42 75	
Buttons .....	7 gross.	8 60	
Boots, rubber .....	2 pairs.	7 00	
Braid .....	2 dozen.	1 00	
Cartage .....		2 70	
Cotton .....	904 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	76 64	
Cotton, bleached .....	195 yards.	26 51	
Cotton, knitting .....	10 pounds	6 00	
Canton flannel .....	862 $\frac{1}{2}$ yards.	129 37	
Cheviot .....	624 $\frac{1}{4}$ yards.	71 01	
Collars .....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	50	
Coats .....	26	85 01	
Freight and expenses .....		8 62	
Flannel .....	2 yards.	1 00	
Gingham .....	1,189 $\frac{1}{4}$ yards.	122 35	
Hose .....	55 dozen.	78 60	
Handkerchiefs .....	31 $\frac{3}{4}$ dozen.	23 82	
Laces for shoes .....	9 gross.	5 10	
Mittens .....	5 pairs.	2 50	
Needles .....	3,000	4 75	
Prints .....	2,299 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	152 57	
Prints, German .....	103 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	16 60	
Pants .....	97 pairs.	187 94	
Repairing shoes .....		9 00	
Repairing sundries .....		3 50	
Suits .....	64	385 03	
Shirting .....	200 yards.	24 00	
Suspenders .....	6 dozen.	16 50	
Shoes .....	150 pairs.	205 40	
Slippers .....	234 pairs.	180 75	
Shirts .....	3	2 85	
Socks .....	80 dozen.	37 50	
Thread, linen .....	1 dozen.	90	
Thread, cotton .....	80 dozen.	44 00	
Tape .....	12 dozen.	5 40	
Vests and pants .....	41	191 66	
Vests .....	33	34 92	
Yarn .....	1 pound.	1 50	
Yarn, darning .....	1 dozen.	36	
Yarn, cotton .....	18 pounds.	9 92	
DISCHARGED PATIENTS .....		\$101 75	\$2,208 13
DRUG AND MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.			101 75
Drugs and medicines .....		\$1,756 88	
Freights and expenses .....		12 90	
Alcohol .....	88 $\frac{1}{2}$ gallons	208 16	
Beer .....	6 bottles.	75	
Port wine .....	41 gallons.	111 25	
Sherry wine .....	10 gallons.	25 84	
Whiskey .....	116 gallons	352 75	
ENGINE AND BOILERS.			2,468 53
Boiler clock .....	1	6 00	
Brush, flue .....	1	12 00	

*Northern Hospital.*

ENGINE AND BOILER — continued.			
Brackets .....	4	\$4 80	.....
Connection box, brass .....		14 63	.....
Freight and express .....		90	.....
Hand hole plates and fixtures .....	3	3 75	.....
Scoops .....	4	4 00	.....
Shears .....	1 pair.	2 50	.....
Water glasses .....	2	1 00	.....
		\$49 58	
ELOPERS .....		\$31 32	
FREIGHT AND EXPRESS — FUNDS .....		\$13 65	
			13 65
FUEL.			
Coal, delivered .....	4,139 <sup>40</sup> / <sub>100</sub> tons.	\$22,189 66	22,189 66
GAS AND OTHER LIGHTS.			
Lime .....	97 barrels.	70 15	.....
Oil, sperm .....	35 gallons.	43 75	.....
Oil, legal test .....	5 gallons.	80	.....
Repairing sundries .....		1 25	.....
Wick .....	1 dozen.	40	.....
			116 35
HOUSE FURNISHING.			
Brooms .....	39 dozen.	\$119 45	.....
Brushes, hair .....	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> dozen.	3 85	.....
Batts .....	50 pounds.	5 89	.....
Blankets .....	52 pairs.	295 34	.....
Blankets, rubber .....	4 dozen.	47 50	.....
Blacking .....	7 dozen.	5 05	.....
Boilers, steam vegetable .....	2	7 00	.....
Bowls .....	2 dozen.	1 80	.....
Chambers .....	3 dozen.	6 00	.....
Chambers, tin .....	2 dozen.	12 00	.....
Cheese cloth .....	200 yards.	11 00	.....
Cotton, bleached .....	108 yards.	17 28	.....
Cotton, brown .....	200 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> yards.	42 16	.....
Counter scales .....		9 69	.....
Crash .....	650 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> yards.	77 82	.....
Cans .....	2	1 10	.....
Chimneys, gas .....	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> dozen.	2 63	.....
Cups .....	42 dozen.	23 10	.....
Combs .....	3 dozen.	2 50	.....
Carpet sweepers .....	2	5 00	.....
Curtain slats .....	200	3 00	.....
Dust pans .....	4 dozen.	3 00	.....
Dishes, soap .....	1 dozen.	80	.....
Freight and express .....		28 07	.....
Funnels .....	2	25	.....
Griddles .....	1	50	.....
Goblets .....	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> dozen.	3 00	.....
Globes, gas .....	1 dozen.	4 00	.....
Holland .....	312 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> yards.	36 98	.....
Hair pins .....	1 gross.	75	.....
Indelible ink .....	2 pounds.	21 00	.....

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

HOUSE FURNISHING—continued.			
Keys, master .....	1		35
Lanterns .....	3		2 40
Locks, night .....	2		5 50
Mop-sticks .....	9	dozen.	13 20
Mosquito netting .....	3	pieces.	1 20
Mail bag .....	1		5 00
Matting .....	36	sq. yds.	23 40
Machine needles .....	1	dozen.	50
Meat saw blades .....	2		1 00
Napkins .....	2	dozen.	4 00
Oil, sperm signal .....	5	gallons.	6 25
Oil, legal test .....	5	gallons.	80
Pails, wood .....	3	dozen.	5 50
Pails, tin .....	6		1 80
Paper, print .....	129	pounds.	10 32
Paper, straw .....	130 $\frac{3}{4}$	pounds.	4 14
Paper, closet .....	10	reams.	2 00
Plates, sauce .....	12	dozen.	4 80
Pitchers, water .....	4	dozen.	15 25
Rope .....	1	pound.	15
Repairs, sundries .....			7 70
Rubbers for cans .....	3	dozen.	45
Sheeting .....	719 $\frac{1}{2}$	yards.	155 29
Soap .....	3,980	pounds.	225 75
Soap, shaving .....	1	box.	2 50
Soap, crystal .....	7	boxes.	17 00
Soap, toilet .....	17	dozen.	10 00
Spittoons .....	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	dozen.	40 73
Shades and holders .....	1		75
Sand paper .....	6	quires.	1 50
Shipping tags .....	1,000		2 00
Sharpening razors .....			25
Strainers .....	1		2 00
Towels .....	2	dozen.	6 00
Tacks .....	4	dozen.	2 00
Tea-spoons .....	12	dozen.	5 25
Table-spoons .....	6	dozen.	6 00
Ticking .....	603 $\frac{3}{4}$	yards.	102 73
Tumblers .....	24	dozen.	12 00
Tube, gas .....	12	feet.	4 20
Thimbles .....	12	dozen.	75
Tea kettles .....	1		1 50
Tea pots .....	3		1 85
Table linen .....	9 $\frac{1}{2}$	yards.	10 69
White wax .....	2	pounds.	1 60
Wrenches .....	6		3 60
Window cord .....	1	piece.	20
Wash boards .....	1	dozen.	2 75
Whiting .....	10	pounds.	20
Wardrobe hooks .....	6	dozen.	2 25
Zinc ends for matting .....	2		1 20
			\$1,538 20
INTEREST AND EXCHANGE.			
Exchange .....			42 63
			42 63



*Northern Hospital.*

LAUNDRY.			
Brick, fire.....	1 set.	\$2 25	.....
Caustic soda.....	8,477 pounds.	170 53	.....
Castings for stove.....		15 00	.....
Dippers, iron.....	1	1 00	.....
Freight and express .....		26 03	.....
Interlining .....	5½ yards.	5 50	.....
Rivets.....	4 pounds.	1 60	.....
Rops.....	17½ pounds.	2 80	.....
Starch .....	1,155 pounds.	63 10	.....
Sal soda.....	7,998 pounds.	139 95	.....
Sprinklers.....	2	1 80	.....
Tubing.....	9½ feet.	2 38	.....
Wash tubs.. .....	1	90	.....
			\$432 84
LIBRARY.			
Books, medical .....		\$152 50	.....
Books, encyclopedia .....		3 00	.....
Freight and express .....		1 25	.....
Subscriptions.....		39 75	.....
			199 50
MACHINERY AND TOOLS.			
Belting.....	196 feet.	\$54 05	.....
Chalk lines.....	6	1 25	.....
Castings.....	228 pounds	11 40	.....
Couplings.....	135 pounds.	6 75	.....
Diamonds .....	1	5 00	.....
Freights .....		28	.....
Files.....	45	19 20	.....
Hand axes.....	1	1 38	.....
Lace leather.....	2 sides.	7 00	.....
Labor.....	5 hours.	2 00	.....
Oil, machine.....	59½ gallons.	24 80	.....
Oil stone.....	1	75	.....
Punches.....	8	75	.....
Plane irons.....	1	35	.....
Rivets, copper .....	1 pound.	50	.....
Wrenches .....	1	75	.....
Wire belting .....	150 feet.	28 00	.....
			164 21
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Expenses bookkeeper to Madison..	2 times.	\$24 55	.....
Grave yard, lumber and posts .....		20 77	.....
Rent of tel. phone .....		50 00	.....
Repairs to sewing machines.....		1 00	.....
			96 32
OFFICERS' EXPENSES.			
Steward's expenses .....		\$6 85	.....
			6 85
PRINTING, POSTAGE, STATIONERY AND TELEGRAPH.			
Blank books.....		\$43 65	.....
Bills of accounts .....	500	2 75	.....
Document holders .....	6	40	.....

*Detailed List of Expenditures.***PRINTING, POSTAGE, STATIONERY  
AND TELEGRAPH — con.**

Envelopes.....	2,000		2 50	.....
Freight and express .....			80	.....
Figuring blocks .....	40		1 54	.....
Ink .....	2	gallons.	3 00	.....
Ink .....	8	quarts.	4 35	.....
Ink, red.....	3	bottles.	85	.....
Indexes .....	2		75	.....
Ink stand .....	1		92	.....
Letter book .....	1		1 45	.....
Letter and note heads .....	3,500		14 50	.....
Lead pencils .....	1	dozen.	60	.....
Pens .....	7	gross.	5 20	.....
Pen, Livermore....	1		3 00	.....
Pen holders .....	3	dozen.	85	.....
Paper fasteners .....	2	boxes.	50	.....
Paper, note.....	6	reams.	7 50	.....
Paper, foolscap.....	6	reams.	17 75	.....
Paper, sundries.....	1	quire.	36	.....
Pads, rubber .....	2		50	.....
Printing monthly reports .....	1,000		11 00	.....
Printing want lists.....	200		3 25	.....
Printing pay rolls .....	200		4 50	.....
Postage stamps, 3c.....	1,750		52 50	.....
Postage stamps, 5c.....	10		50	.....
Postage stamps, 10c.....	10		1 00	.....
Postal cards.....	75		75	.....
Postal stamped envelopes, 3c.....	2,000		65 20	.....
Postoffice box rent.....			4 00	.....
Telegraph.....			39 14	.....

**\$294 56****REPAIRS AND RENEWALS.**

Bushings.....	132		5 81	.....
Bolts .....	399		5 35	.....
Blue, ult marine .....	1	pound.	25	.....
Cartage, boxes, etc.....			1 75	.....
Caps .....	124		26 43	.....
Couplings.....	84		8 11	.....
Cen.ent .....	3	barrels.	6 75	.....
Castings.....	473	pounds.	23 65	.....
Closet bowls.....	1		4 00	.....
Dampers .....	4		2 50	.....
Ells.....	24		95	.....
Freights .....			4 24	.....
Fire tile.....	4	sets.	16 00	.....
Glass.....	121	lights.	15 63	.....
Gass plugs .....	43		2 18	.....
Iron .....	153	pounds	6 45	.....
Iron, galvanized.....	50	pounds.	6 25	.....
Iron, refined.....	145	pounds	10 10	.....
Iron, sheet .....	20	pounds.	4 46	.....
Lock nuts .....	48		98	.....
Lumber .....	1,112	feet.	18 61	.....
Labor on pattern and range .....			14 75	.....
Labor, sundries.....	19½	days.	45 75	.....
Labor.....	37½	hours.	18 50	.....

*Northern Hospital.*

REPAIRS AND RENEWALS—CON.			
Mason work.....	8 days.	\$7 50	
Machine needles.....	24	1 00	
Oil, boiled.....	47½ gallons.	32 07	
Packing, hemp.....	25½ pounds.	7 65	
Packing, round and square.....	17 pounds.	7 23	
Plugs.....	72	1 87	
Pipe, galvanized.....	112½ feet.	14 25	
Pipe black.....	371½ feet.	29 23	
Pattern for range.....	1	2 50	
Red lead.....	10 pounds.	1 00	
Rivets.....	4½ pounds.	1 10	
Rope.....	24 pounds.	4 32	
Stems, brass.....	100	26 00	
Str. ells.....	24	3 54	
Stucco.....	1 barrel.	3 00	
Solder.....	1½ pounds.	38	
Sash cord.....	11 pounds.	2 75	
Slop sink.....	1	8 00	
Tees, galvanized.....	12	2 49	
Tees.....	66	6 30	
Turpentine.....	1 gallon.	70	
Unions.....	30	5 40	
Valves.....	46	39 08	
Varnish.....	1 pint.	20	
White lead.....	50 pounds	3 80	
			\$440 75
RESTRAINTS.			
Buckles.....	24	\$48 00	
Muffs.....	2	2 00	
Repairing muffs.....		50	
Straps.....	1 dozen.	7 20	
Wristlets.....	22	22 00	
			79 70
REAL ESTATE.			
Fencing.....	1,056 feet.	\$15 65	
Recording deed.....		1 25	
			16 90
SUBSISTENCE.			
Apples.....	168 barrels.	\$596 65	
Apples.....	26¾ bushels.	13 20	
Apples dried.....	4,470 pounds.	332 64	
Alum.....	16 pounds.	1 60	
Beef cattle, 285 head, live weight.	321,087½ pounds.	15,489 78	
Beef, salt.....	3 barrels.	46 65	
Beef, dried.....	9½ pounds.	1 43	
Baking powder.....	110 pounds.	28 88	
Butter.....	21,887¼ pounds.	5,243 80	
Blackberries.....	1,286 quarts.	79 45	
Barley, pearl.....	1,000 pounds.	43 44	
Bacon.....	7 pounds.	1 05	
Beans.....	28¾ bushels.	93 52	
Cartage, boxes, etc.....		11 25	
Canned vegetables.....	16 dozen.	23 40	

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

SUBSISTENCE — continued.			
Canned fruits.....	55	dozen.	\$12 05
Coffee, Rio.....	7,877	pounds.	898 95
Coffee, Java.....	65	pounds.	18 20
Coffee, Mocha.....	39½	pounds.	11 45
Crackers.....	882	pounds.	58 05
Chickens.....	160½	pounds.	21 72
Cinnamon.....	10	pounds.	3 00
Corn Starch.....	240	pounds.	19 30
Cheese.....	175¼	pounds.	22 24
Corn meal.....	3,260	pounds.	56 67
Cranberries.....	18	quarts.	2 25
Cloves.....	2	pounds.	1 00
Cream Tartar.....	20	pounds.	6 00
Chocolate.....			2 00
Driving cattle.....			75
Eggs.....	3,608½	dozen.	580 66
Expenses after supplies.....			11 23
Extract lemon.....	1	quart.	1 65
Extract vanilla.....	3	quarts.	7 65
Freight and express.....			353 41
Flour.....	859	barrels.	5,691 75
Flour, Graham.....	21	barrels.	131 50
Flour, buckwheat.....	529½	pounds.	21 18
Fish, cod.....	5,850	pounds.	316 63
Fish, fresh.....	1,268	pounds.	67 76
Grapes.....	5	pounds.	1 00
Ginger.....	10	pounds.	1 90
Hominy.....	9	barrels.	51 00
Ham.....	47¼	pounds.	6 90
Hops.....	52½	pounds.	21 65
Lard.....	2,914	pounds.	370 28
Lemons.....	44	dozen.	14 60
Mutton sheep, 209 head, live weight.....	21,291	pounds.	913 66
Malt.....	127	pounds.	6 40
Mustard.....	20	pounds.	7 30
Mackerel.....	1	kit.	1 60
Melons.....	1		10
Molasses.....	153½	gallons.	85 53
Nutmegs.....	2	pounds.	1 80
Oat meal.....	16	barrels.	109 50
Oysters.....	134	cans.	48 75
Oranges.....	2	dozen.	70
Onions.....			60
Pepper.....	109	pounds.	24 81
Peaches.....	1	basket.	1 00
Peaches, dried.....	2,145	pounds.	148 57
Potatoes.....	1,200¾	bushels.	1,113 07
Potatoes, sweet.....	13	pounds.	78
Pears.....			1 26
Peas, split.....	1,066	pounds.	39 94
Raisins.....	28	pounds.	3 50
Raisins.....	9	boxes.	25 80
Rice.....	3,828	pounds.	253 62
Raspberries.....	62	quarts.	9 60
Sugar, lump.....	221	pounds.	23 75
Sugar, granulated.....	19,336	pounds.	1,908 46
Sugar, C.....	9,352	pounds.	798 40

*Northern Hospital.*

SUBSISTENCE — continued.			
Sugar, powdered.....	251 pounds.	26 86	
Strawberries.....	233 quarts.	\$33 43	
Syrup.....	1,582½ gallons.	728 31	
Salt.....	45 barrels.	65 05	
Salt, rock.....	4 barrels.	9 00	
Sago.....	50 pounds.	3 55	
Sausage.....	281½ pounds.	3 56	
Starch.....	48 pounds.	3 12	
Saleratus.....	70 pounds.	3 50	
Sundries for sick patients.....		3 56	
Tea, Japan.....	901 pounds.	296 60	
Tea, Oolong.....	1,235 pounds.	429 67	
Tea, Y. H.....	60 pounds.	33 00	
Turkeys.....	1,049 pounds.	113 99	
Vinégar.....	548 gallons.	78 99	
Water melons.....	2	70	
Yeast.....	43 pack'cs.	4 35	
		\$38,155 81	
Less credits.....		19 00	
			\$38,136 81
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS AND APPLIANCES.			
Atomizer.....	2	7 50	
Applicator and coil.....	1	1 00	
Atomizer tubes.....	2 dozen.	4 75	
Forceps.....	1	2 00	
Freight and express.....		1 55	
Knives.....	2	9 00	
Medicine droppers.....	9	75	
Syringes.....	7	12 50	
Spectacles.....	1 dozen.	4 50	
Speculums.....	2	8 50	
Stethoscopes.....	1	2 25	
Thermometer, S. R.....	2	4 50	
Tubular needles.....	3	8 00	
Zinc plates.....	23 pounds.	6 50	
			73 30
TOBACCO.			
Freights.....		\$ 54	
Plug, chewing.....	142½ pounds.	61 31	
Pipes, clay.....	1 box.	1 75	
Smoking.....	195 pounds.	59 90	
			123 50
WAGES AND SALARIES.....		\$27,347 58	
			27,347 58
			\$96,933 21
Less discount.....			34 49
Total on account current expenses of this year.....			\$96,948 72

*Roster of Officers and Employees.*

## ROSTER OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES.

SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

NAME.	SERVICE.	SALARY.
Walter Kempster .....	Superintendent .....	Per year....\$2,500 00
Alex. Trautman .....	Assistant physician .....	Per year.... 1,000 00
J. J. Shanks .....	Assistant physician .....	Per year.... 800 00
Joseph Butler .....	Steward .....	Per year.... 1,000 00
L. A. Butler .....	Matron .....	Per year.... 500 00
W. H. Kline .....	Assistant steward .....	Per year.... 600 00
J. V. Richardson .....	Supervisor .....	Per month... 30 00
H. C. Brightal .....	Supervisor .....	Per month... 30 00
J. J. Hicks .....	Supervisor .....	Per month... 30 00
J. Quartermas .....	Supervisor .....	Per month... 16 00
A. Mitchell .....	Supervisor .....	Per month... 16 00
M. Casey .....	Supervisor .....	Per month... 16 00
J. Watson .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 45 00
G. Moede .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 32 00
A. Anderson .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 30 00
P. Vonkass .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 25 00
W. Allen .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 25 00
Thomas Shepard .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 24 00
M. Schnieder .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 24 00
J. W. Kennedy .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 24 00
H. B. Lange .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 22 00
E. F. Priebe .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 20 00
Aug. Kapferer .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 20 00
A. Fraker .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 20 00
R. Duff .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 20 00
B. Klug .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 20 00
J. R. Minahan .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 20 00
J. Brickham .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 20 00
W. F. Guthrie .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 20 00
N. C. Lindwig .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 20 00
F. Harvey .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 20 00
F. D. Sawyer .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 20 00
A. McDonald .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 20 00
John Thomas .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 18 00
Frank Boyle .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 18 00
A. Kuhl .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 18 00
L. Platten .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 16 00
S. Carroll .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 16 00
B. Powers .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 16 00
T. C. Cullen .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 16 00
J. Eillers .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 16 00
J. B. Fobes .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 14 00
M. Richardson .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 14 00
M. Grady .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 14 00
M. Sloat .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 14 00
F. Cleveland .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 14 00
L. Goggins .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 14 00
H. Morrow .....	Attendant .....	Per month... 14 00

*Northern Hospital.*

NAME.	SERVICE.	SALARY.
A. Shultz .....	Attendant .....	Per month ....\$14 00
S. Thomas .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 14 00
K. Carroll .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 14 00
L. Broder .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 14 00
A. Selle .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
L. Sawyer .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
S. McIntosh .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
M. Hurley .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
L. Ratchford .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
E. Menzel .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
Mary Cullen .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
E. McIntosh .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
M. Sawyer .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
B. Campbell .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
C. Stillwell .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
M. Pendergast .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
E. Carroll .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
L. A. Sharp .....	Attendant .....	Per month .... 12 00
John Neville .....	Night watch .....	Per month .... 40 00
M. A. Morrow .....	Night watch .....	Per month .... 18 00
George McDonald .....	Baker .....	Per month .... 40 00
J. C. Myer .....	Cook .....	Per month .... 40 00
Jennie Halpin .....	Cook, assistant .....	Per month .... 16 00
L. Jones .....	Cook, assistant .....	Per month .... 12 00
M. Meyer .....	Cook, assistant .....	Per month .... 12 00
M. Goggins .....	Housemaid .....	Per month .... 14 00
Ida Meyer .....	Housemaid .....	Per month .... 12 00
J. Whitney .....	Housemaid .....	Per month .... 12 00
K. Whitney .....	Housemaid .....	Per month .... 12 00
M. Allen .....	Seamstress .....	Per month .... 14 00
E. Carmody .....	Seamstress .....	Per month .... 12 00
B. Johnson .....	Seamstress .....	Per month .... 12 00
Fred Moede .....	Launderer .....	Per month .... 35 00
N. Allen .....	Laundress .....	Per month .... 14 00
S. Goggins .....	Laundress .....	Per month .... 14 30
M. Schaeffer .....	Laundress .....	Per month .... 14 00
F. Cullen .....	Laundress .....	Per month .... 12 00
A. Ruxle .....	Laundress .....	Per month .... 12 00
R. M. Trotter .....	Engineer .....	Per month .... 80 00
J. B. Walker .....	Assistant .....	Per month .... 45 00
W. H. Harvey .....	Fireman .....	Per month .... 20 00
Charles Eckles .....	Fireman .....	Per month .... 18 00
Michael Costello .....	Gas maker .....	Per month .... 50 00
J. H. Wheeler .....	Carpenter .....	Per month .... 47 00
S. Johnson .....	Butcher .....	Per month .... 30 00
G. Lewis .....	Gardener .....	Per month .... 25 00
A. Jansen .....	Assistant .....	Per month .... 20 00
A. McNaughten .....	Farmer .....	Per month .... 25 00
M. Sawyer .....	Laborer .....	Per month .... 20 00
John Wiley .....	Laborer .....	Per month .... 20 00
William Brink .....	Laborer .....	Per month .... 20 00
M. Busha .....	Laborer .....	Per month .... 20 00
W. Meyer .....	Laborer .....	Per month .... 20 00
H. Conrad .....	Porter .....	Per month .... 20 00
Jacob Reynolds .....	Office boy .....	Per month .... 10 00

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TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

WISCONSIN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

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## RESIDENT OFFICERS.

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*Superintendent and Steward* — WM. H. SLEEP.

*Assistant Steward* — M. MADSON.

*Acting Principal Teacher* — B. S. PARK.

## REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

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### *To the State Board of Supervision of Wisconsin Charitable, Reformatory and Penal Institutions:*

GENTLEMEN: I have the honor to submit this my report as superintendent and steward of this institution, for the year ending September 30, 1882, and the twenty-third report of the school. With this is also presented the reports of the principal teacher, the librarian and the attending physician.

The statistical tables from one to fourteen inclusive, show as follows:

TABLE No. 1.

Number on roll October 1, 1881, was.....	372
Received by commitment .....	88
Returned from "out on tickets." .....	7
	<u>467</u>
Released on tickets .....	132
Released, 18 years old, law of 1892.....	21
Discharged ... ..	7
Escaped .....	8
On roll October 1, 1882.....	299
	<u>467</u>
Average number of boys during year .....	321.12
Highest number of boys at any one time .....	371
Lowest number of boys at any one time.....	295
Total number enrolled since July, 1860 .....	1,979
Total number dismissed, escaped and died .....	1,680
Leaving on record as above .....	<u>299</u>

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*Industrial School for Boys.*


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TABLE No. 2.

*Shows number of inmates each year since school opened.*

YEAR.	Number committed each year.	Boys.	Girls.	Whole number at close of year.	Whole number during year.
January 1, 1861.....	39	32	7	39	39
October 10, 1861.....	28	35	5	40	81
October 10, 1862.....	41	51	4	55	80
October 10, 1863.....	42	59	13	72	98
October 10, 1864.....	83	117	20	137	155
October 10, 1865.....	107	134	21	155	245
October 10, 1866.....	46	118	16	134	209
October 10, 1867.....	66	143	12	155	217
October 10, 1868.....	53	149	14	163	227
October 10, 1869.....	63	163	13	176	233
October 10, 1870.....	114	204	2	206	293
October 10, 1871.....	74	237	2	239	288
October 10, 1872.....	107	278	.....	278	347
October 10, 1873.....	80	281	.....	281	363
October 10, 1874.....	113	301	.....	301	402
October 10, 1875.....	101	300	.....	300	412
October 10, 1876.....	107	318	.....	318	415
October 10, 1877.....	134	364	.....	364	471
October 10, 1878.....	151	419	.....	419	527
October 10, 1879.....	117	431	.....	431	544
October 10, 1880.....	108	430	.....	430	549
October 1, 1881.....	90	372	.....	372	525
October 1, 1882.....	88	299	.....	299	467

TABLE No. 3.

*Shows nationality of parents.*

American.....	18	Indian .....	1
Danes .....	1	Norwegian .....	3
English .....	10	Negro .....	2
French .....	3	Polish .....	4
German.....	32	Swedes .....	2
Irish .....	12		==

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE NO. 4.

*Shows birthplace of inmates.*

STATES.		COUNTRIES.	
Illinois .....	6	Germany .....	6
Iowa .....	2	Norway .....	1
New York .....	2	Poland .....	2
Minnesota .....	4		—
Michigan .....	2		9
Missouri .....	1		—
Pennsylvania .....	1		—
Wisconsin .....	58	Native .....	76
	—	Foreign .....	9
	76	Unknown .....	3
	—		—
			88
			—

TABLE NO. 5.

*Shows social and domestic relations.*

No parents .....	2	Father only .....	6
Both parents living .....	38	Mother and stepfather .....	10
Parents separated .....	8	Father and stepmother ...	4
Mother only .....	17	Unknown .....	3
			—

*Industrial School for Boys.*

TABLE No. 6.

*Showing how many boys were committed from the different counties, for what offense, and their age when committed.*

COUNTIES.	Total number of boys committed.	OFFENSES.					AGE OF BOYS WHEN COMMITTED.					
		Incorrigibility.	Vagrancy.	Larceny.	Burglary.	Assault.	Between 10 and 11 years of age.	Between 11 and 12 years of age.	Between 12 and 13 years of age.	Between 13 and 14 years of age.	Between 14 and 15 years of age.	Between 15 and 16 years of age.
Brown .....	2			2					1		1	
Crawford .....	3	2		1			1		1			1
Clark .....	2	2						1	1		1	
Dane .....	5	3	1		1		2			1		2
Dodge .....	1			1				1				
Door .....	1		1					1				
Eau Claire .....	1					1		1				
Fond du Lac .....	6	5		1			2		1	3		
Green .....	2	1			1					1		1
Jackson .....	2			2							1	1
Jefferson .....	7	5		2				2	2		2	1
Juneau .....	1	1							1			
Kenosha .....	1			1					1			
La Crosse .....	6	4		2			3		1	1	1	
Milwaukee .....	20	1	1	18				4	3	5	5	3
Manitowoc .....	3		1	2					2			1
Monroe .....	2	2							1		1	
Ozaukee .....	1			1							1	
Outagamie .....	1	1										1
Pierce .....	2	1			1			1	1			
Polk .....	1	1							1			
Racine .....	4	1		3						1	2	1
Rock .....	2	1		1				1				1
St. Croix .....	1	1								1		
Sheboygan .....	1	1					1					
Winnebago .....	5	1		3	1			1		3		1
Wanpaca .....	4	3		1			3					1
Waukesha .....	1		1							1		
Total .....	88	37	5	41	4	1	12	12	17	17	15	15

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE NO. 7.

*Showing amounts charged to the several counties for the support of vagrants and incorrigible inmates at \$1 per week.*

COUNTIES.	Number of boys.	Amounts.	COUNTIES.	Number of boys.	Amounts.
Adams .....	2	\$59 00	Milwaukee .....	26	\$974 27
Brown .....	11	394 43	Manitowoc .....	2	73 71
Buffalo .....	2	104 00	Monroe .....	5	165 29
Calumet .....	3	118 00	Marathon .....	1	29 28
Crawford .....	9	260 71	Outagamie .....	11	398 00
Columbia .....	7	234 15	Oconto .....	7	232 57
Chippewa .....	5	260 00	Ozaukee .....	3	134 28
Clark .....	2	60 85	Portage .....	4	180 71
Dane .....	10	290 56	Pierce .....	2	77 14
Dodge .....	7	341 14	Polk .....	2	92 57
Door .....	1	7 00	Racine .....	10	382 71
Dunn .....	1	12 72	Rock .....	10	292 58
Eau Claire .....	10	470 00	Richland .....	2	74 57
Fond du Lac .....	30	1,034 97	Sheboygan .....	1	46 00
Green Lake .....	2	49 00	St. Croix .....	3	154 43
Green .....	4	150 85	Sauk .....	2	104 00
Grant .....	5	147 85	Vernon .....	1	52 00
Iowa .....	3	128 28	Walworth .....	3	135 28
Juneau .....	3	74 71	Winnebago .....	7	315 85
Jefferson .....	15	504 01	Wood .....	1	52 00
Jackson .....	2	75 28	Waushara .....	2	64 14
Kenosha .....	2	104 00	Waupaca .....	10	334 84
La Crosse .....	15	580 56	Waukesha .....	2	33 57
Lafayette .....	1	52 00			
Total .....					\$9,918 86

TABLE NO. 8.

*Showing the division of labor.*

Number of boys employed in boot and shoe factory .....	86	Paint shop .....	1
Sock and mitten factory .....	90	Carpenter shop .....	1
Tailor shop and mending room .....	11	Laundry .....	13
Bakery and boys kitchen .....	6	Store .....	1
Officers' kitchen and dining room .....	4	Office .....	1
Dormitories .....	10	Errand boy .....	1
Dining rooms .....	10	As pickets .....	4
Bath and play rooms .....	10	Teamsters in care of stock, and all other outside work .....	46
School and reception room .....	4		
Total .....			299

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*Industrial School for Boys.*


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TABLE No. 9.

*Showing the number of live stock.*

HORSES.		CATTLE.	
Team horses.....	4	Milch cows.....	36
Buggy horse.....	1	Bull.....	1
Dray horse.....	1	Two year olds.....	2
Mules.....	4	Yearlings.....	6
		Calves.....	6
HOGS.		POULTRY.	
Fattening.....	49	Turkeys.....	91
Breeders.....	10	Chickens.....	80
Pigs.....	74		

TABLE No. 10.

*Showing the amount of work done in boot and shoe factory.*

Men's and boys' boots, dozens.....	1,320
Boys' shoes, dozens.....	49
Boots and shoes repaired, dozens.....	165½

TABLE No. 11.

*Showing the amount of work done in sock and mitten factory.*

Machine socks, dozens.....	1,551	Suspenders strapped.....	104
Hand made socks, dozens....	20	Socks repaired.....	51
Hand made mitts.....	2	Mitts repaired.....	4

TABLE No. 12.

*Showing the amount of work done in tailor shop.*

Jackets'.....	318	Blouses.....	229
Vests.....	139	Citizen's suits.....	65
Pants.....	621	Boys' caps.....	207
Overalls.....	234	Aprons.....	59

*Superintendent's Report.*

TABLE No. 13.

*Products of the farm.*

Corn, 3,500 bushels .....	@ \$0 28	\$980 00
Oats, 1,400 bushels .....	30	420 00
Potatoes, 1,200 bushels .....	25	300 00
Carrots, 700 bushels .....	23	161 00
Mangel-wurzels, 2,500 bushels .....	18	450 00
Pumpkins, 25 loads .....		25 00
Timothy hay, 130 tons .....	9 00	1,170 00
Corn stalks, 100 tons .....	1 50	150 00
Oat straw, 30 tons .....	3 00	90 00
Chickens, 70 .....	18	12 60
Turkeys, 22 .....	30	6 60
Pork, 14,364 pounds, .....	9	1,292 76
Eggs, 137 dozen .....	15	20 55
Milk, 21,217 gallons .....	12	2,546 04
Spring pigs, 74 .....		292 00
Calves, 6 .....		100 00
Yearlings, 6 .....		150 00
		<u>\$8,166 55</u>

TABLE No. 14.

*Products of the garden.*

Table beets, 250 bushels .....	@ \$0 23	\$57 50
Turnips, 10 bushels .....	35	3 50
Onions, 600 bushels .....	50	300 00
Tomatoes, 17 bushels .....	90	15 30
Sweet corn, 89 bushels .....	60	53 40
Peas, green, 100½ bushels .....	60	60 30
Winter squash, 1 ton .....		20 00
Cabbage, 454 head .....	8	13 62
Lettuce, 3,500 head .....		9 00
Celery, 1,400 head .....	3	42 00
Pie plant .....		18 00
Salsify, 14 bushels .....	70	9 80
Cucumbers, 12 bushels .....	40	4 80
String beans, 10 bushels .....	50	5 00
Currants, 3½ bushels .....	1 25	4 28
Apples, 65 bushels .....	35	22 75
Beans, 45 bushels .....	2 00	90 00
		<u>\$729 35</u>

I am glad to be able to report that the school, throughout all its departments, has been generally prosperous. The boys, in the main, have been attentive to their duties both in school and at work.

It is also gratifying to be able to report, that the health of all has been good. There have been but few cases of sickness, and I



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*Industrial School for Boys.*

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have no death to record this year. The report of the attending physician shows the number of cases having received treatment.

BAND.

The band, under the instruction of Prof. B. S. Park, is making quite as much progress as may reasonably be expected, when it is considered that in most cases, as soon as its members become fairly proficient in music, they are also, in other respects, qualified and entitled to leave the school.

FARM AND GARDEN.

The crops of the farm and garden have been good. Tables number thirteen and fourteen, show respectively the production and the estimated value of each. The thirty-five acres of rented land have produced fifteen tons of hays, eight hundred and sixty bushels of oats, and the usual amount of straw, all of which is included in the table of farm products. Considering all things, I believe that no other department of industry which we have in operation, produces so great and lasting results as that of the cultivation of the farm.

IMPROVEMENTS COMPLETED.

Since making my last report, the well for water supply, then unfinished, has been completed, and a sutable house built over it. From making a test of the quantity of water supplied by the well, by pumping therefrom with the fire engine, I find that its depth cannot be reduced below five feet. This assures us that a sufficient supply of water can always be had for protection against fires, and for all other purposes for which water may be needed. Speaking of the fire engine, I may say, in this connection, that, with the \$5,000 appropriated for such engine and other necessary apparatus for protection against fire, there has been provided an Ahrens engine of the third class, or size, two hose carts and 1,000 feet of rubber lined cotton hose.

BOILER AND BOILER HOUSE.

The old boiler, which had been repaired twice at considerable expense, was at last pronounced by the Inspector not worth further

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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repairs, and, it being unfit for longer use, it was necessary to purchase a new one. The condition of the old boiler, and the danger from having the boiler room in the same building with the shops, suggested the importance of placing the boiler outside and away from the shop building in which so many are daily employed. To accomplish this a boiler house 24 by 28 feet has been built of stone, at such a distance from the shops that in case of an explosion the lives of those employed therein would not be imperiled.

PAINTS AND OILS.

Of this fund, as shown in last year's report, there remained unexpended the sum of \$417.82. This balance has been expended for painting, kalsomining, etc., of which a considerable amount has been done, and more is needed.

NEW FENCE.

Of the \$800 appropriated for this purpose, of which no part was spent last year, there has been expended this year the sum of \$61.47, leaving a balance on hand of \$738.53.

BUILDING NO. 10, BAKERY AND WELL HOUSE.

Of the \$1,000 appropriated to complete the above, there remains at this date unexpended the sum of \$406.05. On account of the pressure of other work, that of completing family 10 building was not begun until late, and I must, therefore, report the same unfinished.

PAINTING AND REPAIRS.

Of the \$2,000 that was appropriated for painting and repairs, there has been expended to this date the sum of \$1,548 40, leaving a balance of \$451.60. With the amounts expended there has been purchased a steam boiler, at a cost of \$514; a cooking range for the officers' kitchen, at a cost of \$135; a fire-place has been put in the office, at a cost of \$125; besides laying new floors in the play and wash rooms of several of the family buildings; a new floor in the officers' kitchen; ceiling, repairing and painting the officers' dining room. Several new tables have been placed in the play-rooms of the family buildings for the benefit and convenience of

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*Industrial School for Boys.*

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the boys. Some of our cisterns have been repaired. Extensions and repairs to the pipes for conducting water into the cisterns have been made, besides many other things of minor importance.

**IMPROVEMENTS.**

I would respectfully invite your attention to the following improvements, repairs and renewals, which, I think, are needed.

We have no suitable place for storing vegetables for table use and roots for the stock; for this purpose a root house of sufficient capacity should be constructed.

We also need a place in which to keep the straw for filling beds. We are now obliged to stack it out-of-doors, and, it being exposed to the weather, it is difficult to get a supply of clean, dry straw for this purpose. A great quantity of this is necessarily required to fill 300 beds a number of times during the year.

A walk is needed on the south side of the main yard leading to the family buildings located there. Also, other extensions and repairs to our walks, should be made.

I would again call your attention to the condition of the assembly room seats. Most of the chairs there have been in use for a long time. Their condition is such that other and more suitable seats should be provided.

**CONCLUSION.**

In conclusion I desire to say that we are indebted to many for favors bestowed. Especially do I feel under obligations to the clergymen of the different churches, for having, upon invitation, conducted religious exercises each Sabbath afternoon. I feel that to them more than mere thanks is due.

To my associates and co-laborers I desire to express my appreciation of the earnestness with which they have performed their duties; and to you, gentlemen, with grateful acknowledgments of your kindness and forbearance, I submit this report.

Respectfully,

WILLIAM H. SLEEP,

WAUKESHA, September 30, 1882.

*Superintendent.*

*Principal's Report.*

## PRINCIPAL'S REPORT.

*To W. H. Sleep, Superintendent Industrial School:*

I herewith present the report of the schools for the year ending September 30, 1882.

Number under instruction at the commencement of the year.....	372
Number newly committed during year.....	88
Number returned during the year.....	7
Number under instruction during the year.....	467
Number that left during the year.....	168
Number now in attendance.....	299
Of the eighty-eight received—	
Could not write.....	28
Began reading from chart.....	11
Began reading from first reader.....	25
Began reading from second reader.....	37
Began reading from third reader.....	14
Began reading from fourth reader.....	1
Began reading from fifth reader.....	00
Total.....	88
Entered one of the primary departments.....	80
Entered one of the higher departments.....	8
Total.....	88

The boys are, as heretofore, divided into two classes, which alternately work and attend school. In each session of school, there are four departments. The course of study for each session is the same.

There are at present in:

Second primary, first session.....	33
Second primary, second session.....	53
First primary, first session.....	40
First primary, second session.....	36
Second intermediate, first session.....	32
Second intermediate, second session.....	34
First intermediate, first session.....	36
Senior department, second session.....	35
Total.....	299

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*Industrial School for Boys.*


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Number attending school the first session and working the second session .....	141
Number attending school the second session and working the first session .....	158
Total .....	<u>299</u>

## FIRST SESSION SCHOOLS.

## SECOND PRIMARY, W. L. STEELE, TEACHER.

Number in attendance .....	33	Number writing on slates .....	33
Number in first reader .....	16	Number instructed in numbers ..	33
Number in second reader .....	17		

## FIRST PRIMARY, J. H. WHITCHER, TEACHER.

Number in attendance .....		Number in spelling (oral and written) .....	40
Number in second reader .....	40	Number in penmanship .....	40
Number in first book in arithmetic .....	40		
Number in introductory geography .....	40		

## SECOND INTERMEDIATE, MISS BELLE HEMINGWAY, TEACHER.

Number in attendance .....	32	Number in spelling (oral and written) .....	32
Number in second reader .....	32	Number in penmanship .....	32
Number in first book in arithmetic .....	32		
Number in introductory geography .....	32		

## FIRST INTERMEDIATE, EPHRAIM DIXON, TEACHER.

Number in attendance .....	36	Number in fourth reader .....	16
Number in second book in arithmetic .....	20	Number in complete geography ..	36
Number in third book in arithmetic .....	16	Number in spelling (oral and written) .....	36
Number in third reader .....	20	Number in penmanship .....	36

## SECOND SESSION SCHOOLS.

## SECOND PRIMARY, D. A. MAYNARD, TEACHER.

Number in attendance .....	53	Number in second reader .....	21
Number in chart class .....	7	Number instructed in numbers ..	53
Number in first reader .....	25	Number in writing on slates ....	53

## FIRST PRIMARY, MISS BELLE HEMINGWAY, TEACHER.

Number in attendance .....	34	Number in spelling (oral and written) .....	34
Number in first book in arithmetic .....	34	Number in penmanship .....	34
Number in introductory geography .....	34		

*Principal's Report.*

## SECOND INTERMEDIATE, FRANK ROGERS, TEACHER.

Number in attendance.....	34	Number in introductory geogra-	
Number in third reader .....	21	phy .....	34
Number in fourth reader .....	13	Number in spelling, oral and	
Number in first book in arithme-		written .....	34
tic .....	21	Number in penmanship....	34
Number in second book in arith-			
metic.....	13		

## SENIOR DEPARTMENT, B. S. PARK, TEACHER.

Number in attendance.....	35	Number in U. S. history.....	35
Number in fourth reader.....	23	Number in complete geography..	35
Number in literary reader.....	12	Number in English grammar ...	35
Number in business arithmetic ..	12	Number in penmanship and spell-	
Number in second book in arith-		ing.....	35
metic .....	16		=
Number in Robinson's complete			
arithmetic .....	7		

It will be noticed, by reference to the foregoing report, that in some of the departments, the boys are being worked in two classes instead of three, as they have been heretofore. In explanation of the change I would say that it is thought that the teacher can do more for all where such classification is practicable.

Classes are promoted from one department to another, after passing a written examination prepared by the principal.

The frequent changes caused by boys going out and coming in render the strict grading which is generally practiced in public schools impossible here; although the chief care and interest of the superintendent in the boys, after their health and morals, seem to be in their regular attendance at and advancement in school.

We endeavor to present all work to pupils in a practical manner, and, that thoroughness may be assured, written examinations will be given in all departments, except the lowest primary, once in eight weeks.

Respectfully submitted,

B. S. PARK,

*Principal.*

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*Industrial School for Boys.*

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**LIBRARIAN'S REPORT.**

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*To W. H. Sleep, Superintendent, Industrial School:*

The report of 1881 shows 775 volumes in the library. No additions have been made during the year. Owing to their poor condition about 125 volumes have been taken out of circulation. During the year, 57 volumes have been placed in the library by St. Gall's Church, of Milwaukee, for the benefit of the Catholic boys of this school.

The reading room contained 210 volumes. Many of these books have been taken out on account of their poor condition. The reading room now contains 167 volumes, including 32 volumes of Patent Office Reports, Agricultural Reports, etc., 65 volumes of bound monthlies; 70 volumes of miscellaneous books, besides Chambers' Cyclopedias, a Cyclopedias of American Literature, and a Dictionary of Dates.

We have, by subscription and contribution, ten copies Harpers Young People, ten copies Youths' Companion, and one copy each of the following publications: Milwaukee Daily Republican-Sentinel, Madison Tri-Weekly State Journal, Waukesha County Democrat, Waukesha Freeman, Evangelical Messenger, Brandon Times, Wisconsin Chief, Wisconsin Free Press, Wisconsin Home Guard, Black Earth Advertiser, Deaf-Mute Times, Live-Stock Journal.

These papers are taken to the several families, where they are read with interest by the boys. A new supply of books for the library is much needed.

Respectfully,

W. L. STEELE,  
*Librarian.*

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*Physician's Report.*

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PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

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*To W. H. Sleep, Superintendent Industrial School:*

I have the pleasure to report that the health of the inmates of the school has been unusually good the past year, not a single death having occurred. The following are the cases of sickness needing medical attention:

Bronchitis, two; pneumonia, one; epilepsy, one; quinsy, one; bilious fever, one; granulation of eyelids, one; catarrhal inflammation, one; chills and fever, one.

Patients having the disease when they came to the school: abscess, four; one of thigh needing considerable attention. During the winter there were eighty-six boys vaccinated.

Respectfully,

J. E. BACON,  
*Attending Physician.*



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*Industrial School for Boys.*


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## STEWARD'S REPORT,

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

### CURRENT EXPENSE.

#### RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand last report .....	\$1,426 96	
Received from counties .....	12,222 08	
Appropriations .....	33,900 00	
		<u>\$46,643 99</u>
Received from sales of hides, pelts and tallow.....	491 60	
Received from sales of stock, vegetables, etc .....	1,056 81	
Received from visitors .....	134 54	
Received from sales of sock factory .....	2,281 53	
Received from boot and shoe factory, overdraft October 1, 1881.	11,611 61	
		<u>\$62,235 08</u>

#### EXPENDITURES.

For current expenses.....	\$48,710 86	
For indebtedness, October 1, 1881.....	1,085 84	
For State Board of Supervision.....	1,757 75	
For sock factory, bills.....	1,865 40	
For boot and shoe factory, overdraft .....	6,456 11	
		<u>\$59,875 96</u>
Balance .....		<u>\$2,349 12</u>
In treasurer's hands.....	\$2,250 67	
In steward's hands.....	98 45	
	<u>\$2,349 12</u>	

### BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY.

#### CREDIT.

Received from sales and collections.....	\$52,067 29	
Overdraft charged to current expenses .....	6,456 11	
		<u>\$58,523 40</u>

#### EXPENDITURES.

For overdraft to current expenses.....	\$11,611 61	
For wages.....	5,604 96	
For stock and tools .....	41,306 83	
		<u>\$58,523 40</u>

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*Steward's Report.*


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## BUILDING ACCOUNT.

## CREDIT.

Balance last report.....	\$2,218 06	
Appropriation .....	1,000 00	
		<u>\$3,218 06</u>

## DEBIT.

Paid as per vouchers.....	2,812 01	
In treasurer's hands.....	\$406 05	
		<u><u>\$2,812 01</u></u>

## PAINT AND OIL ACCOUNT.

## CREDIT.

Balance last report.....	\$417 82	
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## DEBIT.

Paid as per vouchers.....	417 82	
		<u><u>\$417 82</u></u>

## WELL AND WATER SUPPLY.

## CREDIT.

Balance last report.....	\$517 21	
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## DEBIT.

Paid as per vouchers.....	517 21	
		<u><u>\$517 21</u></u>

## NEW FENCE.

## CREDIT.

Balance last report.....	\$800 00	
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## DEBIT.

Paid as per vouchers.....	61 47	
In treasurer's hands.....	\$738 53	
		<u><u>\$738 53</u></u>

## PAINTING AND REPAIRS.

## CREDIT.

Appropriation .....	\$2,000 00	
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## DEBIT.

Paid as per vouchers.....	1,548 40	
In treasurer's hands.....	\$451 60	
		<u><u>\$1,548 40</u></u>

Respectfully submitted,

WILLIAM H. SLEEP,

*Steward.*

*Industrial School for Boys.*

## FINANCIAL EXHIBITS.

## STATEMENT OF THE CURRENT EXPENSES AT THE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

Classified Items.	Inventory Septem- ber 30, 1881.	Purchased during the year.	Transferred to this account during the year.	Total.	Inventory, Sept. 30, 1882.	Cash received on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account during the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
Amusement and instruction.....	\$346 58	\$1,137 28	.....	\$1,883 86	\$1,114 67	\$1 90	.....	\$1,116 57	.....	\$767 29
Accounts receivable.....	3 73	.....	.....	3 73	.....	3 73	.....	3 73	.....	.....
Barn, farm and garden.....	8,441 59	1,635 12	250 00	10,326 71	10,030 79	597 65	\$4,116 79	14,745 13	\$4,418 42	.....
Boot and shoe factory.....	41,235 64	46,499 33	.....	87,734 97	30,096 05	50,068 03	4,887 37	85,081 45	.....	2,653 52
Clothing.....	3,103 03	3,678 31	1,500 00	8,341 34	2,614 60	35 49	.....	2,650 09	.....	5,691 26
Discount.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	44 70	44 70	44 70	.....
Drugs and medical department.....	33 02	268 57	.....	301 59	35 96	.....	.....	35 18	.....	265 61
Engines and boilers.....	785 00	302 53	664 00	1,751 53	1,449 00	.....	150 00	1,599 00	.....	152 53
Explosives.....	.....	565 41	.....	565 41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	565 41
Freight and express.....	88 63	88 63	.....	88 63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	88 63
Fire apparatus.....	.....	.....	4,854 00	4,854 00	4,854 00	.....	.....	4,854 00	.....	.....
Furniture.....	6,593 16	155 64	.....	6,748 80	4,517 38	.....	2,081 00	6,598 38	.....	150 35
Fuel.....	2,136 64	5,445 89	.....	7,582 53	2,629 75	29 87	.....	2,659 62	.....	4,925 91
Gas and other lights.....	.....	1,212 15	3,265 00	4,477 15	3,268 70	79 22	.....	3,347 92	.....	1,109 26
Hides, pelts, etc.....	.....	491 60	.....	491 60	.....	491 60	.....	491 60	.....	.....
Horse furnishing.....	2,466 66	1,246 89	3,870 00	7,633 55	7,473 34	85 85	.....	7,474 69	.....	168 86
Improvements.....	4,895 00	.....	.....	4,895 00	.....	.....	4,895 00	4,895 00	.....	.....
Laundry.....	1,451 18	184 62	.....	1,635 80	717 88	.....	600 00	1,317 88	.....	317 92
Library.....	674 08	23 00	7 75	704 83	704 83	.....	.....	704 83	.....	41 50
Machinery and tools.....	877 33	56 16	606 50	1,039 99	993 17	5 32	.....	998 49	.....	288 39
Miscellaneous.....	1,413 76	203 13	.....	1,616 89	26 35	.....	1,303 25	1,328 60	.....	60 15
Officers' expenses.....	.....	60 15	.....	60 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	474 18
Painting, postage, stationery and telegraph.....	125 73	399 65	128 00	653 38	179 10	.....	.....	179 10	.....	.....

*Financial Exhibit.*

Repairs and renewals.....	1,212 88	1,071 98	.....	2,284 86	534 01	103 10	50 00	676 11	.....	1,608 76
Real estate.....	181,075 00	.....	.....	183,200 00	183,200 00	.....	.....	183,200 00	.....	.....
Scrap.....	.....	.....	.....	50 00	.....	50 00	.....	50 00	.....	.....
Subsistence.....	1,941 79	14,865 30	.....	21,744 28	2,060 46	150 78	491 60	2,703 84	.....	19,041 44
Stock factory.....	2,348 41	1,863 15	.....	4,211 56	2,085 61	2,281 58	.....	4,387 14	185 88	.....
Wages and salaries.....	.....	14,233 11	.....	14,233 11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,233 11
Totals.....	\$361,320 26	\$95,148 78	\$21,749 04	\$378,118 06	\$257,695 14	\$53,937 97	\$18,619 71	\$330,142 83	\$4,618 70	\$53,593 96
Less discounts.....	.....	44 70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Net cost.....	.....	\$95,104 08	.....	330,142 82	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,618 70
Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by Secretary of State for salaries and expenses of Board of Supervision.....	.....	.....	.....	\$47,975 26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$47,975 26
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,757 75
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$49,733 01

*Industrial School for Boys.*

## STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.

1881.				
Oct. 1	By balance .....			\$1,426 96
1882.				
Jan. 1	By counties .....			12,222 03
Mar. 2	By general appropriation, ch. 38, Laws 1882 .....			33,000 00
Sept. 30	By steward, visitors .....			134 54
Sept. 30	By steward, boot and shoe factory .....			50,098 03
Sept. 30	By steward, sock factory .....			2,281 53
Sept. 30	By steward, sundries .....			1,548 41
1882.				
June 1	To transferred to Board of Supervision fund .....	\$1,757 75		
Sept. 30	To warrants current expense this year ..	46,741 60		
Sept. 30	To warrants boot and shoe factory .....	46,499 33		
Sept. 30	To warrants sock factory .....	1,863 15		
Sept. 30	To warrants indebtedness previous year ..	1,500 55		
	To balance in hands of the treasurer of the Institution \$2,250 67 .....			
	To balance in hands of the steward of the Institution 98 45 .....			
			2,349 12	
			\$100,711 50	\$100,711 50
1882.				
Oct. 1	Balance available .....			\$2,349 12

## STATEMENT OF SPECIAL APPROPRIATION FUNDS.

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Balance avail- able Oct. 1,	Appropriations 1882.	Total.	Expended dur- ing the year.	Balance avail- able Sept. 30, 1882.
Completing family build- ing No. 10 .....	\$2,218 06	\$1,000 00	\$3,218 06	\$2,812 01	\$406 05
New fence .....	800 00		800 00	61 47	738 53
Paint and oil .....	417 82		417 82	417 82	
Painting and repairs .....		2,900 00	2,000 00	1,548 40	451 60
Steam fire engine or pump with pipe and other nec- essary appendages .....		5,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	
Well and water supply .....	517 24		517 24	517 24	
Total .....	\$3,953 12	\$8,000 00	\$11,953 12	\$10,356 94	\$1,596 18

*Agricultural Products — Moneys Received.*

**FARM AND GARDEN PRODUCTS — YEAR ENDING  
SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.**

Apples.....	65	bushels	\$0 35	\$32 75	.....
Beets .....	31	bushels	40	12 40	.....
Beets .....	250	bushels	23	57 50	.....
Beans.....	45	bushels	2 00	90 00	.....
Beans, green .....	10	bushels	50	5 00	.....
Corn, green .....	89	bushels	50	44 50	.....
Currants .....	81½	bushels	1 25	4 38	.....
Cucumbers.....	12	bushels	40	4 80	.....
Cauliflower.....	77	head.	07	5 39	.....
Celery .....	1,400	head.	03	42 00	.....
Cabbage .....	454	head.	03	13 62	.....
Lettuce .....	3,500	head.	.....	9 00	.....
Onions.....	321½	bushels	50	160 75	.....
Parsnips.....	28	bushels	40	11 20	.....
Peas, green.....	100½	bushels	60	60 30	.....
Potatoes .....	1,968	bushels	25	492 00	.....
Pie plant .....	.....	.....	.....	18 00	.....
Squash .....	2,043	pounds.	01	20 43	.....
Salsify.....	14	bushels	70	9 80	.....
Turnips.....	10	bushels	35	3 50	.....
Tomatoes.....	17	bushels	90	15 30	.....
Chickens .....	50	pounds.	07	3 50	.....
Eggs.....	137	dozen.	15	20 55	.....
Milk.....	21,217	gallons.	08	1,697 36	.....
Pork .....	14,364	pounds.	09	1,292 76	.....
				<u>\$4,116 79</u>	

**STATEMENT OF MONEYS RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR ENDING  
SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.**

Boot and shoe factory.....	\$50,098 08
Sock and mitten factory.....	2,281 53
Barn, farm and garden .....	601 28
Clothing .....	35 49
Fuel .....	29 87
Gas and other lights .....	79 22
Hides, pelts and tallow.....	491 60
House furnishing .....	85
Means of instruction.....	1 90
Machinery and tools .....	5 32
Repairs and renewals .....	102 10
Subsistence.....	150 78
Scraps .....	50 00
Visitors .....	134 54
<b>Total.....</b>	<u><u>\$54,062 51</u></u>

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*Industrial School for Boys.*


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 DETAILED LIST OF EXPENDITURES.
 

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AMUSEMENTS.			
Band books .....		\$12 55	
Band instruction .....		251 00	
Band instruments .....		253 30	
Ball clubs .....	1 dozen.	1 00	
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....		25	
Candy .....	126 pounds.	16 43	
Candy holders. ....	50	20	
Christmas candles .....		80	
Clement Concert company .....		10 00	
Checkers .....	1 dozen.	3 60	
Drum sticks .....	2 pair.	1 50	
Dominoes .....	1 dozen.	6 00	
Drum heads .....	2	2 50	
Fire works .....		17 76	
Figs .....	80¼ pounds.	11 26	
Freights .....		63	
Lemons .....	2 boxes.	12 50	
Music paper .....		50	
Pea nuts .....	255 pounds.	20 88	
Paper bags .....	1,000	1 63	
Rubber balls .....	1½ dozen.	3 50	
Skates .....	68 pairs.	58 75	
Song cards .....	930	15 00	
Wax candles .....	6 pounds.	1 32	
			\$702 84
BARN, FARM AND GARDEN.			
Axes .....	6	\$4 50	
Axe handles .....	2 dozen.	3 80	
Boars .....	1	16 00	
Brushes .....	8	5 00	
Beans .....	18 quarts.	2 03	
Boxes for wagons .....	2	22 00	
Bags .....	30	6 35	
Condition powders .....	10 pounds.	5 00	
Cows .....	2	107 00	
Cattle ties .....	13	1 65	
Clover seed .....	7¼ bushels	32 70	
Curry combs .....	16	2 19	
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....		65	
Chain .....		30	
Durham bull .....	1	51 50	
Feed — bran .....	12,521 pounds	129 51	
Corn .....	2 bushels	2 63	
Grinding feed .....		71 77	
Hay .....	15,½ tons.	43 97	
Meal .....	8,500 pounds.	118 25	
Straw .....	1 stack.	10 00	

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

BARN, FARM AND GARDEN — con.			
Freights			\$5 26
Forks	1 dozen.		5 00
Garden plants			3 10
Garden and farm seeds			56 82
Garden rakes	6		1 80
Grass hook	1		35
Horse shoeing			91 12
Hay rakes	3 dozen.		5 25
Hog powder	23 pounds.		9 20
Horses	2		300 00
Hoes	2 dozen.		7 20
Lease of land			182 50
Land plaster	6 tons.		35 25
Manure	16 loads.		4 00
Potatoes (for seed)	89½ bushels.		68 70
Pumpkin seed	16 quarts.		2 00
Peas	½ bushel.		85
Pulleys	1½ dozen.		1 90
Repairing harness			33 60
Repairing sundries			85 43
Rope	127¼ pounds.		20 88
Spades	1 dozen.		11 63
Shovels	1 dozen.		11 62
Scoops	½ dozen.		6 75
Salt	21 barrels.		23 10
Sythe snaths	1		2 00
Timothy seed	3 bushels		7 80
Tie ropes	7½ dozen.		82
Veterinary surgeon			9 00
Whips	5		6 45
CLOTHING.			\$1,635 12
Buttons	101 gross.		21 63
Buttons, collar	1 dozen.		12
Buttons, military	6 gross.		22 50
Bows	7 dozen.		9 63
Batting	2 pounds.		30
Cartage, boxes, etc.			25
Caps	7¾ dozen.		36 84
Cottonade	576¾ yards.		122 88
Cassimere	1,196 yards.	1,723 68	
Canvas	90 yards.		14 30
Chalk, tailors	1 box.		32
Coats	7		24 00
Collars, linen	2		32
Collars, paper	540		5 10
Denims	1,420 yards.	221 29	
Flannel	583 yards.	190 08	
Farmer's satin	95¼ yards.	10 43	
Freights		7 69	
Handkerchiefs	60 dozen.	50 50	
Hats, chip	28½ dozen.	55 15	
Jeans	852¼ yards.	111 36	
Lining	102½ yards.	10 25	
Mitts, buck	7 dozen.	64 50	
Muslin	407½ yards.	34 62	



*Industrial School for Boys.*

CLOTHING — continued.			
Overcoats .....	4	\$20 00	
Pants .....	15 pair.	39 50	
Railroad bags .....	1½ dozen.	14 63	
Silesia .....	217¼ yards.	23 78	
Shirting prints .....	176 yards.	10 56	
Suits .....	65	659 00	
Satin du Chien .....	50 yards.	5 50	
Shirts .....	2	2 00	
Satchels .....	2 dozen.	10 00	
Thimbles .....	6 dozen.	75	
Thread, cotton .....	136 dozen.	74 80	
Thread, linen .....	54 dozen.	44 52	
Thread, silk .....	2 spools.	12	
Tricot .....	49 yards.	8 82	
Tape .....	5½ dozen.	1 93	
Vests .....	10	9 00	
Velvet .....	½ yard.	1 00	
Wigan .....	96¼ yards.	6 74	
Wadding .....	24 dozen.	4 68	
Wax .....	10 pounds.	3 20	
			\$3,678 31
DRUG AND MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.			
Alcohol .....	9¼ gallons	\$20 58	
Brandy .....	1 gallon.	7 15	
Drugs and medicines .....		82 97	
Freights .....		37	
Medical services .....		127 75	
Vaccination .....	91	22 75	
Dentist bills .....		7 09	
			268 57
ENGINE AND BOILERS.			
Balvoline .....	5 gallons.	\$6 35	
Boiler compound .....	50 pounds.	5 00	
Cotton waste .....	27 pounds.	2 70	
Castings .....	880 pounds.	44 00	
Cans .....	2	2 00	
Freights .....		5 00	
Flue scrapers .....	1	1 65	
Inspector .....		1 60	
Oil, lard .....	1 gallon.	80	
Oil, machine .....	46 gallons.	18 40	
Oil, cylinder .....	10 gallons.	7 50	
Oil, engine .....	10 gallons.	4 00	
Packing .....	6 pounds.	1 98	
Repairs on boiler .....		201 55	
			302 53
ELOPERS .....		\$565 41	565 41
FREIGHT AND EXPRESS SUNDRIES .....		88 63	88 63
FURNITURE.			
Chairs .....	20 dozen.	102 00	
Freights .....		10 51	
Lumber, maple .....	507 feet.	23 83	
Table legs .....	80 feet.	19 20	
			155 54

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

FUEL:			
Charcoal .....	70 bushels.	\$13 07	.....
Coal, hard .....	90 <sup>120</sup> / <sub>2000</sub> tons.	542 58	.....
Coal, soft .....	572 <sup>847</sup> / <sub>2000</sub> tons.	2,289 05	.....
Wood .....	580 <sup>125</sup> / <sub>28</sub> cords.	2,604 24	.....
			\$5,448 89
GAS AND OTHER LIGHTS.			
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....		\$2 05	.....
Freight .....		30 93	.....
Gasoline .....	4,852 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> gallons.	1,001 05	.....
Lighters .....	5 boxes.	3 00	.....
Matches .....	2 cases.	15 30	.....
Oil, elaine .....	577 gallons.	81 91	.....
Oil, lard .....	51 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> gallons.	49 54	.....
Oil, sperm .....	1 gallon.	1 40	.....
Parlor fuses .....	18 cases.	27 00	.....
			\$1,212 18
HOUSE FURNISHING.			
Baskets .....	12	\$9 00	.....
Barrels .....	5	6 50	.....
Bowls .....	36 dozen.	36 96	.....
Burlaps .....	4 yards.	40	.....
Blacking .....	27 dozen.	13 50	.....
Brushes, scrub .....	12 dozen.	25 70	.....
Brushes shoe .....	4 dozen.	7 00	.....
Brushes, crumb .....	1 dozen.	7 50	.....
Brushes, calcimine .....	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> dozen.	6 40	.....
Brushes, varnish .....	<sup>8</sup> / <sub>12</sub> dozen.	4 67	.....
Brushes, counter .....	1 dozen.	3 00	.....
Bath brick .....	2 boxes.	1 60	.....
Brooms .....	15 dozen.	51 00	.....
Chamber pails .....	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> dozen.	3 75	.....
Crash .....	200 yards.	21 50	.....
Chair mats .....	1 dozen.	9 00	.....
Combs .....	30 dozen.	29 40	.....
Corn poppers .....	1 dozen.	2 50	.....
Carpets .....	99 yards.	79 20	.....
Carpet binding .....		1 60	.....
Curtain cord .....		1 04	.....
Curtain rings .....	1 gross.	50	.....
Curtain fixture .....	1	60	.....
Cups, coffee .....	4 dozen.	5 14	.....
Cups, tin .....	4 dozen.	2 70	.....
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....		2 65	.....
Chimneys .....	12 dozen.	9 00	.....
Chloride of lime .....	19 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> pounds.	1 08	.....
Clocks .....	2	5 00	.....
Dust pans .....	2 dozen.	1 90	.....
Dippers .....	3 dozen.	1 67	.....
Darners .....	250	56	.....
Door knobs .....	3 dozen.	90	.....
Egg cases .....	16	4 62	.....
Egg tester .....	1	1 00	.....
Freights .....		8 91	.....
Funnels .....	3	38	.....
Fire shovels .....	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> dozen.	74	.....

*Industrial School for Boys.*

HOUSE FURNISHING — continued.			
Gas chimneys .....	26	dozen.	\$26 35
Globes .....	8	dozen.	9 00
House bells .....	2		68
Hand baskets .....	2	dozen.	16 00
Holder lighters .....	2		80
Holland .....	70	yards.	7 35
Ice cream can .....	1		8 00
Individual butters .....	5	dozen.	1 75
Jugs, W. G. ....	6		1 88
Kettles .....	4		22 10
Knives and forks .....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	gross.	9 58
Lamps .....	1		88
Lanterns .....	1	dozen.	8 00
Locks .....	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	dozen.	12 85
Mats .....	1	dozen.	8 00
Matting .....	335 $\frac{1}{2}$	yards.	146 98
Mattresses .....	1		4 50
Meat chopper .....	1		9 60
Mortice locks .....	2 $\frac{1}{3}$	dozen.	64 52
Molasses gates .....	2		53
Match brackets .....	2	dozen.	1 85
Needles .....	1,000		1 20
Navy cloth .....	4	yards.	28
Netting .....	1	piece.	40
Oil tank .....	1		13 20
Oilers .....	$\frac{1}{2}$	dozen.	45
Oil cloth .....	40	yards.	16 00
Pins .....	$\frac{1}{4}$	gross.	15
Pans .....	2		2 00
Pans, pie .....	5	dozen.	2 59
Pans and pails, sundries .....			15 00
Pails, ash .....	6		7 50
Pepper boxes .....	1	dozen.	25
Pitchers .....	4		1 92
Sheeting .....	3,596	yards.	316 75
Soap, castile .....	990	pounds	75 16
Soap, toilet .....	29	dozen.	17 15
Sun burners .....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	dozen.	2 01
Street globes .....	2		42
Sprinklers .....	3		2 85
S. M. oil .....	4	gallons.	6 35
Shears .....	12	pairs.	8 50
Stove polish .....	4	dozen.	2 00
Step ladders .....	1		2 43
Sugar bowls .....	6		3 00
Shuttles .....	6		3 03
Springs for doors .....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	dozen.	1 80
Scoops .....	2		65
Sash cord .....	2 $\frac{1}{8}$	pounds	1 09
Shades .....	6		38
Stove pipe .....			4 75
Screws .....			10
Twine, cotton .....	11	pounds	2 55
Twine, hemp .....	1	dozen.	60
Table spoons .....	1	gross.	3 50
Tea pots .....	1		2 75
Table linen .....	43	yards.	22 58

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

HOUSE FURNISHING—con.			
Tubs.....	4	2 00	.....
Thermometers.....	3	75	.....
Tin cans.....	1 dozen.	1 20	.....
Tacks.....	4 dozen.	94	.....
Thread, cotton.....	36 dozen.	19 80	.....
Use of dishes.....	.....	1 89	.....
Wash basins.....	1 dozen.	1 70	.....
Zinc ends.....	2 dozen.	3 00	.....
			1,296 89
LAUNDRY.			
Blueing.....	6 dozen.	3 00	.....
Caustic soda.....	620 pounds.	28 86	.....
Freights.....	.....	3 86	.....
Pails.....	3 dozen.	6 30	.....
Rubber rollers.....	1	3 50	.....
Soap.....	30 boxes.	110 29	.....
Sal soda.....	586 pounds.	10 25	.....
Starch.....	227 pounds.	12 64	.....
Sad irons.....	43 $\frac{3}{4}$ pounds.	1 67	.....
Tubs.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	4 25	.....
			184 62
LIBRARY.			
Atlas of the world.....	1	20 00	.....
Books.....	.....	3 00	.....
			23 00
MACHINERY AND TOOLS.			
Auger bits.....	.....	8 46	.....
Adz handles.....	3	55	.....
Brt. hooks.....	1	59	.....
Bits.....	11	2 83	.....
Burrs.....	3	89	.....
Bench screws.....	1	31	.....
Cartage, boxes, etc.....	.....	60	.....
Chisel handles.....	12	29	.....
Cullenders.....	1	5 50	.....
Coach screws.....	1 dozen.	13	.....
Files.....	5 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	8 36	.....
Freight.....	.....	29	.....
Grind stones.....	2	2 76	.....
Hatchets.....	1	90	.....
Handles.....	1 $\frac{1}{4}$ dozen.	1 03	.....
Hammers.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	3 40	.....
Knives.....	1	60	.....
Level glasses.....	3	9	.....
Mallets.....	2	57	.....
Punches.....	$\frac{3}{4}$ dozen.	53	.....
Plane irons.....	4	2 01	.....
Rules.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	48	.....
Slaw's scraper.....	1	8 00	.....
Screw drivers.....	3	51	.....
Saw punches.....	3	38	.....
Tapes.....	3	4 80	.....
Wrenches.....	1	1 35	.....
			58 16

*Industrial School for Boys.*

MEANS OF INSTRUCTION.			
Appleton's readers.....	120		\$35 74
Arithmetics.....	12	dozen.	61 20
Blotting pads.....	10	pounds.	2 50
Copy books.....	32	dozen.	37 80
Copy spellers.....	18	dozen.	15 12
Erasers.....	4	dozen.	6 50
Fitz globe.....	1		24 00
Harper's Young People.....	10	copies.	13 25
Ink.....	6	dozen.	8 75
Ink.....	10	gallons.	6 00
Live Stock Gazette.....	1		2 50
Maps and key.....			10 00
Methods of Teaching.....	6		1 80
Paper, note.....	16	reams.	21 00
Pens.....	14	gross.	8 40
Penholders.....	3	gross.	3 25
Reading charts.....			10 00
Singing books.....	62		12 20
Song collection.....	1		40
Slates.....	12	dozen.	8 68
Slate pencils.....	4,900		9 95
Spellers.....	25	dozen.	22 80
Youth's Companion.....	10	copies.	17 60
			\$334 44
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Book.....			5 00
Boys' fare home.....			72 80
Couplings.....			46
Dog.....	1		4 50
Hose.....	100	feet.	18 00
Hose bibbs.....			5 40
Indelible ink.....	11¼	pints.	5 63
Lock nuts.....	12		80
Mail bag.....	1		3 80
Returning boys from Home.....			25 25
Telephone battery.....	1		2 50
Telephone, lease of.....			55 00
Trimming hose.....			50
Valves.....	4		1 90
Watch clock dials.....	500		2 09
			208 13
OFFICERS' EXPENSES.			
Railroad fare.....			24 55
Sundry expenses.....			25 15
Traveling expenses.....			10 45
			60 15
PRINTING, POSTAGE, STATIONERY AND TELEGRAPH.			
Amberg index.....	6		1 80
Blank books.....	4		17 00
Bands.....	3	gross.	1 20
Blotters.....	6	sheets.	50
Bill-heads.....	1,000		3 50
Copy brush.....	1		1 00

*Detailed List of Expenditures.***PRINTING, POSTAGE, STATIONERY  
AND TELEGRAPH — continued.**

Copy book .....	1		1 25	.....
Envelopes .....	1,250		3 98	.....
Gum arabic .....	5	pounds.	2 50	.....
History of inmates .....	1		12 00	.....
Ink .....	1/2	dozen.	3 50	.....
Ink, red .....	6	bottles.	1 00	.....
Index mem. ....	2		85	.....
Index box .....	1		1 25	.....
Lead pencils .....	12	dozen.	1 75	.....
Letter heads .....	2	reams.	14 00	.....
Letter cases .....	6		2 10	.....
Memorandum books .....	11	dozen.	10 75	.....
Mucilage .....	1	bottle.	25	.....
Note heads .....	5,000		12 50	.....
Pass books .....	13	dozen.	7 75	.....
Paper, journal .....	10	gross.	2 00	.....
Paper, W. C. ....	15	pack'es.	3 00	.....
Paper, note .....	5	reams.	7 50	.....
Paper, legal cap .....	4	reams.	14 00	.....
Paper, manilla .....	70	pounds.	6 30	.....
Pens .....	13	gross.	8 40	.....
Post office box rent and postage .....			16 58	.....
Postal cards .....	1,000		10 00	.....
Postal envelopes, 3c. ....	4,000		129 20	.....
Printing, certificates .....	300		3 50	.....
Printing, postals. ....			2 00	.....
Ruling pen .....	1		75	.....
Scratch blocks .....	200		6 25	.....
Sponge cup and sponge .....	1		35	.....
Telegraph .....			70 67	.....
Tags .....	1,000		75	.....
Tablets .....	252		10 37	.....
Tablets .....	50	pounds.	7 50	.....
			<b>\$399 55</b>	

**REPAIRS AND RENEWALS.**

Bolts .....	1,450		10 03	.....
Butts .....	9	dozen.	4 76	.....
Babbitt metal .....	3 3/8	pounds.	96	.....
Cement .....	5	barrels.	9 25	.....
Castings .....			94 90	.....
Chimney sweep .....			4 50	.....
Castors .....	1/2	dozen.	1 15	.....
Cartage boxes, etc. ....			50	.....
Draw pulls .....	1		13	.....
Door knobs .....	2	gross.	47	.....
Freights .....			23 97	.....
Flooring .....	5,843	feet.	207 00	.....
Furnace castings .....			72 55	.....
Fixtures .....	1		67	.....
Grates .....	1	set.	10 15	.....
Glass .....	11	boxes.	30 42	.....
Glass .....	19	lights.	2 85	.....
Glue .....	186	pounds.	22 57	.....
Grinding shears .....			1 25	.....
Hinges .....	96 1/4	pounds.	5 83	.....

*Industrial School for Boys.*

REPAIRS AND RENWALS — CON.			
Hooks .....	2	gross.	98
Labor, sundries .....	4	days.	10 00
Labor, sundries .....	22½	hours.	4 73
Locks .....	15		5 06
Leather belting .....	80	feet.	8 15
Lacing .....	200	feet.	2 25
Nipples and bushings .....			7 71
Nails .....	6	kegs.	24 81
Oxalic acid .....	2	pounds.	80
Pulleys .....	1		26
Rivets .....	4	pounds.	1 38
Sundry ordinary repairs .....			467 98
Screws .....	29	gross.	13 00
Staples .....	1¼	gross.	2 34
Stucco .....	1	barrel.	2 25
Tapers .....	2	dozen.	1 35
Whiting .....	1,001	pounds.	12 30
Washers .....	8	pounds.	81
Wheel .....	1		1 00
Zinc, sheet .....	67½	pounds.	5 91
			\$1,071 93
SUBSISTENCE.			
Apples .....	212	bushels	\$135 27
Apples .....	6	barrels.	21 00
Apples, dried .....	426	pounds.	29 23
Beef cattle, 89 head live weight .....	94,530	pounds.	3,674 45
Beef, dressed .....	3,098	pounds.	216 86
Beef, canned .....	72	pounds.	10 46
Butter .....	5,611	pounds.	1,496 72
Butter color .....	1	bottle.	25
Baking powder .....	190	pounds.	39 60
Beans .....	141½	bushels	426 02
Berries .....	3	crates.	3 50
Cartage, boxes, etc .....			4 65
Currants .....	190	pounds.	12 75
Crackers .....	964¼	pounds.	65 90
Coffee, Rio .....	1,952	pounds.	241 21
Coffee, Java .....	207	pounds.	54 86
Cocoonut .....	50	pounds.	10 50
Corn starch .....	120	pounds.	8 80
Cream tartar .....	10	pounds.	2 50
Cider .....	264	gallons.	26 40
Cheese .....	933	pounds.	104 18
Canned fruits .....	10	dozen.	26 30
Canned vegetables .....	8	dozen.	11 10
Chickens .....	601	pounds.	49 55
Citron .....	26	pounds.	2 22
Corn meal .....	4,000	pounds.	67 95
Cranberries .....	1¾	barrels.	6 66
Chocolate .....	36	pounds.	8 65
Cherries .....	4	bushels	7 50
Celery .....	1	dozen.	1 62
Eggs .....	2,714½	dozen.	420 57
Freights .....			95 34
Flour .....	546¼	barrels.	3,642 93
Flour, graham .....	200	pounds.	6 50

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

SUBSISTENCE — continued.			
Flour, rye .....	10	barrels.	\$54 00
Flour, buckwheat .....	5 $\frac{3}{8}$	barrels.	50 00
Fish .....	841 $\frac{1}{2}$	pounds.	54 45
Fish, cod .....	720	pounds.	49 00
Figs .....	22 $\frac{1}{2}$	pounds.	4 05
Ginger .....	20	pounds.	3 30
Grares .....	1	crate.	3 65
Grapes .....	8	baskets.	1 50
Geese .....	92	pounds.	6 44
Hops .....	120	pounds.	24 00
Ham .....	281	pounds.	39 44
Hickory nuts .....	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	bushels.	16 50
Honey .....	5 $\frac{1}{4}$	pounds.	1 05
Hogs, eight head weighing .....	2,140	pounds.	151 52
Ice .....	146	loads.	36 75
Jelly .....	4	gallons.	3 33
Lemons .....	19	dozen.	5 65
Lemon extract .....	2	quarts.	2 50
Lambs, 43 head weighing .....	2,150	pounds.	102 13
Malt .....	430	pounds.	17 20
Molasses .....	232 $\frac{1}{2}$	gallons.	132 78
Mustard .....	45	pounds.	10 25
Mustard .....	3	gallons.	2 05
Maccaroni .....	42	pounds.	3 63
Nutmegs .....	5	pounds.	4 50
Oatmeal .....	11	barrels.	73 10
Oysters .....	19	gallons.	24 50
Onions .....	15 $\frac{5}{8}$	bushels.	12 83
Ornaments for cakes .....			1 00
Peaches .....	2	baskets.	2 40
Prunes .....	1,806	pounds.	133 57
Pepper .....	198	pounds.	45 00
Pepper .....	4	boxes.	60
Potatoes .....	175 $\frac{3}{8}$	bushels.	154 30
Peas .....	8 $\frac{3}{4}$	bushels.	7 19
Pork .....	1,170	pounds.	71 66
Pickles .....			1 70
Rice .....	2,009	pounds.	124 19
Raisins .....	5	boxes.	13 73
Raisins .....	220	pounds.	24 71
Strawberries .....	12	cases.	19 60
Sugar, granulated .....	5,275	pounds.	521 70
Sugar, C. ....	7,401	pounds.	607 03
Sugar, powdered .....	178	pounds.	18 55
Salt .....	89	barrels.	61 40
Syrup .....	1,047 $\frac{1}{2}$	gallons.	495 33
Syrup, maple .....	30	gallons.	30 00
Soda, bi-carb .....	150	pounds.	7 15
Soda, sal .....	25	pounds.	1 00
Sheep-mutton, 150 head weighing .....	13,619	pounds.	506 12
Sausage .....	58 $\frac{3}{4}$	pounds.	4 84
Saleratus .....	60	pounds.	3 90
Salmon, canned .....	4	dozen.	6 60
Sardines .....	2	dozen.	5 76
Salad dressing .....	1	dozen.	4 50
Turkeys, live .....	57		32 50
Turkeys, dressed .....	272 $\frac{1}{4}$	pounds.	21 89



*Industrial School for Boys.*

SUBSISTENCE—continued.			
Table sauce .....	8 dozen.	11 85	.....
Tea, Japan .....	163 pounds.	61 45	.....
Tongues .....	5 pounds.	50	.....
Tapioca .....	25 pounds.	1 25	.....
Vanilla extract .....	1 quart.	1 00	.....
V. negar .....	234 gallons.	35 10	.....
Walnuts .....	4 bushels.	2 00	.....
Yeast .....	5 dozen.	2 12	.....
			\$14,865 30
WAGES AND SALARIES .....		\$14,233 11	.....
			14,233 11
BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY .....		\$46,499 33	.....
			46,499 33
SOCK FACTORY .....		\$1,863 15	.....
			1,863 15
Total .....			\$95,148 78
Less discounts .....			44 70
Balance .....			\$95,104 08

*Roster of Officers and Employees.*

## ROSTER OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.

SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

NAME.	SERVICE.	SALARY.
W. H. Sleep.....	Superintendent and steward..	Per year....\$1,600 00
M. Madson .....	Assistant steward.....	Per year.... 1,200 00
B. Smith Park.....	Acting principal teacher....	Per month.... 50 00
E. Dixon .....	Teacher and supt. family No. 2	Per month.... 30 00
J. H. Whitcher.....	Teacher and supt. family No. 7	Per month.... 30 00
W. L. Steele .....	Teacher and supt. family No. 8	Per month.... 30 00
D. A. Maynard.....	Teacher and supt. family No. 9	Per month.... 30 00
Belie Hemingway.....	Teacher.....	Per month.... 20 00
S. H. Hammond .....	Gen. work & supt. fam'y No. 1	Per month.... 30 00
A. D. Kent .....	Carpenter & supt. family No. 3	Per month.... 30 00
Henry Jones.....	Gardener & supt. family No. 5	Per month.... 30 00
F. N. James .....	Supt. sock factory and supt. family No. 6.....	Per month.... 40 00
E. W. Malone.....	Keeper boot & shoe factory and supt. family No. 10 .....	Per month.... 45 00
A. E. Hulce.....	Assistant at correction house ..	Per month.... 25 00
J. E. Jewett.....	Storekeeper .....	Per month.... 30 00
Joseph Ham .....	Baker.....	Per year.... 500 00
S. W. Baker.....	Carpenter .....	Per month.... 50 00
G. W. Keech.....	Engineer.....	Per month.... 40 00
Robert Kenzie.....	Tailor.....	Per month.... 30 00
John F. Hepp .....	Day watchman.....	Per month.... 25 00
S. Elliott .....	Night watchman .....	Per month.... 30 00
Geo. Coombs.....	Care of barn and stock.....	Per month.... 25 00
A. F. Hulce.....	Teamster.....	Per month.... 20 00
D. S. Shirley.....	Teamster.....	Per month.... 20 00
Gustav Visa .....	Scavenger.....	Per month.... 10 00
Miss E. C. Dayfoot..	Matron family No. 1.....	Per month.... 12 00
Mrs. H. A. Alvord..	Matron family No. 2.....	Per month.... 12 00
Mrs. O. H. Thorp ..	Matron family No. 3.....	Per month.... 12 00
Mrs. S. Park.....	Matron family No. 4.....	Per month.... 12 00
Mrs. H. Jones.....	Matron family No. 5.....	Per month.... 12 00
Mrs. F. N. James.....	Matron family No. 6.....	Per month.... 12 00
Mrs. A. C. Smith .....	Matron family No. 7.....	Per month.... 14 00
Miss M. Bornheimer.	Matron family No. 8.....	Per month.... 12 00
Mrs. J. E. Jewett....	Matron family No. 9.....	Per month.... 12 00
Mrs. A. D. Kent.....	Laundress.....	Per month.... 20 00
Mrs. Mary A. Ham..	Cook .....	Per week..... 5 00
Miss Anna Jones.....	Assistant.....	Per week..... 4 50
Miss M. J. McWhorter	House work.....	Per month.... 12 00
H. C. Weston .....	Manager boot factory.....	Per month.... 100 00
Geo W. Weston .....	Cutter, boot factory .....	Per day..... 3 00
D. D. Mulligan.....	Sider, boot factory.....	Per day..... 3 00
N. M. Hardy.....	Sole cutter, boot factory .....	Per day..... 3 00
H. W. Fales.....	Finisher, boot factory .....	Per day..... 3 00
A. W. Cross.....	Bottomer, boot factory .....	Per week..... 20 00



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THIRTY-FIRST ANNUAL REPORT  
OF THE  
WISCONSIN INSTITUTION  
FOR THE  
EDUCATION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB,  
FOR THE  
FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

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## RESIDENT OFFICERS.

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*Superintendent* — JOHN W. SWILER.

*Steward* — RUGENE A. GATES.

*Matron* — MISS JULIA A. TAYLOR.

## REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

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*To the State Board of Supervision of Wisconsin Charitable, Reformatory and Penal Institutions.*

GENTLEMEN: In compliance with laws governing the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, I have the honor herewith to submit this, the Thirty-First Annual, Report of its operations for the year ending September 30th, 1882.

The school term began Wednesday, October 5th, 1881, with 150 pupils, continued without intermission till Wednesday, June 14th, 1882, when it closed with 173 pupils — 102 boys and 71 girls. Three pupils were granted diplomas at the close of the term, viz.: Emil Weller, of Sheboygan; Ruth Wright, of Oshkosh; and Mary Griswold, of Lancaster. The total attendance during the year has been 223; the greatest number present in a single term 186.

Your attention is respectfully invited to Table No. 1, which shows the number of pupils received, instructed and discharged during the year, also the number of absentees and the causes of their detention, as far as known.

Table No. 2, shows the average monthly attendance, and the average for the year.

Table No. 3, gives causes of deafness; table No. 4, nationality of new pupils; table No. 5, age at which hearing was lost.

Table No. 6, indicates county representation, by actual attendance, Sept. 30, 1882.

Table No. 7, shows the arrangement of classes, names of teachers, number of pupils in each class, the time each has been in school, the average time of class under instruction, and the average time of all pupils under instruction.

As an appendix to this report, a corrected list is given, showing the name and post office address of every pupil, supplemented by a list of pupils admitted since last report.

The organization of the school comprises arrangements for study, recitation, recreation and work, giving each department that por-

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*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*

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tion of the day best suited to it. The forenoons and evenings have been devoted to study and recitation, the afternoons to work and diversion.

There have been nine regular classes under the instruction of a similar number of teachers. Two classes were taught articulation, and in five classes special attention has been given to penmanship. In addition to this, special instruction was given certain pupils in "manners and morals," and also in articulation, besides occasional evening lectures upon popular and scientific subjects.

Examinations in January and at the close of the term indicate progress on the part of pupils that was secured by a disposition to study and the honest labor of their teachers. Cases of discipline have been rare, order and obedience the rule.

It affords me great pleasure to mention the interest and enthusiasm of all my colaborers, and to attest a full appreciation of their valuable services. The results of the year are due to the labors of the teachers and officers who faithfully carried on the work from day to day.

No material changes in methods of instruction have occurred during the past year, with this exception, that articulation now receives less attention than formerly.

The following course of study is observed:

1st Year — Language Lessons, Nouns, Verbs, Adjectives; Object teaching; Action Writing; Spelling and writing.

2d Year — Composition, simple sentences; Picture teaching; First Reader (Latham's); Numeration, addition, subtraction.

3d Year — Language, reading lessons; Four Rules of Arithmetic without Text Book; Picture teaching, maps, etc.; Penmanship.

4th Year — Composition Writing; Primary Arithmetic (Felter's); Primary Geography (Colton's); Geography and History of Wisconsin; Penmanship.

5th Year — Practical Arithmetic (Olney's), begun; Geography (Swinton's); United States History (Anderson's), with special attention to geography in history; Language, drill reading; Penmanship.

6th Year — Language Lessons (Swinton's); Arithmetic (Olney's)

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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continued; United States History (Anderson's) finished; Reading; Penmanship.

7th Year — Composition and Rhetoric (Kerl's) begun; Arithmetic (Olney's) finished; Physical Geography; Natural Philosophy lectures; Natural History; Reading; Penmanship.

8th Year — Composition and Rhetoric (Kerl's) finished; General History (Anderson's); Anatomy and Physiology (Cutter's); Algebra; Civil Government; Moral Science.

Rosetta Ritsher, for four years a successful teacher of articulation, withdrew from the service of the state at the close of last term, in conformity to a desire for the retirement of private life. Her departure was much regretted by officers and pupils. The vacancy thus caused in the corps of instruction is yet unfilled.

Helen E. Briggs of Delavan has been placed in charge of a class of two years' standing, which she is teaching with great success.

The tenth convention of American Instructors of the Deaf and Dumb met in Jacksonville, Ill., August 26th. It was attended by various members of this institution, who were privileged to participate in the instructive exercises of the occasion. More than one hundred and fifty of the leading teachers of deaf mutes were there assembled.

Work in the industrial department of the school has formed an important factor in the educational forces brought to bear upon the student. As far as provided it has been efficient; but the Institution can more fully meet demands made upon it by furnishing technical instruction in the most practical useful arts to a larger number.

John Beamsley has been appointed master of the shoe shop, *vice* R. S. Miner resigned. Mr. Miner filled the position acceptably for some years, and left his work in good condition. During the four weeks in which Mr. Beamsley has had charge, the quality of the work has improved. His twenty-seven years of experience enables him to combine, in a rare degree, the tact and manners of the instructor with the skill of a true mechanic. Twenty-three boys have worked in the shoe-shop the past year.

Nancy E. Derby, after two terms of faithful service in charge of



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*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*

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the printing, attended with noted success, has resigned. The vacancy thus occasioned has been filled by the appointment of Charles Lemmers, who continues the publication of the "Deaf Mute Times," which, under his intelligent hand, gives promise of a long life and increased honors. Nine pupils, four girls and five boys, were instructed in this office last term. Three of them graduated with the honors of the school in June. There are now two girls and six boys at work in the office.

The refrigerator and bakery have proved valuable adjuncts to the subsistence department. The bakery, in charge of a competent man, gives instruction and employment to two boys, and keeps the tables supplied with wholesome bread.

Under the matron's vigilant care, the domestic economy of the household has been well managed. The resignation, late in August, of Miss Ruth Sturtevant, our efficient assistant matron, who has accepted a similar position, with increased responsibility, in the Illinois institution, caused a vacancy that was filled by Mrs. Sarah Martin *pro tem.*, and later by the appointment of Alice E. Turley, who brings to the work a force and character which already insures success.

Early last spring the heating department lost the services of George Fiske, who for nine years had faithfully discharged the arduous duties of assistant engineer. His place has been filled by the appointment of W. M. Stillman, an experienced engineer, well posted in steam fitting and heating.

The general health of the household has been good. We have been spared the visitation of epidemics more severe than mumps, and have lost but little time from school on account of sickness. The usual colds and sore throats, common to children, were less troublesome than usual. There were two cases of severe illness during the year; one, that of George Boyea, of Depere, who recovered from an attack of bilious pneumonia; the other, Charles Larson, of Mount Morris, who was also taken with bilious pneumonia, and, after an illness of ten days, died February 13th. His sister, who had been summoned, was by his bedside at the last. Charles was a boy of strict integrity, and unblemished reputation, upright

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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in all his ways. He was a young man full of promise, a member of the first class, and a worthy representative of the school. His loss was felt by many outside the limits of his own class. His remains were taken home and interred near the family residence at Mount Morris. August Mevatski, of Clark county, in his first year at school, succumbed to constitutional disability and was taken home, after having partially recovered. He has since regained fair health. During the summer vacation Arthur D. Hulburt, a former pupil, died at his home in Loganville, aged eighteen years. Charles Truax, a promising boy of thirteen, who had been in school three terms, was drowned, near his home, at Merrill, while endeavoring to cross the river on floating logs.

In general terms, the year has been marked by such progress as indicates that the functions of the school were well performed; but there are certain special features of the work in which a pressing need is felt of greater facilities than are now at hand. In my judgment the school would do better work, with greater economy of time and force, were it to employ a sufficient number of teachers to bring the average term of pupilage to the lowest possible limit consistent with good scholarship. Under the present apportionment of teachers, ten years, in average cases, will be needed to arrive at that grade of attainments which, under more favorable conditions, should be secured in eight years. In addition, the risk will be incurred of having the pupil kept at home before the course is finished. Furthermore, the speaking children, now in school with others that are fit subjects for oral instruction, are not properly taught in the time allotted to that specialty. The public demand for oral instruction is louder now than ever before, and will be met somewhere — are we not to furnish the needed instruction?

The school is but imperfectly supplied with books, maps and charts, and almost without scientific or illustrative apparatus. The need of a teacher in drawing becomes still more apparent as time passes. The shops are training but a portion of those who may claim their privileges. In so doing, they are only partially meeting the important duty of preparing these boys to gain an independent living. I beg your favorable consideration of this branch

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*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*

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of the work, that you may have the honor of reinstating and maintaining the shops in a manner commensurate with their importance.

Better hospital rooms are needed for the care of the sick. Those devoted to that purpose are neither convenient, quiet, comfortable nor safe. A due consideration of the rights of the sick, their health and comfort, does not sanction their long continued use.

Claiming your indulgence in that I again bring to your notice the removal of boilers and laundry, I beg to say that I still think their location under the hill in the rear of the main building would serve a useful purpose, in giving needed rooms for hospitals, and placing the steam supply in better form.

In connection with the heating, the better lighting of the establishment becomes a part of your duty that cannot long be deferred. It may be secured by gas or electricity, or else by renewal of the old gas machine, now run beyond its capacity, so that we may have good lights where most needed. The heating and ventilation are ample.

During the next two years more space will be needed in the boys' study rooms, and also for girls' dormitories. The bedding is worn and deficient, and laundry facilities scanty. Many of the employes are still lodged in the detached wooden building for want of finished rooms in the third story of the rear building.

I make no estimates, and forbear the mention of other important items, lest I reiterate that with which you are made familiar through the Steward's report, to which, with the physician's report, I most respectfully refer you for further information.

Desiring that this Institution may do its whole duty as the educator of all the deaf and dumb in the State of Wisconsin more completely than ever before, I bring this report to a close, believing that the present condition of pupils, mental, moral and physical, will satisfy your Honorable Board and that portion of the public most interested, that their wants are well met and their best interests promoted.

Begging you to consider the welfare of this generation of mute pupils, and asking you to remember that there are more than 100 mutes in the state of school age, who have never yet been in the

*Superintendent's Report.*

institution, I bespeak your recommendation to His Excellency the Governor and to the honorable Legislature of Wisconsin of more liberal provisions for the maintenance of our state public charities, so that those now in their care may be better instructed, and those not yet within their influence attracted and retained by the complete care and instruction provided during the next biennium.

With much esteem, I have the honor to remain your obedient servant,

JOHN W. SWILER,

*Superintendent Deaf and Dumb Institution.*

DELAVER, Wis., Sept. 30, 1882.

TABLE No. 1.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Admitted during session, '81 and '82.....	21	15	36	.....	.....	.....
Admitted September, 1882.....	19	11	30	.....	.....	66
Readmitted, '81 and '82.....	4	3	7	.....	.....	.....
Readmitted September, 1882.....	3	.....	3	.....	.....	10
Total admissions for year.....	47	29	76	.....	.....	76
Pupils on session roll September 30, 1881.....	95	73	168	.....	.....	.....
Total membership.....	.....	.....	.....	142	162	244
Graduated.....	1	2	3	.....	.....	.....
Discharged.....	2	3	5	.....	.....	.....
Died.....	3	.....	3	.....	.....	.....
Absent.....	22	29	51	.....	.....	.....
Total absentees.....	.....	.....	.....	28	84	62
Pupils in school September 30, 1882.....	.....	.....	.....	114	68	182
Absent pupils have been detained as follows:						
Sickness.....	3	5	8	.....	.....	.....
Work at home.....	4	10	14	.....	.....	.....
Moved away.....	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....
Imbecility.....	4	.....	4	.....	.....	.....
Unknown.....	10	14	24	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	.....	.....	.....	22	29	51

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*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*


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TABLE NO. 2.

*Monthly Attendance.*

October .....	170	March.....	180
November .....	173	April.....	179
December .....	176	May.....	175
January .....	180	June .....	173
February .....	181	September .....	174
Average for the year .....			176

TABLE. NO. 3.

*Causes of deafness in sixty-six cases admitted since date of last report.*

Congenital.....	21	Fever.....	2
Spinal meningitis.....	11	Abscess.....	2
Cerebral meningitis.....	11	Measles.....	2
Scarlet fever.....	4	Unknown.....	9
Typhoid fever.....	4		1
Total .....			66

TABLE NO. 4.

*Nationality of new pupils.*

American.....	15	Irish .....	9
German .....	24	Belgian.....	2
Norwegian .....	5	Hollander .....	1
Swedish .....	2	English.....	3
		French .....	5
Total.....			66

TABLE NO. 5.

*Age at which hearing was lost.*

Congenital mutes.....	21	Between 4 and 5.....	3
Between 1 and 2.....	17	Between 5 and 6.....	1
Between 2 and 3.....	15	Between 7 and 8.....	2
Between 3 and 4.....	5	Between 8 and 9.....	1
		Between 10 and 11.....	1
Total.....			66

TABLE NO. 6.

*County representation by actual attendance of pupils September 30, 1882.*

*Adams* — Lottie Bacon, White Creek; William Cusack, Big Spring; Libbie Hessler, Spring Bluff.

*Barron* — Lizzie Mays, Lakeland.

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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*Brown* — Mary Cummings, Wrihstown; Loring Campbell, Depere; William Gibson, Depere; Joseph Boyea, Depere; George Boyea, Depere; Louis Boyea, Depere; Israel Boyea, Depere; Mary Dallas, Depere; Minnie Hollingsworth, Green Bay; Mary Moraux, Green Bay; Clara Murray, Depere; Lucy Piraux, Green Bay; Michael Baier, Green Bay; Victor Smith, Green Bay.

*Buffalo* — Fred Haunschild, Gilmantown.

*Calumet* — Albert Beeman, Chilton.

*Chippewa* — Jas. Running, Chippewa Falls; Gus. Karburg, Bloomer; Augustin LaRose, Chippewa Falls; John Schemenaur, Chippewa Falls; Herman Ferg, Bloomer.

*Clark* — Ida Carpenter, Greenwood; Eveline Ringrose, Humbird; Georgia Safford, Neillsville; Ella Dudley, Neillsville; Chauncey Dickey, Neillsville.

*Columbia* — Hugh Owens, Cambria; Christian Larso, Rio.

*Crawford* — Joseph Wachuta, Prairie du Chien.

*Dane* — Albert Merritt, Oregon; Walter Schuster, Middleton; Gustavus Torgerson, Christiana; Henry Wakeman, Marshall; Joseph Coughlan, Madison; Walter Kinlin, London.

*Dodge* — Albert Borngraeber, Mayville; Edward Grabow, Kekoskee; Gustavus Wichman, Mayville; Anna Schreiber, Rubicon.

*Dunn* — Nellie Dickson, Elk Mound.

*Eau Claire* — Winfield Ensign, Augusta; Joseph Black, Eau Claire.

*Fond du Lac* — John Bruns, Fond du Lac; Emil Hirte, Fond du Lac; Nettie Koster, Ripon; Fred Stillmacher, Ripon; Frank Worsick, Ripon.

*Grant* — Bessie Anderson, Boscobel; Hugo Eisfelder, Boscobel; Herbert Henderson, Boscobel; Emina Ruka, Boscobel; Henry Bretthauer, Muscoda; Harry Drinkwater, Lancaster; Peter Ohmer, Cassville; Elizabeth Sharp, Muscoda.

*Green* — Sarah Miller, Monroe; Elmer Taylor, Pedee; George Beeman, Oakley.

*Green Lake* — Arthur Mueller, Princeton.

*Iowa* — Mary Trevarrow, Mineral Point.

*Jefferson* — Marshall Cone, Waterloo; Irma Esseltyn, Ft. Atkinson; Anna Wilderman, Fort Atkinson; Edward May, Ft. Atkinson; Fred Franke, Johnson's Creek; Herman Franke, Johnson's Creek; Wilhelmina Gutzmer, Concord; Augusta Gutzmer, Concord; Albert Hubner, Hubbleton; Alvina Gransee, Watertown.

*Juneau* — Thomas Murray, Mauston.

*Jackson* — John Dahl, Hixton.

*Kenosha* — Maggie Smith, Kenosha.

*La Crosse* — John Griffiths, Bangor; Ed. Hanson, Onalaska; Edward Slatery, Lax; Lula Edmunds, La Crosse; George Glover, Onalaska.

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*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*

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*La Fayette* — Mary Brown, Darlington; John Delaney, Benton; Henry Buss, Calamine; Robert Williams, Darlington.

*Lincoln* — Carrie Parker, Merrill; Myra Parker, Merrill; Frank Trowbridge, Merrill.

*Manitowoc* — Emily Harrington, Two Rivers; Mary Hagerty, Manitowoc; Thomas Hagerty, Manitowoc; Augustus Sonnenburg, Newtonburg; Henry Orth, Cooperstown; Venceslaus Bily, Cooperstown.

*Marathon* — Mary Whipple, Spencer.

*Marquette* — Benjamin Round, Jeddo; William Roth, Westfield.

*Milwaukee* — Georgia Everest, 485 Jefferson St.; Lizzie Rundle, 415 Park Place; Lawrence Gromacki, 724 Garden St.; Arthur Huebner, 518 Prairie St.; Walter Lindman, 229 Grand Ave.; Egnitz Peplenski, 908 Pulaski St.; Frank Riley, 788 Second St.; Eugene Downey, 547 Fifteenth St.; Dora Bues, 863 4th St.; Addie Thompson, 140 Second St.; Alsada Phillips, Bayview.

*Monroe* — Christian Marburger, Norwalk; Ida Marburger, Norwalk; Lula Edmonds, Herseyville; Frank Niebuhr, Oakdale; Anna Diesburg, Tunnel City; James Keating, Tunnel City; John Hoffman, Tunnel City.

*Oconto* — Augusta Birr, Morgan.

*Outagamie* — Augusta Buchman, Hortonville; Lillie Morey, Appleton; Louis Kirchenlohr, Appleton; Frank Morrissey, Appleton, Fred Miller, Appleton.

*Ozaukee* — Isaac Larsen, Port Washington.

*Pierce* — Katie Bailey, Trimble; Hiram Bailey, Trimble.

*Polk* — Betsey Bystrum, Cushing.

*Portage* — Mary Szpica, Polonia.

*Pepin* — Caroline Byron, Lund.

*Richland* — Frank Bannister, Lone Rock; Hattie Trefren, Richland Center; Hannah Dieter, Excelsior.

*Racine* — Malinda Langland, North Cape; Nellie Ward, Racine.

*Rock* — George Burton, Shopiere; Winnie Pellet, Koshkonong; Nathan Reynolds, Milton; Lydia Williams, Beloit; Christine Knippenberg, Janesville.

*Sheboygan* — Elmer Florey, Winooski; Amanda Pearson, Plymouth; John Logas, Sheboygan; Otto Langner, Sheboygan; Michael Schlachter, Sheboygan; William Bohling, Sheboygan; Thomas Nolan, Greenbush.

*St. Croix* — Mina Amondson, Deer Park; Alfred Cashman, Warren; Annie Collins, Erin.

*Sauk* — Wm. Calkins, Baraboo; Geo. Cordes, Baraboo; Willie Manning, Baraboo.

*Taylor* — Lillie Hibbard, Stetsonville; Violet Hibbard, Stetsonville.

*Trempealeau* — Kasimir Stahoski, Arcadia; John Christianson, Hamlin; Ruth Hensel, Arcadia.

*Superintendent's Report.*

*Vernon* — Chris. Christianson, Westby.

*Walworth* — Adrien Henry, Delavan; Anna Newell, Darien; Ralph Udall, Lyons; Fred Gierloff, Walworth; Philip Kimball, Geneva; William Kimmerle, Whitewater; Charles Heffron, Whitewater.

*Washington* — Bertha Lemke, Boltonville.

*Waupaca* — George Hebard, Waupaca; Charles Henry, Northport; John Peterson, Weyauwega; John Maerz, New London.

*Waukesha* — Edmund Lau, Waukesha; William Coke, Brookfield; Eneretta Redford, Sussex.

*Winnebago* — Otto Schnoor, Oshkosh; Henry Knoblock, Oshkosh; George Kelly, Menasha.

*Wood* — John Jerome, Centralia; Angerain McLeod, Grand Rapids; Blanche Brattan, Centralia; Ella Lindsay, Grand Rapids.

Simon Carney, Rosecrans; Thomas Carney, Rosecrans; J. R. Strickland, Hayden.

TABLE No. 7.

*Shows age of classes, apportionment of pupils, average time in school, number of pupils in each class, etc.*

CLASS.	TEACHER.	No. of pupils.	9th term.	8th term.	7th term.	6th term.	5th term.	4th term.	3d term.	2d term.	1st term.	Average time of class in school.
1st class...	W. A. Cochrane....	17	2	2	6	5	1	1	...	...	...	6.76
2d class...	W. J. Fuller.....	14	...	...	5	5	4	...	...	...	...	6.07
3d class...	M. H. Hunter.....	12	...	...	...	1	3	4	1	2	1	3.75
4th class...	M. E. Smith.....	13	...	...	1	1	3	8	...	...	...	4.72
5th class...	Z. G. McCoy.....	22	...	...	2	1	4	6	8	1	...	4
6th class...	E. Eddy.....	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	3	2	2.46
7th class...	E. McCoy.....	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	4	...	2.8
8th class...	H. E. Briggs.....	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	16	...	2.15
9th class...	G. F. Schilling...	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	10	1.55
10th class...	W. A. Cochrane...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	1
Total and average .....		182	2	2	14	13	2	19	41	30	33	3.52



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*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*

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### TERMS OF ADMISSION.

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1. The Institution for the Deaf and Dumb is maintained by the state of Wisconsin, for the education of those children within her borders who, on account of deafness, are unable to receive instruction in the common schools.

2. It has three departments: The school, in which pupils are taught writing, reading, composition, arithmetic, geography, history and the natural sciences. Instruction in lip reading and oral speech is given to semi-mutes and capable congenital mutes. The shops, where pupils are taught printing, shoemaking, baking, sewing and knitting; and the domestic department, in which pupils discharge various household duties.

3. A blank form of application is sent to any one wishing to send a child to the institution. No child should be sent or brought to school until the application, properly filled, has been accepted and notice of the same returned to the person making application.

4. Deaf mutes of Wisconsin, of proper age, are admitted to the privileges of the institution free of charge, being furnished tuition, books, board and washing. Friends are required to provide suitable clothing, traveling expenses, postage, boots and shoes, and a small sum to pay incidental expenses, such as the repairs of shoes.

5. Candidates for admission should not be under ten nor more than twenty years of age, of good moral principles, and sound physical health.

6. Imbecile, idiotic or feeble-minded children will not be received.

7. Each pupil should be provided with a trunk containing a year's supply of plain, comfortable clothing, marked in indelible ink; with the name in full. In addition to this, a small sum of money should be deposited with the steward for current expenses.

8. The annual session begins the first Wednesday in September and continues forty weeks. The proper time for the admission of pupils is the beginning of the term, and, under ordinary circumstances, none will be received at any other time.

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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Except in cases of sickness, all pupils are expected to remain during the entire term; but the superintendent may require the removal, at any time, of pupils whose condition, moral, mental, or physical, is not such as to warrant their continuance.

9. The summer vacation extends from June to September. Pupils are sent home promptly at the close of the term, accompanied to prominent railroad points by messengers from the institution. Friends will be expected to meet them at points designated.

10. Eight terms will be required to complete the course of study by most of those without previous instruction. Pupils from other schools will be examined before being classified.

11. All letters and packages for pupils should be marked "Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, Delavan, Wis." Express matter and telegrams should be prepaid.

12. All letters in regard to pupils or applications for admission should be addressed to the superintendent.

Any information in regard to deaf children will be gratefully received. For further particulars address

JOHN W. SWILER,

*Superintendent Deaf and Dumb Institution.*

DELAVAN, WIS.

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*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*


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## LIST OF PUPILS, 1882.

NAME.	POST OFFICE.	COUNTY.	ADM.
Althaus, Anna.....	West Bend.....	Washington . . .	1878.
Amondson, Almina....	Deer Park.....	St Croix.....	1880.
Anderson, Bessie.....	Boscobel.....	Grant.....	1880.
Bacon, Lottie.....	White Creek.....	Adams.....	1878.
Black, Joseph A.....	Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.....	1880.
Bannister, Frank M....	Lone Rock.....	Richland.....	1877.
Bailey, Kate.....	Trimbelle.....	Pierce.....	1876.
Bailey, Hiram.....	Trimbelle.....	Pierce.....	1879.
Borngraeber, Albert....	Mayville.....	Dodge.....	1880.
Brown, Mary A.....	Darlington.....	La Fayette.....	1880.
Bruns, John.....	Fond du Lac . . .	Fond du Lac . . .	1878.
Burton, George E.....	Shopiere.....	Rock.....	1877.
Byrae, James E.....	Juda.....	Green.....	1878.
Buchman, Augusta.....	Hortonville.....	Outagamie.....	1880.
Brethauer, Henry.....	Muscoda.....	Grant.....	1880.
Berger, Ida.....	Waupun.....	Fond du Lac.....	1880.
Boyea, Joseph.....	Depere.....	Brown.....	1874.
Boyea, George.....	Depere.....	Brown.....	1874.
Beeman, Albert.....	Chilton.....	Calumet.....	1876.
Beeman, George.....	Oakley.....	Green.....	1875.
Calkins, William.....	Baraboo.....	Sauk.....	1875.
Campbell, Loring.....	Depere.....	Brown.....	1878.
Carney, Simon.....	Rosecrans.....	Manitowoc.....	1876.
Carpenter, Ida.....	Greenwood.....	Clark.....	1879.
Cashman, Albert.....	Roberts.....	St. Croix.....	1879.
Coke, Ella.....	Brookfield.....	Waukesha.....	1870.
Coke, William.....	Brookfield.....	Waukesha.....	1877.
Cone, Marshall.....	Waterloo.....	Jefferson.....	1880.
Cordes, George.....	Baraboo.....	Sauk.....	1878.
Cowham, Lillie.....	Clemensville.....	Winnebago.....	1876.
Cusack, William H.....	Big Spring.....	Adams.....	1880.
Cummings, Mary.....	Wrightstown.....	Brown.....	1880.
Dallas, Mary.....	Depere.....	Brown.....	1880.
Dahl, John.....	Hixton.....	Jackson.....	1875.
Delanay, John.....	Benton.....	La Fayette.....	1880.
Drinkwater, Harry.....	Lancaster.....	Grant.....	1880.
Dickson, Nellie.....	Elk Mound.....	Dunn.....	1874.
Dieter, Hannah.....	Excelsior.....	Richland.....	1879.
Drinkwine, Joseph.....	Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.....	1875.
Dumke, Louisa.....	Neenah.....	Winnebago.....	1878.
Dudley, Ella.....	Neillsville.....	Clark.....	1873.
Downey, Eugene.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1877.
Ensign Winfield.....	Mondovi.....	Buffalo.....	1880.
Eisfelder, Hugo.....	Boscobel.....	Grant.....	1880.
Esselstyne, Irma.....	Ft. Atkinson.....	Jefferson.....	1880.
Everest, Georgia.....	Milwaukee.....	Milwaukee.....	1880.
Florey, Elmer.....	Plymouth.....	Sheboygan.....	1873.
Franke, Fred.....	Johnson's Creek.....	Jefferson.....	1880.

*List of Pupils.*

NAME.	POSTOFFICE.	COUNTY.	ADM.
Franke, Herman	Johnson's Creek	Jefferson	1880.
Gibson, William	West Depere	Brown	1878.
Gorey, Dennis	Magnolia	Rock	1872.
Grahow, Edward	Kekoskee	Dodge	1880.
Gromacki, Lawrence	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	1875.
Griswold, Mary	Lancaster	Grant	1879.
Griffiths, John	Bangor	La Crosse	1880.
Gutzmer, Augusta	Concord	Jefferson	1878.
Gutzmer, Mina	Concord	Jefferson	1878.
Hollingsworth, Mary	Green Bay	Brown	1875.
Eagerty, Thomas	Manitowoc	Manitowoc	1876.
Hagerty, Mary	Manitowoc	Manitowoc	1878.
Harrington, Emily	Two Rivers	Manitowoc	1878.
Haunschild, Fred	Gilmanton	Buffalo	1879.
Hebard, George A	Waupaca	Waupaca	1877.
Henry, Adron T	Delavan	Walworth	1876.
Hessler, Elizabeth	Spring Bluff	Adams	1880.
Hirte, Emil	Fond du Lac	Fond du Lac	1876.
Hibbard, Lillie	Stetsonville	Taylor	1878.
Hibbard, Violet	Stetsonville	Taylor	1878.
Hollinstein, John	Hartford	Washington	1877.
Henderson, Herbert	Boscobel	Grant	1880.
Hubbard, Eva L	Hyde's Mill	Iowa	1878.
Huebner, Arthur	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	1879.
Hubner, Albert	Hubbleton	Jefferson	1875.
Jerome, John	Centralia	Wood	1879.
Jungles, Peter	Georgetown	Grant	1879.
Karberg, Gustav	Vanville	Chippewa	1876.
Kelly, George	Menasha	Winnebago	1876.
Kinlin, Walter	Waterloo	Jefferson	1879.
Kirchenlohr, Louis	Appleton	Outagamie	1878.
Knippenberg, Christine	Janesville	Rock	1878.
Knoblock, Henry	Oshkosh	Winnebago	1878.
Koster, Nettie	Ripon	Fond du Lac	1877.
Karges, Theodore	Burlington	Racine	1872.
*Larson, Charles	Mount Morris	Waushara	1873.
Lamp, William	McFarland	Dane	1876.
Larson, Christian	Rio	Columbia	1875.
Lau, Fred E.	Waukesha	Waukesha	1880.
Langland, Linda	North Cape	Racine	1880.
Langner, Otto	Sheboygan	Sheboygan	1879.
Lindman, Walter	Milwaukee	Milwaukee	1878.
Manning, William	Baraboo	Sauk	1880.
May, Edward	Fort Atkinson	Jefferson	1880.
Marburger, Christian	Norwalk	Monroe	1877.
Marburger, Ida	Norwalk	Monroe	1878.
Martzki, Anna	Ripon	Fond du Lac	1876.
Mead, Mary	Lone Rock	Richland	1876.
Miller, Sarah	Monroe	Green	1878.
Mueller, Jacob	Dorchester	Clark	1878.
Mueller, Elizabeth	Dorchester	Clark	1878.
Morey, Lillie	Appleton	Outagamie	1880.
Morrissey, Frank	Appleton	Outagamie	1878.
Merritt, Albert R.	Oregon	Dane	1880.
Maerz, John	New London	Outagamie	1880.

*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*

NAME.	POST OFFICE.	COUNTY.	ADM.
Murray, Thomas .....	Mauston .....	Juneau .....	1879.
Myers, Carl .....	Kilbourn .....	Columbia .....	1875.
McLeod, Angerrain .....	Grand Rapids .....	Wood .....	1880.
Moore, Mabel .....	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee .....	1880.
Newell, Annie .....	Darien .....	Walworth .....	1880.
Overton, Belle .....	Antioch .....	.....	1874.
Owens, Hugh .....	Cambria .....	Columbia .....	1880.
Ohmer, Peter .....	Cassville .....	Grant .....	1880.
Padden, Pat .....	Erin .....	St. Croix .....	1877.
Pearson, Amanda .....	Plymouth .....	Sheboygan .....	1876.
Parker, Carrie A. ....	Merrill .....	Lincoln .....	1879.
Parker, Myra E. ....	Merrill .....	Lincoln .....	1879.
Pease, Clara B. ....	Whitewater .....	Walworth .....	1879.
Pellett, Winnifred .....	Koshkonong .....	Rock .....	1876.
Peplenski, Egnity .....	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee .....	1875.
Prehn, Adam .....	Wausau .....	Marathon .....	1876.
Redford, Enerretta .....	Sussex .....	Waukesha .....	1871.
Reynolds, Nathan .....	Milton .....	Rock .....	1880.
Riley, Frank W. ....	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee .....	1874.
Rinder, Celinda .....	Burlington .....	Racine .....	1875.
Ringrose, Eveline .....	Humbird .....	Clark .....	1873.
Round, Benjamin .....	Jeddo .....	Marquette .....	1878.
Rose, Gertrude .....	Kilbourn .....	Columbia .....	1878.
Ruka, Emma .....	Boscobel .....	Grant .....	1880.
Safford, Georgia .....	Neillsville .....	Clark .....	1880.
Sass, Stanislaus .....	Stevens Point .....	Portage .....	1876.
Sass, Anna .....	Stevens Point .....	Portage .....	1878.
Sass, Celia .....	Stevens Point .....	Portage .....	1880.
Schlachter, Michael .....	Sheboygan .....	Sheboygan .....	1878.
Schnoor, Otto .....	Oshkosh .....	Winnebago .....	1879.
Schuster, Walter .....	Middleton .....	Dane .....	1879.
Sell, Laura .....	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee .....	1876.
Smith, Margaret .....	Kenosha .....	Kenosha .....	1879.
Sonnenburg, Augustus ..	Newtonburg .....	Manitowoc .....	1876.
Szpica, Mary .....	Polonia .....	Portage .....	1880.
Schiller, Emma .....	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee .....	1875.
Stahoski, Kasimis .....	Arcadia .....	Trempealeau .....	1879.
Taylor, Elmor .....	Pedee .....	Green .....	1878.
*Truax, Charles .....	Merrill .....	Lincoln .....	1878.
Torgerson, Gustavus ..	Christiana .....	Dane .....	1880.
Trefren, Hattie .....	Richland Center .....	Richland .....	1880.
Udall, Ralph .....	Lyons .....	Walworth .....	1876.
Wachuta, Joseph .....	Pruirie du Chien .....	Crawford .....	1880.
Wakeman, Henry .....	Marshall .....	Dane .....	1876.
Wichman, Gustavus .....	Mayville .....	Dodge .....	1880.
Weller, Emil .....	Sheboygan .....	Sheboygan .....	1874.
Watte, John .....	Mazomanie .....	Dane .....	1875.
Whipple, Mary .....	Spencer .....	Marathon .....	1880.
Wilderman, Anna .....	Ft. Atkinson .....	Jefferson .....	1880.
Williams, Robert T. ....	Darlington .....	Lafayette .....	1877.
Williams, Lydia .....	Beloit .....	Rock .....	1878.
Wright, Ruth .....	Le Roy .....	Dodge .....	1875.
Wrin, Catherine .....	Hartford .....	Washington .....	1877.
Zastrow, Amelia .....	Hortonville .....	Outagamie .....	1874.

\*Dead.

*List of New Pupils.*

## LIST OF NEW PUPILS, 1882.

NAME.	POST OFFICE.	COUNTY.
Byron, Caroline .....	Lund .....	Pepin.
Baier, Michael .....	Green Bay .....	Brown.
Boyea, Louis .....	Depere .....	Brown.
Boyea, Israel .....	Depere .....	Brown.
Bily, Venceslaus .....	Kellnersville .....	Manitowoc.
Bohling, William .....	Sheboygan .....	Sheboygan.
Buss, Henry .....	Calamine .....	La Fayette.
Birr, Augusta. . . . .	Morgan .....	Oconto.
Brattan, Blanche .....	Centralia .....	Wood.
Bues, Dora .....	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee.
Bystrom, Betsey .....	Cushing .....	Polk.
Collins, Annie .....	Erin .....	St. Croix.
Carney, Thomas .....	Rosecrans .....	Manitowoc.
Coughlan, Joseph .....	Madison .....	Dane.
Christianson, John .....	Hamlin .....	Trempealeau.
Christianson, Christian .....	Westby .....	Vernon.
Diesburg, Anna .....	Tunnel City .....	Monroe.
Dickey, Chauncey .....	Noillsville .....	Clark.
Edmunds, Lula .....	La Crosse .....	La Crosse.
Gransee, Alvina .....	Watertown .....	Jefferson.
Glover, George .....	La Crosse .....	La Crosse.
Gierloff, Fred .....	Big Foot .....	Walworth.
Henry, Charles E .....	Northport .....	Waupaca.
Heffron, Charles .....	Whitewater .....	Walworth.
Horke, Henry .....	Watertown .....	Jefferson.
Hanson, Edward S. ....	Onalaska .....	La Crosse.
Hoffman, John .....	Tunnel City .....	Monroe.
Hensel, Ruth .....	Arcadia .....	Trempealeau.
Johnson, Laurette .....	Omro .....	Winnebago.
Kimmerle William .....	Whitewater .....	Walworth.
Keating, James .....	Tunnel City .....	Monroe.
Kimball, Philip .....	Geneva .....	Walworth.
Lemke, Bertha .....	Boltonville .....	Washington.
Larsen, Isaac .....	Port Washington .....	Ozaukee.
Logas, John .....	Sheboygan .....	Sheboygan.
Larose, Augustin .....	Chippewa Falls .....	Chippewa.
Linsday, Ella .....	Grand Rapids .....	Wood.
Murphy, Josephine .....	Tomah .....	Monroe.
Moratski, August .....	Dorchester .....	Clark.
Miller, Frederic .....	Appleton .....	Outagamie.
Mueller, Arthur .....	Princeton .....	Green Lake.
Morauz, Mary .....	Green Bay .....	Brown.
Murray, Clara .....	Depere .....	Brown.
Mays, Elizabeth .....	Lakeland .....	Barron.
Nolan, Thomas .....	Greenbush .....	Sheboygan.
Orth, Henry .....	Cooperstown .....	Manitowoc.
Pillips, Alsada .....	Bay View .....	Milwaukee.
Pirauz, Lucy .....	Green Bay .....	Brown.
Peterson, John .....	Weyauwega .....	Waupaca.

*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*

NAME.	POST OFFICE.	COUNTY.
Roth, William .....	Westfield .....	Marquette.
Rundel, Lizzie .....	Milwaukee. . . . .	Milwaukee.
Running, James .....	Chippewa Falls .....	Chippewa.
Schreiber, Anna .....	Rubicon .....	Dodge.
Sharp, Elizabeth .....	Muscoda .....	Grant.
Smith, Victor .....	Green Bay .....	Brown.
Stillmacher, Fred .....	Ripon .....	Fond du Lac.
Stuart, Henderson .....	Dodgeville .....	Iowa.
Slattery, Edward .....	La Crosse .....	La Crosse.
Strickland, John .....	Hayden .....	Montana.
Schemenauer, John .....	Chippewa Falls .....	Chippewa.
Thede, Matilda .....	Fond du Lac .....	Fond du Lac.
Trevorrow, Mary .....	Mineral Point .....	Iowa.
Trowbridge, Frank .....	Merrill .....	Lincoln.
Thompson, Adelaide .....	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee.
Ward, Nellie .....	Racine .....	Racine.
Wooswick, Frank .....	Ripon .....	Fond du Lac.

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*Physician's Report.*

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PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

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*To the State Board of Supervision of Wisconsin Charitable, Reformatory and Penal Institutions:*

The school year ending in June, 1882, was characterized by general good health among the pupils with exceptions. I have to regret to record the decease of Charles Larson, who died of bilious pneumonia, and its complications, the last of February, 1882, after a short and severe form of the disease. Dr. F. L. Vonsuessmilch kindly consented to continued counsel in the case.

There were three cases of diphtheria, two cases of facial erysipelas, and a large number had mumps in mild form. Mild remedial treatment has been adopted in the main.

The hygienic and dietetic rules and regulations, together with the guardian care of your superintendent and attendants under him are commendable, and calculated to promote mental and physical health, and can but meet your approval.

Respectfully submitted,

J. B. HEMINWAY, M. D.

DELAVER, September 30.



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*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*


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 STEWARD'S REPORT.
 

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*To the State Board of Supervision of Wisconsin Charitable, Reformatory and Penal Institutions.*

GENTLEMEN: I herewith submit for your consideration the thirty-first annual report of the financial condition of the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb for the year ending September 30, 1882, as follows:

The total amount of moneys paid out for current expenses during the year just closed was \$36,279.92, with an average number of 176½ pupils in attendance.

The balance remaining available for current expenses is \$17,406.95, which, with strict economy, will carry us until the close of the appropriation year, March 1, 1883.

## CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.

By balance on hand October 1, 1881. ....		\$3,812 87
By appropriations. ....		47,000 00
By moneys received. ....		2,734 55
By special funds closed. ....		139 45
By sundry expenditures. ....	\$36,279 92	
Balance on hand. ....	17,406 95	
	\$53,686 87	\$53,686 87

Taking 200 as the probable average of pupils in attendance yearly for the next two years, and the resulting need of an increased force of instructors, means of instruction, house furnishing and furniture, I earnestly recommend that a current expense appropriation of \$80,000.00 for the next two years be asked for, or a yearly per capita of \$200.00.

The shoe shop has fallen behind. There are several reasons for this. One of the most important that can be mentioned I consider is the lack of machinery. Our work is all done by hand, which is, necessarily, a slower and more difficult way of manufacturing boots

*Steward's Report.*

and shoes, and still we have to come in competition with machine made work. I would recommend that an appropriation of \$300 be asked for to place some machinery in the shop, and that year by year more be added until we have a fully equipped shop.

SHOE SHOP REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

To stock and material on hand, last report.....	\$994 29	.....
To accounts receivable .....	236 27	.....
To leather and tools bought during the year .....	921 39	.....
To salary of foreman, ten months. ....	500 00	.....
To house furnishing.....	5 82	.....
To printing office .....	50	.....
By cash sales .....		\$985 47
By clothing and expenses of indigent pupils.....		325 15
By barn, farm and garden .....		8 88
By house furnishing.....		1 00
By indebtedness, September 30, 1881 .....		14 40
By stock and material on hand.....		488 01
By accounts receivable .....		141 37
By balance .....		698 99
	<b>\$2,658 27</b>	<b>\$2,658 27</b>

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*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*


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The printing office is also behind, this year. However, it is comparatively a new enterprise, and very little known.

Our business is on the increase, and our subscription list grows larger every week.

We need a paper cutter, job type and furniture, in order to do first-class job work.

Three hundred dollars would fit the office out in fair shape in that respect.

PRINTING OFFICE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

To stock and material on hand last report.....	\$468 37	.....
To type and material bought during year..\$348 59	.....	.....
Less credit by press, etc..... 79 28	.....	.....
	264 81	.....
To salary of foreman.....	194 00	.....
To postage and telegraphing.....	1 56	.....
To printing press fund special.....	426 22	.....
By cash receipts.....		\$113 94
By amusement and means of instruction.....		18 75
By clothing and expenses of indigent pupils.....		6 75
By postage, stationery and telegraphing.....		40 00
By shoe shop.....		50
By stock and material on hand.....		956 40
Balance.....		213 12
	\$1,349 46	\$1,349 46

The special appropriation for building water or earth closets has been applied in taking out the whole inside and rebuilding the old brick water closet used by the boys. The vault was cleaned out and rebuilt of cement and brick, the walls furred, and lathed and plastered.

There has been expended so far \$259.99, leaving a balance of \$340.01. The remodeling of the water closet will cost when finished a little less than \$400.

The special appropriations for painting and repairs has been used in changing the heating apparatus in the bath and wash rooms and supervisor's room; oiling all the hard wood floors; painting the tin roofs, outside stairs and porches; whitewashing, plaster patching,

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*Steward's Report.*

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laying 100 feet of main sewer, and carpenter work about the buildings. The amount expended to date is \$482.19, leaving a balance on hand of \$317.81. The special appropriation of \$800 to finish the refrigerator has been used for that purpose.

There has been expended since last report \$671, making a total expenditure of \$1,978.02, leaving a balance on hand of \$21.98, which was carried to Current Expense Fund to close account.

The refrigerator has been in every way so far a success. We have been able to keep it at a temperature of from 36° to 38° when desired. I would recommend that an appropriation of \$500 be asked for, to veneer the refrigerator building with brick.

There has been expended from Rotary Oven Fund since last report \$1, and received seventy-five cents for fire brick, which makes a total expenditure of \$307.06, leaving a balance on hand of \$43.69, which was carried to Current Expense Fund to close account.

The Printing Press Appropriation has been used to purchase a new Prouty press, which adds greatly to the efficiency of the office. The total amount expended to date is \$426.22, leaving a balance on hand of \$73.78, which was carried to Current Expense Fund to close account.

The special appropriation for fire purposes still remains on hand. I would respectfully ask that the board use part of that fund or make some immediate arrangement for fire hose and pipes. At present we would be comparatively powerless in case of a fire. Our old hose will not stand over fifty pounds pressure, and a great deal of it not even that.

The Architect's Fees Fund stands the same as it did at the close of last year. A balance on hand of \$212.54.

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*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*


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**RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDING  
SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.**

BALANCES ON HAND OCTOBER 1, 1881.		
In State Treasury .....	\$2,812 83	.....
In hands of M. C. Clark, treasurer.....	1,586 43	.....
In hands of R. A. Gates, steward.....	63 07	.....
		\$4,462 33
Appropriations .....		.....
Moneys received .....		54,200 00
		2,735 30
		\$61,397,63
EXPENDITURES.		
Current Expense Fund .....	\$36,279 92	.....
Building water or earth closets .....	259 99	.....
Painting and Repairs .....	482 19	.....
Printing Press Fund.....	426 22	.....
Refrigerator Fund.....	671 00	.....
Rotary Oven Fund .....	1 00	.....
		38,120 32
Total balance September 30, 1882.....		\$23,277 31

I would call the attention of the Board to the following desirable improvements:

Removing boilers and building boiler and laundry building. Connecting by tunnel with main building and smoke stack.

Building coal house and remodeling old laundry building for hospitals and sleeping apartments.

Finishing fourth story main building and extending stairs at south end of main building to fourth story.

Washing machine; gas machine; painting buildings inside and out; wire mattresses for pupils' beds; hay scales; repairs on shop building; placing plunge bath in basement of boys' dormitory building; providing more room for boys.

I would call your attention to the house known as the "Mill House." I would recommend that it either be sold and moved off the lot or taken down, the cellar filled up and the lot added to our pasture. It is in such condition that it would cost more than it is worth to fix it in shape to live in, and its out of the way locality makes it undesirable and a hard place to rent, even if it was placed in first class repair.

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*Steward's Report.*

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The front fence will need painting next year if allowed to remain standing; but my opinion is that it would improve the grounds greatly to take it away entirely.

The road fence on the north of the Institute grounds must soon be rebuilt.

The plan of buying our meats by the quarter has proved so far very much more satisfactory than the former way of getting it cut ready for the table. I am of the opinion that it would be economy for us to buy our meat on foot and hire it killed. We can get it butchered for one dollar per head.

Our cooking department could be made much more efficient by getting a steam coffee boiler, meat boiler and roaster.

By adding another washing machine to the laundry our washing could be gotten through with sooner without any more help, which would give us the help of those girls during that time for other work about the house. Our gas machine is running at its utmost capacity, and at times can not furnish light enough for evening study.

Very respectfully yours,

R. A. GATES, *Steward.*

*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*

FINANCIAL EXHIBITS.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSES AT THE INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE DEAF  
AND DUMB, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1883.

Classified Items.	Inventory Septem- ber 30, 1881.	Purchased during the year.	Transferred to this account during the year.	Total.	Inventory, Sept. 30, 1883.	Cash received on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account during the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
Amusement and instruction .....	\$430 49	\$387 10	\$18 75	\$816 34	\$357 37	.....	.....	557 37	.....	258 97
Accounts receivable .....	159 27	.....	.....	159 27	21 58	.....	.....	159 27	.....	.....
Barn, farm and garden .....	1 252 00	1 487 57	270 15	3 010 02	1 085 78	953 74	601 72	2 611 34	.....	398 78
Boot and shoe factory .....	1 280 56	921 39	506 32	2 688 27	639 38	983 47	349 43	1 964 38	.....	698 99
Clothing .....	434 25	434 62	331 90	1 199 77	455 63	488 42	.....	914 05	.....	246 72
Discount .....	.....	.....	88	88	.....	.....	17 56	17 56	16 66	.....
Drugs and medical department .....	.....	57 24	.....	57 24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	57 24
Engines and boilers .....	4 978 00	19 12	.....	4 997 12	4 981 00	.....	.....	4 981 00	.....	66 12
Freight and express .....	.....	53 47	.....	53 47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	59 47
Furniture .....	3 684 15	4 00	.....	3 688 15	3 545 00	.....	50	3 545 50	.....	142 45
Fuel .....	3 173 40	8 823 07	.....	7 000 47	2 925 00	.....	60	2 925 60	.....	4 07 87
Gas and other lights .....	686 60	660 79	.....	1 359 39	693 04	26 80	.....	851 80	.....	1 077 59
House furnishing .....	4 243 95	853 03	32 86	5 134 84	3 700 36	.....	5 82	3 706 18	.....	1 428 66
Interest and exchange .....	.....	51 96	.....	51 96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	51 96
Laundry .....	976 75	243 84	.....	1 220 09	976 93	50	.....	977 43	.....	212 61
Library .....	625 04	123 26	.....	748 26	748 26	.....	.....	748 26	.....	748 26
Machinery and tools .....	450 40	44 12	.....	494 52	488 26	.....	.....	488 26	.....	6 38
Miscellaneous .....	117 50	464 77	.....	582 27	13 75	8 75	.....	141 50	.....	440 77
Officers' expenses .....	.....	193 29	.....	193 29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	123 29
Painting, postage, stationery and telegraph .....	20 00	319 06	40 00	379 06	41 35	.....	1 56	42 91	.....	386 15
Printing office .....	463 27	244 31	621 78	1 349 46	606 40	113 94	64 00	1 196 34	.....	213 12
Repairs and renewals .....	599 71	503 33	98 73	1 196 84	659 40	8 30	37 68	705 98	.....	490 94

*Financial Exhibit.*

Real estate, including buildings, etc.....	84,812 45	2,200 00	87,012 45	87,012 45	87,012 45	.....
Repairs.....	98 73	37 68	136 41	136 41	136 41	.....
Substance.....	264 08	10,992 34	11,256 42	1,023 42	1,189 69	.....
Wages and salaries.....	.....	13,258 19	13,258 19	.....	699 00	.....
Total's.....	\$ 08,707 66	\$34,367 73	\$4,760 73	\$2,630 30	\$2,166 46	\$115,287 07
Less discounts.....	.....	17 56	.....	.....	.....	\$16 68
Net cost.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16 68
Add amount assigned to this institution and set apart by Secretary of State for salaries and expenses of Board of Supervision.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$32,549 19
						1,886 85
						\$34,375 94



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*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*


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## STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.

1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance .....		\$3,812 87
1882.			
Feb. 2	By deficiency appropriation, chapter 4, laws 1882 .....		12,000 00
Mar. 2	By general appropriation, chapter 33, laws 1882 .....		35,000 00
Sept. 30	By balance special appropriation, printing press .....		73 78
Sept. 30	By balance special appropriation, refrigerator .....		21 98
Sept. 30	By balance special appropriation, rotary oven .....		43 69
	By steward for board and tuition .....		103 00
	By steward for sundries .....		2,631 55
June 1	To transfer to Board of Supervision Fund .....	\$1,826 85	
Sept. 30	To paid current expenses this year .....	34,350 22	
Sept. 30	To paid indebtedness previous year .....	102 85	
Sept. 30	To balance appropriation... \$15,375 88 .....		
	To balance in hands treasurer of Institution .....	1,951 57	
	To balance in hands steward of Institution .....	79 50	
		<u>17,406 95</u>	
		\$53,686 87	\$53,686 87
1882.			
Oct. 1	Balance available .....		\$17,406 95

*Special Appropriation Funds.*

## STATEMENT OF SPECIAL APPROPRIATION FUNDS.

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Balances avail- able Oct. 1, 1881.	Appropriations, 1882.	Total.	Over-draft Oct. 1, 1881.	Expended dur- ing the year.	Transferred.	Total.	Balances avail- able Sept. 30, 1882.
Architect's fees, etc .....	\$212 54	...	\$212 54	...	\$259 99	...	\$259 99	\$212 54
Building water or earth closets .....	...	600 00	600 00	...	...	...	...	340 01
Painting and repairs .....	...	800 00	800 00	...	482 19	...	482 19	317 81
Printing press .....	...	...	500 00	...	426 22	\$73 78	500 00	.....
Providing efficient means for extinguishing fires and furnishing ordinary supply of water .....	...	5,000 00	5,000 00	...	...	...	...	5,000 00
Refrigerator .....	...	800 00	800 00	\$107 02	671 00	21 98	800 00	.....
Rotary oven .....	43 94	...	43 94	...	25	43 69	43 94	.....
Totals .....	\$756 48	\$7,200 00	\$7,956 48	\$107 02	\$1,839 65	\$139 45	\$2,086 12	\$5,870 86

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*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*


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**FARM AND GARDEN PRODUCTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.**


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Asparagus.....	102	bunch's	\$ 02	\$3 24
Apples.....	83	barrels.	1 50	49 50
Cheese.....	186	pounds	09 +	12 28
Cabbage.....	82	heads.	03 +	1 00
Horse radish.....	17 $\frac{1}{4}$	bushel.	60	15
Lettuce.....	17	bunches	04	68
Milk.....	14,225	quarts.	02	284 50
Milk.....	18,686	pounds.	01 +	233 57
Pie plant.....	85	pounds.	02	1 70
Potatoes.....	51	bushels	20 +	13 65
Radishes.....	5	dozen.	04	20
Tomatoes.....	1 $\frac{1}{4}$	bushels	1 00	1 25
Total.....				<u>\$601 72</u>

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**STATEMENT OF MONEYS RECEIVED DURING THE YEAR  
ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.**


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Barn farm and garden.....	\$953 74
Board and tuition.....	103 00
Clothing and expense of pupils.....	488 43
Fuel.....	60
Furniture.....	50
Indebtedness.....	1 25
Lights.....	26 80
Laundry.....	50
Miscellaneous.....	8 75
Oven.....	75
Printing office.....	113 94
Repairs and renewals.....	8 90
Scraps.....	37 68
Shoe shop.....	985 47
Wages and salaries.....	5 00
	<u>\$2,735 30</u>

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*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

## DETAILED LIST OF EXPENDITURES.

AMUSEMENTS AND MEANS OF INSTRUCTION.			
Annals .....	1 year.	\$2 00	
Arithmetics .....	32	18 56	
Blotting pads .....	10 sheets.	75	
Bell's sounds .....	1	1 27	
Composition and rhetoric .....	2	1 80	
Chart frames .....	2	1 00	
Chemistry .....	1	1 00	
Cards .....	550	8 21	
Candy .....	80 pounds.	4 35	
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....		1 25	
Charts .....	3	25 00	
Composition books .....	60	5 00	
Crayons .....	100	10 00	
Dictionary .....	1	7 00	
Dumb bells .....	12	3 25	
Entertainments and exhibitions ..	3	13 00	
Envelopes .....	8,250	6 60	
Freights .....		2 63	
Figs .....	1 pound.	20	
First lessons .....	54	9 72	
Geographies .....	52	39 38	
Games .....	4	3 50	
Gow's morals .....	8	7 20	
Harper's Publications .....		12 55	
Hoops .....	3	30	
Ink .....	10 quarts.	3 70	
Indian clubs .....	6	3 37	
Lemons .....	12 dozen.	3 36	
Lectures .....		5 00	
Language primers .....	17	5 10	
Lead pencils .....	4 dozen.	4 43	
Leslie's paper .....		3 35	
Mounting pictures .....	72	21 60	
Mosquito net .....	21½ yards.	1 51	
Muslin .....	8 yards.	2 08	
Nature's book .....	8	4 68	
Nuts .....	95 pounds.	11 47	
Primary readers .....	24	7 56	
Pen holders .....	½ gross.	15	
Physics, elementary .....	3	3 20	
Pens .....	8½ gross.	5 35	
Paper, sundry kinds .....	18 reams.	25 84	
Pop corn .....	50 pounds.	1 00	
Readers .....	6	1 95	
Rope for swings .....	15¾ pounds.	2 36	
Repairs, sundries .....		1 50	
School papers .....		19 38	
Sponges .....		3 85	

*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.***AMUSEMENTS AND MEANS OF IN-  
STRUCTION — continued.**

Slates .....	154	\$13 40	.....
Slate pencils .....	1,900	5 95	.....
Stickney's language .....	36	2 59	.....
Teacher's languages .....	1	27	.....
Trees, christmas .....	30	2 00	.....
Wax candles .....	16½ dozen.	5 09	.....
Writing books .....	208	20 54	.....
Yarn .....	3 skeins.	75	.....
		<b>\$377 90</b>	
Less old geographies returned .....		10 80	
			<b>\$367 10</b>

**BARN, FARM AND GARDEN.**

Axe and handle .....	1	\$1 80	.....
Axe helves .....	6	60	.....
Bit .....	1	85	.....
Blanket .....	1	2 75	.....
Baskets .....	12	3 00	.....
Buggy washers .....	1 set.	20	.....
Chamois skin .....	1	50	.....
Curry comb and brush .....		70	.....
Castor oil .....	3 pints.	50	.....
Cows .....	6	253 00	.....
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....		2 50	.....
Doctoring and burying horse .....		5 00	.....
Doctoring cows .....		2 00	.....
Feed, bran .....	1,000 pounds.	9 00	.....
Feed .....	24,798 pounds.	324 51	.....
Hay .....	27,889 tons.	189 20	.....
Hay, marsh .....	4,810 tons.	24 93	.....
Hay, weighing .....		75	.....
Oats .....	237½ bushels.	124 41	.....
Freights .....		75	.....
Horse shoeing .....		16 20	.....
Horse medicine .....		1 00	.....
Hanging axe .....	1	10	.....
Horse .....	1	100 00	.....
Horses, hire .....		30 00	.....
Harness oil .....	1 quart.	65	.....
Handles .....	2	45	.....
Hogs .....	10	42 00	.....
Labor .....	104 days.	133 50	.....
Lines .....	1 pair.	2 50	.....
Lawn mower .....	1	14 00	.....
Medicine for stock .....		45	.....
Neck halters .....	2	2 25	.....
Pigs .....	15	43 00	.....
Pad locks .....	4	2 40	.....
Plants .....	600	5 40	.....
Plowing .....	2 days.	6 00	.....
Paris green .....	5 pounds.	1 75	.....
Rope .....	13½ pounds.	2 00	.....
Repairs, carriages, wagons, etc .....		45 70	.....
Repairs, harness .....		10 05	.....
Repairs, implements and tools .....		4 85	.....

*Detailed List of Expenditures.***BARN, FARM AND GARDEN — CON.**

Rakes.....	1 dozen.	\$4 80	
Seeds, garden.....		3 05	
Scythes.....	2 .....	3 00	
Scythe stones.....	2 .....	20	
Straw.....	6 loads.	16 00	
Scoops.....	3 .....	3 12	
Sponges.....	2 .....	75	
Swill barrel and cart.....	1 .....	6 00	
Team work.....	6 days.	18 00	
Use of wagon.....	9 weeks.	9 00	
Whips.....	4 .....	6 50	
Wheelbarrows.....	6 .....	7 75	
			\$1,487 87

**CLOTHING AND EXPENSE INDIGENT PUPILS.**

Buttons.....	98 $\frac{5}{8}$ dozen.	8 06	
Braid.....	29 pieces.	2 11	
Balances due pupils on account .....		18 17	
Burial expenses.....		18 00	
Coat.....	1 .....	10 00	
Cloth.....	17 $\frac{1}{2}$ yards.	5 37	
Cap.....	1 .....	1 00	
Comb.....	1 .....	20	
Drayage.....		5 00	
Darning cotton.....	4 dozen.	1 00	
Expenses, sundries.....		31 15	
Elastic.....	2 pieces.	1 95	
Expenses after pupils.....		18 00	
Express.....		25	
Gloves.....	2 pairs.	2 25	
Hair cutting.....	103 .....	5 15	
Hats.....	2 .....	1 77	
Hose.....	16 pairs.	2 25	
Jackets.....	3 .....	2 75	
Omnibus fares.....		2 75	
Overalls.....	3 .....	3 00	
Pants.....	3 pairs.	10 61	
Pulling teeth.....	4 .....	1 25	
Rubber cord.....	1 piece.	50	
Railroad fares.....		261 41	
Shoe buttons.....	72 dozen.	1 68	
Shaving.....	5 .....	25	
Skates.....	2 pairs.	2 38	
Shoe laces.....	6 gross.	3 15	
Shirt.....	1 .....	2 00	
Suspenders.....	1 pair.	50	
Shoes.....	2 pairs.	4 75	
Suit.....	1 .....	3 75	
Tape.....	5 dozen.	2 50	
Tooth brushes.....	3 .....	60	
Yarn.....	23 skeins.	4 11	
			434 63

**DRUG AND MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.**

Drugs and medicines.....		41 09	
Vaccine virus.....		12 00	
Alcohol.....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ gallons.	3 10	

*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*

DRUG AND MEDICAL DEPARTMENT — continued.			
Brandy.....	1 pint.	55	.....
Whiskey.....	1 pint.	50	.....
			57 24
ENGINE AND BOILERS.			
Cylinder oil.....	10 gallons	12 50	.....
Electric plates.....	6	3 00	.....
Files and handles.....	2	75	.....
Maul.....	1	1 02	.....
Oil cans.....	2	1 20	.....
Wrenche.....	1	65	.....
			19 12
FREIGHT AND EXPRESS.		52 47	.....
			52 47
FURNITURE.			
Rocker.....	1	4 00	.....
			4 00
FUEL.			
Coal.....	670 $\frac{1770}{2660}$ tons.	3,327 08	.....
Wood, dry.....	90 cords.	458 75	.....
Wood, green.....	8 cords.	35 24	.....
Wood, hauling.....		1 00	.....
			3,822 07
HOUSE FURNISHING.			
Apron check.....	51 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	6 73	.....
Braid.....	6 bunch's	48	.....
Buttons.....	13 dozen.	1 38	.....
Baskets.....	4	1 60	.....
Brooms.....	22 dozen.	49 10	.....
Basins.....	2	30	.....
Bread knife.....	1	1 00	.....
Brushes, counter.....	6 dozen.	16 50	.....
Brushes, horse.....	$\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	2 01	.....
Brushes, scrub.....	5 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	13 08	.....
Brushes, shoe.....	3 dozen.	6 00	.....
Balances.....	1	80	.....
Bath brick.....	1 box.	85	.....
Burners.....	3	55	.....
Baking dishes.....	2	50	.....
Broiler.....	1	75	.....
Bed castings.....	6 sets.	1 50	.....
Can.....	1	50	.....
Combs.....	25 $\frac{3}{2}$ dozen.	27 60	.....
Cups.....	6 dozen.	2 40	.....
Cups and saucers.....	6 dozen.	6 00	.....
Cartage, boxes, etc.....		3 75	.....
Closet paper.....	1 dozen.	1 44	.....
Comforts.....	3	1 88	.....
Carvers and forks.....	12	15 00	.....
Cotton Batts.....	1 bale.	8 00	.....
Corks.....	1 dozen.	5	.....
Cherry pitter.....	1	1 25	.....
Can rubbers.....	10 dozen.	1 60	.....

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

HOUSE FURNISHING — continued.			
Can tops .....	4 $\frac{7}{8}$ dozen.	3 49	.....
Curtain paper .....	2 rolls.	80	.....
Curtain fixtures (put up) .....	3 dozen.	12 60	.....
Clock .....	1	3 50	.....
Denim .....	51 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	9 08	.....
Dripping pans .....	100 pounds.	15 00	.....
Darning needles .....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	1 00	.....
Darning cotton .....	6 dozen.	1 50	.....
Difference in brushes .....		65	.....
Drilling .....	48 yards.	4 80	.....
Ewer and basins .....	6	6 00	.....
Fixing combs .....		25	.....
Freight and express .....		5 92	.....
Flannel .....	1 yard.	40	.....
Faucet .....	1	38	.....
Gravy dishes .....	18	8 00	.....
Gas chimneys .....	12 dozen.	12 00	.....
Glass dishes .....	$\frac{1}{4}$ dozen.	1 25	.....
Gingham .....	5 yards.	63	.....
Indelible ink .....	1 dozen.	2 25	.....
Jug .....	1	15	.....
Knives and forks .....	6 sets.	10 50	.....
Knitting cotton .....	9 $\frac{1}{8}$ pounds.	5 08	.....
Lantern globes .....	14	1 25	.....
Lanterns .....	2	2 13	.....
Linen .....	7 yards.	2 46	.....
Muslin .....	7 yards.	70	.....
Muslin, bleached .....	232 $\frac{1}{2}$ yards.	30 67	.....
Machine needles .....	1 dozen.	45	.....
Machine oil .....	1 pint.	60	.....
Measures .....	1 set.	50	.....
Meat plates .....	6	2 25	.....
Mop heads .....	3 dozen.	5 05	.....
Mop handles .....	1 dozen.	1 50	.....
Milk pails .....	3	3 00	.....
Milk can .....	1	6 50	.....
Mouse traps .....	1 dozen.	80	.....
Needles .....	3,000	5 93	.....
Needles .....	14 papers.	1 47	.....
Opaque oil shades .....	58 yards.	8 41	.....
Pitchers, water .....	1 dozen.	5 75	.....
Pitchers, cream .....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	2 78	.....
Picture nails .....	$\frac{1}{4}$ gross.	1 00	.....
Plates .....	9 dozen.	9 00	.....
Pins .....	5 dozen.	3 25	.....
Pillows .....	90 pounds.	58 50	.....
Pails .....	37	7 40	.....
Prints .....	47 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	3 11	.....
Repairs, sundries .....		29 50	.....
Soap .....	3,600 pounds.	188 85	.....
Soap, laundry .....	2 boxes.	2 00	.....
Soap, castile .....	236 $\frac{1}{2}$ pounds.	22 97	.....
Shears .....	21 pairs.	12 70	.....
Shoe blacking .....	13 dozen.	6 45	.....
Stone ware .....	3 gallons.	30	.....
Spooners .....	1 dozen.	1 50	.....
Syrup cans .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	2 00	.....



*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*

HOUSE FURNISHING—con.			
Soup ladles.....	½ dozen.	\$5 25	.....
Sheeting.....	640 yards.	54 70	.....
Sieves.....	8	1 00	.....
Sprinkler.....	1	75	.....
Stcamer.....	1	1 00	.....
Silver polish.....	1 dozen.	2 50	.....
Toweling.....	207 yards.	24 85	.....
Ticking.....	89½ yards.	16 94	.....
Tumblers.....	24 dozen.	19 00	.....
Tea spoons.....	6 dozen.	7 50	.....
Thread, linen.....	6 dozen.	5 75	.....
Thread, cotton.....	20 dozen.	11 00	.....
Thimbles.....	23 dozen.	5 35	.....
Toilet soap.....	6 dozen.	6 00	.....
Tin ware, sundries.....		1 10	.....
Tape.....	2 boxes.	1 50	.....
Towels.....	8 dozen.	8 25	.....
Thermometers.....	7	2 00	.....
Tea kettle.....	1	1 00	.....
Tub.....	1	75	.....
Wall paper.....	2 rolls.	20	.....
Wrapping twine.....	11 balls.	65	.....
Whisk brooms.....	2 dozen.	3 00	.....
Yarn.....	12 skeins.	1 80	.....
		\$884 89	
Less credit crockery bill.....		31 86	
			\$853 03
INTEREST AND EXCHANGE.			
Exchange.....		20 13	.....
Interest.....		31 83	.....
			51 96
LAUNDRY.			
Ammonia.....	32 pounds.	4 00	.....
Bees wax.....	5 pounds.	1 30	.....
Blueing.....	11½ gallons.	8 63	.....
Blueing.....	28 boxes.	95	.....
Blacksmithing.....		75	.....
Bolts.....	12	50	.....
Baskets.....	6	4 50	.....
Caustic soda.....	250 pounds.	19 37	.....
Carpenter work.....	71 hours.	14 20	.....
Freight.....		3 01	.....
Indigo.....	1 pound.	85	.....
Repairs to fluters.....		1 15	.....
Steel springs.....	1 pair.	2 50	.....
Soap stock.....	1,211 pounds.	48 44	.....
Sal soda.....	2,895 pounds.	46 69	.....
Starch.....	457 pounds.	19 96	.....
Sawing and boring.....		4 50	.....
Stone bolts.....	5½ dozen.	57	.....
Tallow.....	746½ pounds	57 27	.....
Tubs.....	5	3 85	.....
Turning shaft.....		85	.....
			243 34

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

LIBRARY.			
Atlas of the world.....	1	\$20 00	.....
Books — sundries.....	72	78 97	.....
Encyclopedia.....	2 sets.	23 50	.....
Freight.....		79	.....
			\$123 26
LIGHTS.			
Cartage, boxes, etc.....		6 00	.....
Freight.....		52 43	.....
Fusees.....	10 cases.	15 00	.....
Gasoline.....	3,034½ gallons.	576 60	.....
Gasoline tester.....	1	2 50	.....
Kerosene.....	44 gallons.	6 46	.....
Tapers.....	6 boxes.	1 80	.....
			660 79
MACHINERY AND TOOLS.			
Brushes.....	2	\$3 50	.....
Bits.....	14	3 55	.....
Brace.....	1	2 00	.....
Block and wheel.....	1	54	.....
Clipper.....	1	60	.....
Chisels.....	4	1 25	.....
Cutter wheel.....	1	20	.....
Drills.....	3	1 20	.....
Files.....	16	2 40	.....
Fire pot.....	1	1 50	.....
Gauge.....	1	65	.....
Glass cutters.....	2	50	.....
Hatchet.....	1	90	.....
Hammers.....	2	1 30	.....
Hand axe.....	1	1 25	.....
Key hole saw.....	1	50	.....
Level.....	1	1 25	.....
Mallet.....	1	40	.....
Saw set.....	1	75	.....
Stanwood cutter.....	1	2 40	.....
Tongs.....	3 pairs.	2 54	.....
Taps and reamers.....	3	9 90	.....
Trowel.....	1	75	.....
Tape line.....	1	1 10	.....
Whitewash brush.....	1	3 25	.....
			44 18
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Abstract from census returns — list deaf and dumb in Wisconsin.....		\$39 00	.....
Battery.....	1	2 00	.....
Blue vitriol.....	12 pounds.	1 50	.....
Board rule.....	1	1 75	.....
Barrels.....	2	4 00	.....
Butcher knife.....	1	65	.....
Clerk.....	14½ days.	21 75	.....
Cleaver.....	1	2 00	.....
Freights.....		25	.....
Handles for ice forks.....	4	60	.....
Hay pulleys.....	3	1 20	.....

*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*

MISCELLANEOUS — continued.			
Ice, labor putting in .....	28 $\frac{3}{4}$ days.	\$44 58	.....
Ice, teams putting in .....	6 $\frac{1}{2}$ days.	19 25	.....
Ice tools .....	4 .....	8 10	.....
Ice pikes .....	6 .....	3 85	.....
Job work .....	.....	8 50	.....
Labor, sundries .....	.....	149 63	.....
Laundry work .....	18 days.	13 00	.....
Meat bench .....	1 .....	10 00	.....
Meat block .....	1 .....	11 33	.....
Meat hooks .....	2 .....	2 20	.....
Newspapers .....	.....	27 33	.....
Paper bags .....	200 .....	90	.....
Putting up ice .....	87 tons.	37 75	.....
Putting up ice .....	8 days.	11 27	.....
Photographing plans .....	.....	5 00	.....
R. R. Guides .....	.....	65	.....
Repairing set of dates .....	.....	1 25	.....
Sponge .....	.....	35	.....
Straw .....	4 loads.	8 00	.....
Substitute for baker .....	.....	10 00	.....
Soap receipt .....	.....	5 00	.....
Sal ammonia .....	$\frac{1}{8}$ pound.	15	.....
Steak knives .....	2 .....	4 75	.....
Steel .....	1 .....	1 75	.....
Truck .....	1 .....	4 75	.....
Vitriol .....	5 pounds.	63	.....
			\$464 77
OFFICERS' EXPENSES.			
Messengers' expenses .....	.....	28 37	.....
Superintendent's expenses .....	.....	57 97	.....
Steward's expenses .....	.....	36 95	.....
			123 29
PRINTING, POSTAGE, STATIONERY AND TELEGRAPH.			
Blank books .....	23 .....	66 58	.....
Bill files .....	3 .....	60	.....
Blotters .....	5 dozen.	45	.....
Bill heads .....	250 .....	60	.....
Cards (shipping) .....	4 packs.	50	.....
Envelopes .....	4, 250 .....	10 48	.....
Ink .....	5 quarts.	3 09	.....
Ink .....	4 bottles.	2 45	.....
Ink carmine .....	9 bottles.	1 10	.....
Ink stand .....	1 .....	1 10	.....
Lead pencils .....	4 dozen.	2 20	.....
Letter heads .....	2 reams.	4 90	.....
Letter files .....	5 .....	2 80	.....
Memorandum books .....	35 .....	8 61	.....
Marking pens .....	$\frac{1}{8}$ dozen.	95	.....
Mucilage .....	1 dozen.	75	.....
Office slate .....	1 .....	20	.....
Paper, legal cap .....	1 ream.	4 20	.....
Paper, bill cap .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ ream.	2 40	.....
Paper, manilla .....	5 $\frac{1}{4}$ pounds.	58	.....
Paper fasteners .....	1 box.	50	.....

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

PRINTING, POSTAGE, STATIONERY AND TELEGRAPH—continued.			
Pens .....	1 gross.	\$1 00	
Packet .....	1	50	
Printing, sundries .....		3 25	
Postage .....		2 28	
Postage stamps, 1c. ....	400	4 00	
Postage stamps, 2c. ....	70	1 40	
Postage stamps, 3c. ....	4,825	144 75	
Postage paper wrappers, 1c. ....	300	3 86	
Postal cards .....	2,700	27 00	
Post office box rent .....		1 60	
Rubber bands .....	1 gross.	1 43	
Ruler .....	1	2 00	
Ruling blanks .....		1 00	
Sponge cup .....		20	
Stylograph .....	1	3 00	
Telegraph .....		7 45	
			\$319 06
PRINTING OFFICE.			
Benzine .....	1 quart.	\$ 20	
Brass rules .....	6	90	
Cutting paper .....		25	
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....		3 45	
Card board .....	151½ sheets.	12 40	
Casting rollers .....	4	2 00	
Chases .....	2	14 50	
Dashes .....	12	48	
Electrotype .....	1	1 00	
Freights .....		2 80	
Gum paper .....	1 quire.	70	
Galleys, single .....	3	6 00	
Gauge pin .....	1	41	
Headings .....	2	5 05	
Ink .....	1 pound.	32	
Ink, book .....	20 pounds.	8 00	
Ink, card .....	1 pound.	3 00	
Imposing stone .....	1	8 00	
Lye .....	3 pounds.	25	
Lye brush .....	1	50	
Leads .....	33½ pounds.	7 54	
Labor saving rule .....	¼ font.	3 50	
Mallet and planer .....	1	70	
News cases .....	4 pairs.	6 40	
Postage .....		12 48	
Print paper .....	32 reams.	111 55	
Print paper .....	30 pounds.	2 40	
Proof roller .....	1	4 50	
Paper, sundries .....		1 50	
Rules .....	51	11 52	
Sheeting .....	1¼ yards.	11	
Shooting stick .....	1	1 00	
Slugs .....	10 pounds.	2 00	
Slugs .....	30	1 53	
Side sticks .....	2	1 50	
Sorts .....	1¼ pounds	60	
Twine .....	6 balls.	75	

*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*

PRINTING OFFICE—continued.			
Type.....	210 pounds.	\$100 80	.....
Wrapping paper.....	1 ream.	2 25	.....
White sizing .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ pound.	75	.....
		\$343 59	.....
Less goods exchanged.....		79 28	.....
			\$264 31
REPAIRS AND RENEWALS.			
Asbestos wick.....	1 pound.	\$1 00	.....
Bolts.....	38	69	.....
Blacksmithing .....		2 05	.....
Brass screws.....	12 dozen.	1 25	.....
Belting.....	14 feet.	1 55	.....
Brads .....	3 papers.	30	.....
Chain .....	15 feet.	1 01	.....
Copper rivets.....	1 gross.	45	.....
Copper wire.....	$3\frac{1}{8}$ pounds.	2 34	.....
Copper sheets .....	4 pounds.	2 00	.....
Clothes lines .....	12	6 00	.....
Castor oil .....	$\frac{1}{2}$ gallon.	75	.....
Carpenter work.....	$39\frac{1}{2}$ days.	78 00	.....
Cement.....	$1\frac{1}{4}$ barrels.	2 40	.....
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....		3 10	.....
Dryer .....	5 quarts.	2 50	.....
Fire clay.....	1 barrel.	2 50	.....
Freight and express .....		5 74	.....
Ferule .....	1	40	.....
Glue .....	8 pounds.	2 00	.....
Glass .....	1 box.	4 50	.....
Glass .....	12 lights.	9 80	.....
Gas pipe .....	$77\frac{1}{2}$ feet.	9 40	.....
Gutter.....	15 feet.	1 88	.....
Hinges.....	8 pairs.	1 35	.....
Hooks .....	$6\frac{1}{2}$ gross.	9 60	.....
Hooks and staples .....	2 dozen.	75	.....
Hasps and staples.....	3	30	.....
Iron .....	3 pounds.	15	.....
Iron, galvanized .....		1 00	.....
Iron, band.....	7 pounds.	77	.....
Lace leather.....	1 side.	4 00	.....
Labor .....	42 days.	63 00	.....
Locks.....	3	2 80	.....
Lumber .....	1,167 feet.	24 37	.....
Latch .....	1	10	.....
Lime.....	$10\frac{5}{8}$ bushels.	4 51	.....
Lag screws.....	24	72	.....
Lath .....	13 bu'ches.	1 75	.....
Mason work.....	$1\frac{1}{2}$ days.	3 37	.....
Nails .....	666 pounds.	27 41	.....
Night latches .....	2	1 25	.....
Oil, boiled.....	$50\frac{1}{4}$ gallons.	34 17	.....
Pulleys.....	10	45	.....
Painting .....	$15\frac{1}{2}$ days.	26 75	.....
Posts .....	24	5 52	.....
Packing.....	$\frac{3}{8}$ pound.	45	.....
Pump.....	1	12 00	.....

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

REPAIRS AND RENEWALS — CON.		
Putty .....	128 pounds.	\$3 68
Pump top .....	1	1 50
Pipe, galvanized .....	4½ pounds.	85
Paints .....	1 pound.	20
Planing .....		35
Repairing sundries .....		29 63
Rope .....	9½ pounds.	1 27
Registers .....	4	9 60
Rubber plugs .....	12	2 40
Rubber packing .....	5¾ pounds.	1 64
Rubber washers .....	12	15
Steam fittings .....		21 16
Sawing .....		75
Stove bolts .....	1¾ dozen.	25
Screws .....	26½ gross.	9 41
Screws for sundries .....	151	4 82
Screw eyes .....	1 dozen.	10
Safety chains .....	2 boxes.	4 50
Sash cord .....	4 pounds.	1 60
Sand paper .....	9 quires.	1 88
Sash pulleys .....	5	34
Slide irons .....		50
Springs for faucets .....	2 dozen.	4 80
Steel .....	1 piece.	25
Staples .....	1 pound.	10
Stretcher .....	1	1 25
Saw filings .....		20
Trap .....	1	1 10
Trap glasses .....	36	5 40
Turpentine .....	2 gallons.	1 60
Tinner .....	1½ ho. ra.	40
Tacks .....	⅓ dozen.	20
Tin .....	100 sheets.	8 00
Valve packing .....		25
Valves .....	6	4 50
White lead .....	25 pounds	2 00
Water cock .....	1	1 10
Wash bowls .....	6	9 90
		\$505 78
Less goods returned .....		2 40
		\$503 38
SUBSISTENCE.		
Apples .....	10 bushels	\$10 50
Apples .....	125 barrels.	481 25
Apples, dried .....	1,017 pounds.	79 98
Bread .....	95 loaves.	7 53
Beans .....	4 bushels	6 00
Butter .....	8,013½ pounds.	1,905 35
Beef, fresh .....	25,544 pounds	1,935 69
Beef, corned .....	3,589 pounds.	179 45
Beef, dried .....	59 pounds.	8 53
Blackberries .....	206 quarts.	24 40
Bologna .....	25 pounds	2 50
Beets .....	10 bushels	3 50
Baking powder .....	95 pounds.	22 60
Corn meal .....	8½ barrels.	25 60
Crackers .....	2,432 pounds.	160 12

*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*

SUBSISTENCE — continued.			
Coffee, . . . . .	16	pounds.	\$3 40
Coffee, Rio . . . . .	1,119	pounds.	140 29
Chickens . . . . .	433	pounds.	35 07
Chickens . . . . .	13		4 50
Corn starch . . . . .	40	pounds.	2 90
Cracked wheat . . . . .	1	case.	4 00
Cartage, boxes, etc. . . . .			50 31
Cabbage . . . . .	80	heads.	8 00
Cheese . . . . .	694	pounds.	83 21
Currants, dried . . . . .	440	pounds.	28 22
Onocolate . . . . .	24	pounds.	7 05
Celery . . . . .	1	dozen.	40
Canned vegetables . . . . .	14	dozen.	21 20
Canned fruits . . . . .	6½	dozen.	16 90
Cider, boiled . . . . .	1	gallon.	1 00
Cranberries . . . . .	2	barrels.	20 00
Cranberries . . . . .	½	bushel.	2 00
Cream tartar . . . . .	10	pounds.	2 50
Cherries . . . . .	16½	bushels.	34 75
Cocoanut . . . . .	21	pounds.	5 99
Eggs . . . . .	1,284½	dozen.	211 76
Extract lemon . . . . .	9	pounds.	9 00
Extract vanilla . . . . .	2	pounds.	4 00
Extract pineapple . . . . .			25
Flour . . . . .	200½	barrels.	1,273 35
Flour, graham . . . . .	4	barrels.	27 75
Fish, fresh . . . . .	1,073	pounds.	86 32
Fish, white . . . . .	3	½ bbls.	19 25
Fish, cod . . . . .	115	pounds.	8 28
Freights . . . . .			96 04
Ginger . . . . .	10	pounds.	1 50
Ham . . . . .	582	pounds.	69 84
Honey . . . . .	14½	pounds.	2 66
Hominy . . . . .	1	barrel.	4 75
Ice . . . . .	5,550	pounds.	13 91
Lard . . . . .	2,449½	pounds.	331 46
Lemons . . . . .	6½	dozen.	2 33
Lamb . . . . .	34	pounds.	3 92
Mutton . . . . .	414	pounds.	35 52
Molasses . . . . .	100	gallons.	45 48
Oat meal . . . . .	500	pounds.	20 25
Onions . . . . .	13	bushels.	12 00
Oysters . . . . .	62	cans.	21 54
Pie plant . . . . .	616	pounds.	15 40
Potatoes . . . . .	1,374½	bushels.	694 54
Pickles . . . . .	15¾	gallons.	5 50
Pickles . . . . .	5½	barrels.	49 00
Pork, salt . . . . .	194½	pounds.	18 61
Pork, fresh . . . . .	1,027	pounds.	83 09
Prunes . . . . .	1,025	pounds.	76 08
Pumpkins . . . . .	87		3 50
Peas, split . . . . .	210	pounds.	6 82
Pepper . . . . .	20	pounds.	4 50
Pepper, white . . . . .	10	pounds.	3 50
Peaches, dried . . . . .	255	pounds.	20 05
Raisins . . . . .	8	boxes.	22 30
Rice . . . . .	515	pounds.	35 26

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

SUBSISTENCE — continued.			
Raspberries .....	107	quarts.	16 10
Sugar, "C" .....	6,082	pounds.	512 53
Sugar, A .....	4,800	pounds.	448 73
Sugar, granulated .....	928	pounds.	91 72
Sugar, powdered .....	648	pounds.	67 34
Sugar, maple .....	7	pounds.	1 26
Strawberries .....	184	quarts.	27 20
Salt .....	1,006	pounds.	14 25
Salmon (canned) .....	8	dozen.	17 60
Squash .....	5,103	pounds.	25 51
Suet .....	42	pounds.	3 10
Sausage .....	535	pounds.	53 04
Soup shanks .....	75		15 00
Syrup .....	148½	gallons.	66 83
Sage .....	2	pounds.	1 00
Saleratus .....	63	pounds.	2 95
Salt Peter .....	½	pound.	10
Tongues .....	12		1 50
Tapioca .....	10	pounds.	60
Turnips .....	92	bushels	36 40
Tea, Y. H. ....	180	pounds.	54 40
Turkeys .....	583	pounds.	58 20
Veal .....	1,064½	pounds.	76 73
Vegetables (sundy garden) .....			24 64
Vinegar .....	45	gallons.	6 40
Yeast .....	142	p'k'g's.	10 13
			10,297 29
Less credit to acc'ts receivable .....			4 95
			10,292 34
SHOE SHOP.			
Bristles .....	½	pound.	4 38
Buttons .....	1	gross.	12
Button Hooks .....	1	dozen.	10
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....			1 15
Calf skia, "A" .....	51½	pounds.	53 21
Calf, French .....	15¾	pounds.	23 83
Cans .....	1		40
Eyelets .....	5,000		63
Freights .....			7 42
Grain, "K" upper .....	345	pounds.	68 69
Iron Nails .....	54	pounds.	3 45
Ink Powder .....	1½	dozen.	1 98
Knives .....	1	dozen.	1 90
Kip, "A" .....	146½	pounds.	121 16
Kip, grain .....	173¼	feet.	38 12
Kip, upper .....	349½	feet.	77 71
Logwood .....	4	ounces.	10
Lasts, plated .....	23	pair.	12 65
Lasts, plated .....	25		6 87
Lasts, tacks .....	3	gross.	1 35
Tong sticks .....	2		80
Neat's foot oil .....	1	gallon.	1 25
Pinks .....	1	dozen.	8 00
Pegs .....	½	bushel.	45
Russetts .....	3	dozen.	19 71



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*Institution for Deaf and Dumb.*


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SHOE SHOP — continued.			
Stitch wheel.....	1	\$ 30	.....
Sole leather.....	1,320 pounds.	376 65	.....
Sheeting.....	10 yards.	80	.....
Splits.....	87½ pounds.	35 00	.....
Silk thread.....	2 spools.	2 00	.....
Shoe tacks.....	18 pounds.	4 08	.....
Toppings....	2½ dozen.	25 75	.....
Thread.....	10 pounds.	12 00	.....
Tinct. iron.....	4 ounces.	20	.....
Wax.....	100 balls.	60	.....
Zinc points.....	78 pounds.	8 58	.....
			\$921 39
WAGES AND SALARIES.....		\$13,258 19	
			\$13,258 19
Less discounts.....			\$34,367 78
			17 56
Total .....			\$34,350 22

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*Roster of Officers and Employees.*

## ROSTER OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.

SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

NAME.	SERVICE.	SALARY.
John W. Swiler .....	Superintendent .....	Per year....\$1,500 00
R. A. Gates .....	Steward .....	Per year.... 900 00
W. A. Cochrane.....	Teacher .....	Per year.... 1,000 00
George F. Schilling ..	Teacher .....	Per year.... 1,000 00
W. J. Fuller .....	Teacher .....	Per year.... 850 00
Z. G. McCoy .....	Teacher .....	Per year.... 720 00
Miss E. Eddy .....	Teacher .....	Per year.... 500 00
Miss Mary E. Smith..	Teacher .....	Per year.... 450 00
Miss M. H. Hunter...	Teacher .....	Per year.... 450 00
Mrs. E. McCoy.....	Teacher .....	Per year.... 420 00
Miss Helen E. Briggs	Teacher .....	Per year.... 250 00
Miss Julia A. Taylor.	Matron .....	Per year.... 500 00
Miss Alice E. Turley.	Matron, assistant.....	Per month.... 18 00
C. M. Kelley .....	Matron, assistant.....	Per month.... 15 00
Edgar D. Fiske .....	Supervisor .....	Per month.... 25 00
John Beamsley .....	Superintendent shoeshop....	Per month.... 50 00
Chas. Lemmers .....	Superintendent printing office	Per month.... 18 00
John Ronk .....	Engineer.....	Per month.... 60 00
W. M. Stillman .....	Engineer, assistant.....	Per month.... 30 00
E. Edwards .....	Night watch .....	Per month.... 25 00
George Peacock.....	Laborer.....	Per month.... 25 00
George Baker.....	Baker.....	Per month.... 35 00
Sarah Brophy.....	Cook .....	Per month.... 15 00
Lena Langner.....	Cook .....	Per month.... 12 00
Tillie Cannan.....	Dining room .....	Per month.... 12 00
Mary Fleming .....	Dining room.....	Per month.... 12 00
Ella Fleming .....	Chambermaid .....	Per month.... 12 00
Maggie Dwyer .....	Laundress.....	Per month.... 15 00
Helen Schlachter....	Ironer .....	Per month.... 12 00
Mary Kerr.....	Usher .....	Per month.... 12 00



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THIRTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

WISCONSIN INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE BLIND

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

## RESIDENT OFFICERS.

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*Superintendent and Steward, MRS. SARAH F. C. LITTLE, A. M.*

*Matron, MISS LIZZIE J. CURTIS.*

## REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

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*To the State Board of Supervision of Wisconsin Charitable, Reformatory and Penal Institutions:*

GENTLEMEN:—At this time it becomes my duty to present to you a report of the history of the year in this institution.

This scarcely seems necessary as your frequent visits have not only made you acquainted with the state of the premises and business affairs of the Institution, but have enabled you to judge of the efficiency of the work done in the school and work rooms, and have also been sufficiently prolonged to afford you considerable knowledge of the different individuals of the household and familiarity with the daily routine.

During the year since October 1st, 1881, eighty-two persons,—forty-four girls and thirty-eight boys, have been under instruction. Eleven have been admitted, and thirteen have completed their course. The average number in attendance during school time has been sixty-three. A larger number than usual has been tardy in returning at the opening of the term. At this date, ten are absent who may be expected to return at some time. Some of these are detained for sufficient reasons, but some are away still, because their parents fail to appreciate the importance of promptness and regularity in attendance, and allow frivolous reasons to keep them at home. Every year our work is seriously hindered by this tardiness after the summer vacation. At the beginning of the term a programme is made, assigning each pupil to the classes he is prepared to enter. The first lessons are of great importance, as regards the scholar's interest and his clear understanding of the subject. A blind pupil cannot, with his book and extra work, overtake his class. If he is some weeks late, it is often impossible for him to be classed advantageously. Neither does the tardy one alone suffer. The enthusiasm of the whole class, whose progress is retarded while the teacher endeavors to bring up such laggards, is seriously checked, and the teacher is burdened with work that

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*Institution for Blind.*

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would have been unnecessary had all been prompt. Requests for absence to visit home for a few days or weeks, are frequent from both pupils and parents. It needs to be well understood that irregularity in attendance is a serious detriment to the school, and should not be asked or permitted.

The average standard of health has been maintained during the year, with the exception of an epidemic of measles in March and April. This disease, judging from our experience, seems to be more serious in its effects upon the comparatively frail children gathered here than upon seeing children of average health. Nine years ago, out of twenty cases of measles in the school, two were fatal and two others gave great anxiety for several days. This year, out of twenty-one cases, three proved fatal. Only nine deaths of pupils have occurred at the Institution since it was founded, in 1850. Of this number, one died of consumption, one of typhoid pneumonia, one was drowned, one was lost in the burning building and five have died from measles. On account of the previous fatality, the utmost pains were taken last spring to secure for the sick the most favorable conditions possible. Each one received assiduous care, skillful nursing and faithful medical attendance. It should be added, however, that in all of the fatal cases there existed complications which may serve to account for the severity of of the disease.

I have also to report that two boys, one aged sixteen and one seventeen years, having left school on account of failing health, died at their homes of consumption.

All persons familiar with blind youth are well aware that, as a class, their physical vigor is below that of the average population. Some have hereditary predispositions to disease, some have constitutions shattered by the sickness that caused their blindness, many are scrofulous, and nearly all suffer the natural effects of the comparatively inactive and restricted life resulting from their infirmity. Knowing this fact, it has been our constant aim to secure such attention to hygiene as should promote the highest degree of health possible. The experience of the past year has served to deepen our convictions on this subject, and show the need of being

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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still more systematic and thorough in the physical culture of our pupils. This term light gymnastics have been introduced into the classes for a few minutes at once, several times during the day, and other plans have been formed which will be carried out in due season. I would suggest the desirability of fitting up with proper gymnastic apparatus the second story of the shop, which was originally designed for this purpose. Then no stormy weather need excuse any scholar from obtaining sufficient exercise.

The regular operations of the school have been carried on, as usual, in three departments—literary, musical and industrial. No radical changes have been made in the conduct of either of these departments, but such minor variations have been introduced from time to time as seemed likely to increase their efficiency.

In the literary department we design to give each pupil a good knowledge of the “common branches,” and, to those who are qualified, instruction is given in some of the more practical of the higher English studies. Careful examinations of each class are made at the middle and close of each term, and scholars are classified according to their daily record, combined with the results of the examinations. Some of our pupils make rapid progress, while others show very little. Probably the average advancement is about like that found in schools for sighted children.

In previous reports attention has been called to the impossibility of making a proper classification of the school with our present number of teachers. I wish to mention this again, not because I suppose it is feasible, at present, to add a teacher to our corps, but because the evil does not diminish, and it should not be forgotten that a teacher is needed and should be provided whenever it is practicable. There is a wide difference between the young man or woman who can, in mathematics, keep pace with high school classes and the child who cannot count ten, but we have here representatives of both grades, and of nearly all that lie between these extremes. With the present number of teachers, each child cannot have the best opportunity for development.

I would also again call attention to the fact that but little of the school apparatus destroyed with the building in 1874 has been



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*Institution for Blind.*

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replaced, except that required in teaching geography. Our need in this respect is urgent.

Formerly so few books in raised letters were obtainable by our graduates, and the variety upon our shelves was so small, that there was little enthusiasm for reading after the art was once acquired. Since we have been reaping the advantages of the congressional appropriation for the support of the American Printing House for the Blind, and have received ample supplies of all its new publications, greater interest has been manifested.

As we receive so many books without other cost than that of transportation, although we must still pay at the usual high rates for those issued from other publishing establishments, it is possible without loss to the Institution, to sell any book desired by graduates at considerable discount from the list price. More purchases have been made by them, and when it is more widely known that books in raised print can be had about as cheaply as the same works in ink print, many others will rejoice in the possession of books that they can read independently.

In the musical department, three choral classes and the orchestra have been continued. The class in harmony had daily lessons last term. This term a new class has been formed, and the advanced class now alternates this study with that of the New York System of Musical Notation. Lessons have been given upon the piano, cabinet organ (with and without pedals), violin and other orchestral instruments. Individual vocal training has been given to all who seemed qualified to receive profit thereby. The success of the more recent graduates of this department has been very gratifying, and gives renewed confidence in the wisdom of giving broad and thorough musical culture to our pupils.

In the industrial department, caning chair seats has been continued as the best mode of giving employment and manual training to those boys who are not yet prepared to undertake carpet weaving. In the weaving room an abundant supply of custom work is still offered. Early last March all that could be done before the close of the term in June was engaged, and when the present term opened, enough work was on hand to occupy all the looms until

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*Superintendent's Report.*

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Christmas. It is encouraging that customers are willing to wait for our rather slow weavers, because their work is preferred as being of better quality than that usually done elsewhere. At the recent State Fair at Fond du Lac, a carpet woven in our shop, by a totally blind young woman, took the first premium. There were twelve competitors, and this carpet was regularly entered by number, and had no mark that showed where it was woven. The girls have continued the practice of sewing, knitting and various kinds of fancy work. The younger children obtain from making "bead work" increased keenness of touch and nimbleness of fingers, which assists them in learning to read and write, and also prepares them for other branches of industry.

In the last report there was printed a list, as found in the returns of the U. S. census of 1880, showing eighty-three names of blind children in the state who had never attended this institution.

I have used my best endeavors to obtain further information about these children, and to induce all suitable subjects to enter the Institution with the following results: Seventeen are still too young to come to school; two have moved from the state; one has died; two proved to be aged people; nine claimed to have perfect vision; one is under treatment by an oculist, with good hope of restoration to sight; eight are idiotic, deaf and dumb, crippled, or in some other way incapacitated for school life; two have entered school during the year; applications for six others are now on file; there has been communication with five, either by correspondence or in person, but as yet all efforts to persuade them to come to school have proved unavailing; and of thirty I have been, to this date, unable to obtain any additional information. Of this number, the residences of twelve are given in the census returns only by county. We may properly infer that not more than half of the thirty are suitable subjects for the school. From other sources of information, I can add several names to the list of those who should be here. But I think that the investigations show that the number of blind children in the state whom this Institution is failing to benefit is less than has been hitherto supposed.

I am in the habit of sending to parents of children who are still

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*Institution for Blind.*

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too young to leave home, reports, circulars and alphabets in raised letters, and sometimes of opening correspondence with them, hoping in this way to secure the entrance of the child into the Institution at the proper age, and also a better preparation for school life.

In August, the American Association of Instructors of the Blind held its sixth biennial session at this Institution. It continued during three days, and was composed of the representatives of fourteen different Institutions for the Blind. The number of regular and associate delegates present from abroad was about sixty. The occasion was one long to be remembered with pleasure. Several interesting and instructive papers were presented which will be published with the proceedings of the Association. The discussions on these papers and other topics of interest were spirited, and valuable as an expression of the results of much practical experience in educating the blind.

Very respectfully,

SARAH C. LITTLE,

*Superintendent.*

JANESVILLE, October 1, 1882.

*Catalogue of Pupils.*

## CATALOGUE OF PUPILS.

NAMES.	Residence, Co.	NAMES.	Residence, Co.
Elizabeth I. Noonan..	Rock.	Mathew Krolovets...	Kewaunee.
Jennie C. Cummings..	Rock.	Barbara Link... ..	Buffalo.
Chas. P. R. Krakofsky	Racine.	Frank Tummond...	Grant.
Josephine Lapine....	Fond du Lac.	Seward Garthwaite...	Grant.
Sarah Murphy.....	Rock.	Frank Richardson...	Winnebago.
*Charles E. Flick...	Dane.	Henry P. Klyner...	Outagamie.
Libbie D. Wood.....	Fond du Lac.	Minnie Brown.....	Walworth.
Silas Waters.....	Green.	Nellie Drew.....	Wood.
Frederick A. Klemp..	Dodge.	Maria A. Langdo....	Brown.
Henry J. Heyden....	Jefferson.	*Mary A. Freadle...	Clark.
Mary A. Shanahan...	La Fayette.	Eva A. Bauter.....	Outagamie.
Ari May Lyon.....	Walworth.	Julia M. Greenman..	Dane.
Anna Carter.....	Crawford.	Harry Cork.....	Dane.
John H. Wilson.....	Grant.	Adam Ricker.....	Columbia.
Ida M. Flick.....	Dane.	Michael McGovern...	Iowa.
Clyde A. Whitney....	Rock.	Anna Nlodky.....	Manitowoc.
Cora B. Cook.....	Rock.	Eliza Keat.....	Jefferson.
Laura Engleson.....	Rock.	Caroline Anderson...	Walworth.
Electa H. Pomeroy...	Dodge.	Margaret A. Trainer...	Sauk.
Amelia W. Nix.....	Waukesha.	Kate B. Carpenter...	Pierce.
Kate M. Bann.....	Richland.	Ella Johnson.....	Milwaukee.
Francis Harmon.....	Walworth.	John Kirst.....	Washington.
M. A. McGalloway...	Fond du Lac.	Margaret Bauer.....	Calumet.
*Sherman O. Bitney..	Dane.	Oscar S. Follansbee..	Pierce.
Maggie D. Foley....	Richland.	Rudolph Buckser...	Milwaukee.
Laura A. Trentlage...	Fond du Lac.	Mark Williams.....	Columbia.
Jennie A. Connor...	Dodge.	Randolph H. Rathbun	Adams.
Mary A. Hedburg....	Pierce.	John Randall.....	Portage.
Honora Dorsey.....	Rock.	Maggie Burke.....	Milwaukee.
*Ellen M. Dostmed...	Rock.	Melissa Felt.....	Wood.
Charles Davis.....	Fond du Lac.	Henry Shaw.....	Chippewa.
Rosa Grim.....	Fond du Lac.	Katharine Pastle....	Chippewa.
Ottillie Wertz.....	Calumet.	James M. Biggs.....	Richland.
Jacob Mueller.....	Washington.	Walter M. Dowd.....	Walworth.
Mary L. Shincusky...	Pepin.	Nettie Ricker.....	Columbia.
Joseph O. Preston...	Rock.	Henry Schardt.....	Milwaukee.
W. Ulmer Parks.....	Outagamie.	Frank T. Pratt.....	Dane.
Olof Oleson.....	La Crosse.	Frank Longuire.....	Iowa.
Edna E. Haskell.....	Monroe.	Adam G. Bruce.....	Milwaukee.
George C. Brooks....	Rock.	Eliza Zimmerman...	Jefferson.
*Willie Belan.....	Dodge.		

\*Deceased.

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*Institution for Blind.*


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## DISTRIBUTION OF PUPILS BY COUNTIES.

Adams.....	1	Manitowoc.....	1
Brown.....	1	Milwaukee.....	5
Buffalo.....	1	Monroe.....	1
Calumet.....	2	Outagamie.....	3
Chippewa.....	2	Ozaukee.....	1
Clark.....	1	Pepin.....	1
Columbia.....	3	Pierce.....	3
Crawford.....	1	Portage.....	1
Dane.....	6	Racine.....	1
Dodge.....	4	Richland.....	3
Fond du Lac.....	6	Rock.....	10
Grant.....	3	Sauk.....	1
Green.....	1	Walworth.....	5
Iowa.....	2	Washington.....	2
Jefferson.....	3	Waukesha.....	1
Kewaunee.....	1	Winnebago.....	1
La Crosse.....	1	Wood.....	2
La Fayette.....	1		
		Total.....	82

## LIST OF BLIND CHILDREN IN WISCONSIN,

*Who have not attended the Institution for the Education of the Blind, at Janesville, and who are of suitable capacity to receive instruction, so far as known.*

NAME.	AGE.	TOWN.	COUNTY.
Fitz, Viola.....	16	Prairie Farm.....	Barron.
Morsk, Wm.....	12	.....	Barron.
Thorn, Frank.....	9	Cumberland.....	Barron.
Duncan, Emma.....	13	Green Bay.....	Brown.
Britz, George.....	15	Wayside.....	Brown.
Rose, Mary.....	3	Stockbridge.....	Calumet.
Bardo, Willis.....	4	Sherman.....	Clark.
Drew, Eva Bell.....	15	.....	Columbia.
Woodby, Lillie Bell.....	16	.....	Columbia.
Adams, Herbert.....	6	Clayton.....	Crawford.
Evans, Daniel.....	17	Haney.....	Crawford.
Ihlsen, Carl Swenson.....	9	Christiana.....	Dane.
Arndt, Carl.....	9	Lebanon.....	Dodge.
Rodilene, Minnie.....	7	Herman.....	Dodge.
Stevenson, Amanda.....	20	Sturgeon Bay.....	Door.
Buttler, James.....	14	Jacksonport.....	Door.
Tuttle, Wm. H.....	18	Sherman.....	Dunn.
Shay, Joseph.....	20	Eau Claire.....	Eau Claire.
Kabs, Henry.....	5	Eldorado.....	Fond du Lac.
Fargo, Frederick.....	13	Fond du Lac.....	Fond du Lac.
Rogers, David.....	8	.....	Grant.
Rogers, Louisa.....	7	.....	Grant.
Bahler, Willie.....	12	Berlin.....	Green Lake.
Johnson, Caroline.....	8	Northfield.....	Jackson.
Christiansen, Jane.....	14	.....	Jackson.
Urbon, Wm.....	20	.....	Juneau.

*List of Blind Children.*

NAME.	AGE.	TOWN.	COUNTY.
Taylor, Mary.....	17	Kenosha .....	Kenosha.
Warner, Wm .....	20	Pierce .....	Kewaunee.
Holverson, Frank .....	13	La Crosse .....	La Crosse.
Seiger, Henry .....	11	La Crosse .....	La Crosse.
Swennes, Martha .....	12	Barre .....	La Crosse.
Hugan Julia .....	19	Mishicott .....	Manitowoc.
Hugan, Hortense .....	16	Mishicott .....	Manitowoc.
Brown, Louis .....	10	Liberty .....	Manitowoc.
Wisner, Gottfried.....	3	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee.
Zollink, Frank .....	11	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee.
Taylor, Robert.....	14	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee.
Mueller, Sophie .....	4	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee.
Hermatzky, Waldislaus.....	7	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee.
Stellmacher, Marianka....	8	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee.
Walrath, John H.....	19	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee.
Birkholz, Richard .....	4	Milwaukee .....	Milwaukee.
Dobbins, Amy G.....	2	La Grange .....	Monroe.
Kohlis, Wm.....	9	Tomah .....	Monroe.
Steinhoff, Aggie .....	5	Ridgeville .....	Monroe.
Johnson Enwal .....	12	Rockland .....	Monroe.
Streeter, Wm. H.....	16	.....	Monroe.
Schmidt, Elizabeth .....	5	Cedarburg .....	Ozaukee.
Green, Dewey .....	13	.....	Outagamie.
Wolf, George.....	7	Prescott.....	Pierce.
Nelson, O.....	6	River Falls.....	Pierce.
Heil, Joseph .....	5	Stevens Point .....	Portage.
Murray, Frank .....	13	Racine .....	Racine.
Milner, Nellie.....	12	.....	Rock.
Mack, B.....	8	.....	Rock.
Peck, Harry.....	7	.....	Rock.
Flanders, Nellie .....	19	Hammond .....	St. Croix.
Hellenbolt, W. S.....	10	Lyndon .....	Sheboygan.
Dippius, — .....	13	Holland.....	Sheboygan.
Anderson, August.....	12	Burnside .....	Trempealeau.
Shmittke, Taylor .....	8	Hale .....	Trempealeau.
Wyatt, John.....	4	Viroqua.....	Vernon.
Brix, Michael .....	6	Larrabee .....	Waupaca.
Morris, Alexander.....	19	Little Wolf.....	Waupaca.
Jansen, Haos.....	15	Bloomfield .....	Waushara.
Eastman, John .....	6	Poysippi .....	Waushara.
Robert, Gustave .....	19	Saxville .....	Waushara.
Falson, Anthson.....	9	.....	Winnebago.
Fallson, John .....	5	.....	Winnebago.
Burchard, Charles .....	10	.....	Winnebago.
Skinner, Emma.....	11	.....	Winnebago.
Finch, Martha.....	19	Oshkosh .....	Winnebago.
Kline, Anna .....	15	Oshkosh .....	Winnebago.
Drew, Samuel .....	7	Grand Rapids .....	Wood.

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*Institution for Blind.*

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## ADMISSION OF PUPILS.

The object of this Institution is to furnish the blind children of the state a good education specially adapted to their condition, thereby fitting them to take an intelligent and useful part in the affairs of life.

Instruction is given in those subjects usually taught in our best public schools, and also in music, both vocal and instrumental, and in various kinds of work.

The Institution is supported by the state, and no charge is made for board or tuition, but a small sum should be deposited with the Superintendent for occasional expenses.

From ten to fourteen is the most favorable age for entering the Institution, provided the pupils have had judicious care and training at home, prior to that age. But as this is not always the case, and as there are many who lose their sight after that age, or, having lost it earlier, do not find an opportunity of going to school at the proper time, the regulations of the Institution allow of the admission of all proper subjects who are not under eight or above twenty-one years of age.

It must be borne in mind, however, by the friends of blind children, that though they have the privilege of sending them to the Institution at a later period than the one mentioned as the best, yet, it is of the highest importance that they should be sent within said period; for, as they grow older, their neglected powers lose their susceptibility of cultivation, rendering the training more and more difficult, until they become wholly incapacitated for receiving such an education as will fit them for a life of usefulness, independence and happiness. It is not uncommon to witness results of this kind, arising out of the morbid tenderness with which a blind child is frequently regarded by his friends, rendering them unwilling to entrust him, at the proper age, to the care of strangers, lest some harm should befall him. Indeed, every year's experience but serves to indicate more clearly the lamentable prevalence of this unjust neglect; as there are constantly applying for admission into the Institution, those whose melancholy lot is to lead a life of hopeless ignorance and dependence, but who might, with proper train-

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*Admission of Pupils.*

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ing in early youth, have become happy and useful members of society, maintaining themselves comfortably and respectably.

The term of instruction is not limited to any definite number of years, but is determined in each individual case by the acquirements of the pupil and consequent fitness for graduating. The length of each one's term will of course depend upon his aptness to learn, and the extent of the course to be pursued.

The session of the Institution commences on the second Wednesday of September in each year, and closes on the next to the last Wednesday in June following, leaving a vacation of more than two months, during which time the pupils will have an opportunity of visiting their homes and replenishing their clothing.

It is important that new pupils should enter upon their term of instruction at the commencement of a session; and it is expected of all others that they will be present at the opening of the school and remain until it closes, on the last day of the session, unless prevented from doing so by sickness or other emergency. It is also expected that timely arrangements will be made for the departure of every pupil from the Institution within a few days after the close of each session.

All are expected to come provided with an adequate supply of good, comfortable clothing, which must be replenished, from time to time, as it becomes necessary.

The stock of clothing should embrace suitable articles for both summer and winter, and a sufficient number of each kind to admit of the necessary changes for washing and repairing.

All clothing must be sent in good condition, not only upon the first entrance of the pupil, but also at each subsequent return from home, after the vacation.

Each article should also be distinctly marked with the owner's name or initials, in order to prevent confusion or loss.

All letters or express packages for pupils should be addressed to the care of the Institution, in order to secure their prompt reception.

For the purposes of education, all children are regarded as prac-



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*Institution for Blind.*

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tically blind whose vision is so defective as to prevent them from receiving the benefit of common schools.

Any person wishing to make application for the admission of a pupil into the Institution, must address the Superintendent, giving definite and truthful answers to the following questions, viz:

1st. What are the names and post-office address of the parents or guardians of the person for whom application is made?

2d. Are such parents or guardians legal residents of the state of Wisconsin?

3d. What is the name and age of the person for whom application is made?

4th. At what age did he or she become blind, and from what cause?

5th. Is his or her blindness total or partial? If partial, what is the degree of blindness?

6th. Is he or she of sound mind, and susceptible of intellectual culture?

7th. Is he or she free from bodily deformity and all infectious diseases?

8th. What are his or her personal habits and moral character?

If any useful vision exists, the certificate of some physician or some teacher should be furnished, stating that the child cannot receive the advantages of common schools for want of sight.

Upon the receipt of such application by the Superintendent, the applicant will be notified as to whether or not the person in question will be admitted, and no one must be sent to the Institution until such notification shall have been received.

No person of imbecile or unsound mind, or of confirmed immoral character, will be knowingly received into the Institution; and in case any person shall, after a fair trial, prove incompetent for useful instruction, or disobedient to the wholesome regulations of the Institution, such pupil will be thereupon discharged.

It is believed that a considerable number of blind children are growing up in ignorance, in the state, and the attention of ministers, doctors, teachers and other persons of extensive acquaintance

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*Admission of Pupils.*

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with the young, is specially invited to the matter, in the hope that they will use their influence to have such children sent to school before it is too late.

Parents of blind children are cordially invited to visit the Institution, that they may decide from their own observation whether it is best to send them here.

All persons are requested to send the names and addresses of blind children of their acquaintance to the Superintendent,

MRS. SARAH C. LITTLE,  
*Institution for the Blind, Janesville, Wis.*

*Institution for Blind.*

## FINANCIAL EXHIBITS.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSES AT THE INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR  
ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1892.

[illegible]

*Expense and Appropriation Funds.*

## STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.

1881.			
Oct. 1	By balance. ....		\$8,285 66
1882.			
Mar. 2	By appropriation, ch. 83, Laws 1882. ....		18,800 00
Sep. 30	By balance special appropriation, im- provements. ....		8 15
Sep. 30	By balance appropriation, ice house. ....		4 41
Sep. 30	By balance appropriation, coal vault and painting. ....		10 36
Sep. 30	By transferred steward for sundries. ....		813 58
June 1	To transfer to State Board of Supervision	\$730 75	.....
Sep. 30	To paid on account of current expenses this year. ....	18,678 99	.....
Sep. 30	To paid indebtedness of current ex- penses last year. ....	14 80	.....
	To balance of appropriation in state treasury. ....	\$7,726 78	.....
	To balance in hands of trea- surer of institution. ....	659 42	.....
	To balance in hands of steward	111 42	.....
		8,497 62	.....
		\$27,922 16	\$27,922 16
1882.			
Oct. 1	By balance available. ....		8,497 62

## STATEMENT OF SPECIAL APPROPRIATION FUNDS.

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Balances available Oct 1, 1881.	Expended this year.	Transferred.	Total.	Balances Sept. 30, 1882.
Coal vault and painting. ....	\$10 36	.....	\$10 36	\$10 36	.....
Ice house. ....	13 41	\$9 00	4 41	13 41	.....
Improvement. ....	8 15	.....	8 15	8 15	.....
Totals. ....	\$31 92	\$9 00	\$22 92	\$31 92	.....

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*Institution for Blind.*


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**FARM AND GARDEN PRODUCTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING  
SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.**

Asparagus .....	104 bu'ches.	\$0 05	\$5 20	.....
Beans, Lima .....	8½ bushels.	1 00	3 50	.....
Beans, string .....	1 bushel.	65	65	.....
Berries .....	85 quarts.	08	2 80	.....
Beets, table .....	4½ bushels.	40	1 80	.....
Celery .....	160 bu'ches.	05	8 00	.....
Cabbage .....	754	03	23 62	.....
Corn, green .....	89½ dozen.	06	5 35	.....
Grapes .....	15 pounds.	.....	75	.....
Lettuce .....	.....	.....	1 00	.....
Milk .....	4,807 gallons.	08	344 56	.....
Potatoes .....	387½ bushels.	30	116 25	.....
Pie plant. ....	215 pounds.	01	2 15	.....
Pumpkins .....	.....	.....	25	.....
Radishes .....	87 bu'ches.	05	1 85	.....
Squash .....	2,260 pounds.	2	16 95	.....
Tomatoes .....	29 bushels.	50	14 50	.....
Turnips .....	30 bushels.	20	6 00	.....
Veal .....	183 pounds.	07	12 81	.....
				\$566 99
Beets for cattle .....	756½ bushels	18	\$136 17	.....
Corn fodder .....	.....	.....	2 00	.....
Pumpkins .....	8 loads.	1 00	8 00	.....
Hay .....	5,200 tons.	6 00	30 63	.....
Oats .....	176 bushels.	32	56 32	.....
Straw .....	5 tons.	5 00	25 00	.....
				258 12
Wood .....	20 cords.	5 50	.....	110 00
				\$935 11

**STATEMENT OF MONEYS RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR ENDING  
SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.**

Barn, farm and garden .....	\$357 03
Clothing and expense pupils .....	12 80
House furnishing .....	25
Means of instruction .....	32 12
Miscellaneous .....	3 20
Postage and stationery .....	10
Repairs and renewals .....	3 40
Subsistence .....	21 88
Work departments .....	315 38
Wages and salaries .....	76
Total .....	<u><u>\$746 92</u></u>

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

## DETAILED LIST OF EXPENDITURES.

BARN, FARM AND GARDEN.			
Bolts.....	5	\$0 06	
Boar pig .....	1	5 00	
Cows.....	8	145 00	
Coal tar.....	2 gallons.	25	
Cooley creamer.....	1	20 00	
Cattle tie.....	1	30	
Cutting oats .....		2 62	
Digging potatoes .....	17 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>10</sub> days.	17 90	
Feed — bran.....	5,114 pounds.	40 14	
corn meal .....	2,365 pounds.	27 81	
feed .....	1,900 pounds.	13 50	
hay .....	6 <sup>300</sup> / <sub>1000</sub> tons.	58 25	
middlings .....	500 pounds.	5 75	
oats .....	249 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> bush'ls.	71 56	
straw.....	3 <sup>200</sup> / <sub>1000</sub> tons.	20 46	
Freight and express.....		3 55	
Gargling oil.....		25	
Grass seed .....	1 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> bush'ls.	4 38	
Grape vines .....	10	2 50	
Gas lime .....	11 loads.	2 75	
Galvanized wire fencing .....		8 50	
Hoing crops.....	8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>10</sub> days.	3 60	
Horse shoeing.....		18 00	
Hinges.....		84	
Harness preservative .....	2 bottles.	50	
Labor — sundries.....	11 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> days.	12 00	
Lum ber.....		75	
Plants and seeds.....		33 70	
Plowing .....		3 02	
Planting potatoes.....	3 days.	3 00	
Paris green .....	4 pounds.	1 60	
Rakes.....	2	1 05	
Repairing harness .....		6 35	
Repairing, sundries.....		2 64	
Repairing wagons, carriages, etc.....		58 40	
Sponge.....	1	40	
Spade .....	1	1 35	
Spade handle.....	1	25	
Scythes .....	2	1 80	
Scythe stones.....	3	30	
Teaming .....	10 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>10</sub> days.	33 15	
Threshing oats .....		7 00	
Use of bull .....		3 00	
			\$688 23
CLOTHING & EXPENSE OF PUPILS.			
Advances for clothing, traveling expenses, etc. <sup>1</sup> .....		\$127 94	\$127 94

<sup>1</sup> Of this amount there has been repaid \$79.46, leaving net expense \$48.48.

*Institution for Blind.*

DRUG AND MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.			
Medicines .....		\$70 11	
Nursing sick .....		7 50	
Physician's visits .....		200 10	
			\$277 71
ENGINE AND BOILERS.			
Brass boxes for pump .....		\$2 20	
Fire brick .....	250	18 75	
Fire clay .....	98½ pounds	1 97	
Mason work .....		5 00	
Oil, machine .....	5 gallons	2 25	
			30 17
FREIGHT AND EXPRESS .....		\$3 50	
			2 50
FURNITURE.			
Book case .....	1	\$9 50	
Bureau with glass .....	1	18 00	
Mirror .....	1	90	
Rockers .....	2	5 38	
			33 78
FUEL.			
Coal, large egg .....	338 tons	\$2,332 20	
Coal, chestnut .....	12 tons	90 00	
Charcoal .....	109½ bushels	21 94	
Cutting wood .....		42 50	
Carrying in wood .....	10 months	20 00	
Pine wood .....	28½ cords	117 50	
Shavings .....	2 cords	1 25	
			2,625 39
HOUSE FURNISHING.			
Butter tubs .....	6	\$3 30	
Butcher knives .....	2	1 30	
Baskets .....	13	5 05	
Brooms .....	6 dozen	12 75	
Buttons .....	30 dozen	3 00	
Brackets .....	2	30	
Biscuit cutter .....	1	10	
Blacking .....	3 dozen	1 65	
Bed spreads .....	30	32 78	
Brushes and long handles .....	3 sets	7 95	
Brushes, scrub .....	17	3 29	
Brushes, shoe .....	1 dozen	2 64	
Bake pans .....	7	2 45	
Basins .....	6	75	
Bee's wax .....	1½ pounds	40	
Cretone .....	1 yard	25	
Cheese knife .....	1	1 00	
Cups and saucers .....	3 dozen	2 60	
Combs .....	1 dozen	1 00	
Canton flannel .....	4 yards	1 20	
Celery glasses .....	2	60	
Crash .....	40 yards	4 40	
Carpets .....	60 yards	51 00	
Carpet thread .....	1 pack's	1 00	

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

HOUSE FURNISHING — continued.			
Coffee pots .....	3	3 70	.....
Cake pans .....	18	1 50	.....
Cake stand .....	1	75	.....
Can opener .....	1	25	.....
Cuspadores .....	2	1 00	.....
Creamers .....	6	1 20	.....
Corks .....	.....	75	.....
Cambric .....	4 yards.	82	.....
Dippers .....	2	40	.....
Darning needles .....	.....	20	.....
Dust pans .....	6	90	.....
Dripping pans .....	15 pounds.	2 25	.....
Egg beater .....	1	65	.....
Feathers .....	44 pounds.	30 80	.....
Fire shovels .....	3	65	.....
Freights .....	.....	54	.....
Fruit dishes .....	2	1 50	.....
Funnel .....	1	35	.....
Indelible ink .....	24 bottles.	5 70	.....
Iron spoons .....	8	64	.....
Iron forks .....	6	75	.....
Knives, table .....	4 sets.	5 00	.....
Linoleum .....	8½ yards.	17 00	.....
Lemon squeezer .....	1	50	.....
Muslin .....	5½ yards.	1 88	.....
Mop sticks .....	1 dozen.	2 25	.....
Match safes .....	2	35	.....
Mouse traps .....	1 dozen.	48	.....
Nappies .....	2½ dozen.	3 75	.....
Napkins .....	11 dozen.	14 70	.....
Needles .....	1,000	2 00	.....
Needles, worsted .....	1 Pa.	25	.....
Oil cloth .....	1½ yards.	83	.....
Pitchers .....	9	2 90	.....
Plates .....	8 dozen.	7 25	.....
Pails .....	5	3 50	.....
Pans .....	1 dozen.	2 40	.....
Pillow casing .....	93½ yards.	17 66	.....
Platters .....	14	2 20	.....
Prints .....	1 yard.	13	.....
Rope .....	.....	44	.....
Rosin .....	.....	10	.....
Soup plates .....	1 dozen.	90	.....
Sheeting .....	474½ yards.	98 68	.....
Spittoon .....	1	38	.....
Syrup cup .....	1	40	.....
Shoe dressing .....	2 bottles.	20	.....
Stone Ware .....	58 gallons.	4 64	.....
Steel .....	1	1 25	.....
Sugar bowl .....	1	25	.....
Slop jars .....	5	3 55	.....
Silver plated forks .....	2 dozen.	16 00	.....
Silver plated tea spoons .....	2 dozen.	8 00	.....
Silver plated desert spoons .....	1 dozen.	7 00	.....
Silver plated knives .....	4 dozen.	13 00	.....
Towels .....	14 dozen.	30 35	.....
Toweling .....	42 yards.	4 20	.....



*Institution for Blind.*

HOUSE FURNISHING — continued.			
Table linen .....	107½ yards.	\$88 29	
Ticking .....	50 yards.	9 60	
Thread .....	42½ dozen.	23 15	
Trays .....	6	1 50	
Toilet soap .....	7 dozen.	4 80	
Tacks .....	1½ dozen.	1 00	
Tumblers .....	3 dozen.	1 50	
Vegetable dishes .....	11	2 20	
Vegetable boilers .....	1	1 75	
Vegetable covers .....	2	1 00	
Wash cloths .....	3 dozen.	1 50	
Wash basins .....	6	1 80	
Wisps .....	6	40	
Worsted .....	2 ounces.	20	
			\$608 62
LAUNDRY.			
Blueing .....	12 dozen.	\$6 50	
Clothes line wire .....	3	1 80	
Clothes pins .....	1 box.	1 25	
Clothes baskets .....	2	2 50	
Freights .....		6 90	
Gas stoves .....	4	7 85	
Gas flat iron heaters .....	6	5 10	
Repairing sundries .....		6 00	
Starch .....	200 pounds.	13 18	
Soap .....	864 pounds.	43 20	
Soap, castile .....	85 pounds.	8 50	
Soap, stock .....	1,656 pounds.	66 24	
Stop cocks .....	2	1 50	
Sad irons .....	19¾ pounds.	2 94	
Wringer .....	1	20 00	
			188 46
LIGHTS.			
Candles .....	49½ pounds.	\$7 66	
Chimneys .....	13½ dozen.	10 40	
Freight and drayage .....		8 75	
Gasoline .....	2,228 gallons.	468 52	
Matches .....	1 case.	8 17	
Oil, Headlight .....	2 gallons.	50	
Wicks .....	1 dozen.	10	
		\$494 10	
Less credits for gasoline barrels .....		15 20	
			478 90
MACHINERY AND TOOLS.			
Files .....	7	\$1 43	
Freights .....		25	
Hammer .....	1	85	
Hammer handle .....	1	30	
Repairing sundries .....		75	
Tap .....	1	2 55	
Trowel .....	1	1 25	
Tongs .....	1 pair.	1 60	
Wire brush .....	1	1 96	
			10 94

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

MEANS OF INSTRUCTION.			
Books in raised letters .....	27	\$82 80	.....
Books, sundries .....	23	83 26	.....
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....		25	.....
Dictionary .....	1	7 00	.....
Encyclopedia Brit. ....	1	6 00	.....
Freight and Express .....		16 53	.....
Indexed Atlas of the World. ....	1	20 00	.....
Lobster .....		27	.....
Music .....		19 45	.....
Maps .....	6	60 00	.....
Newspapers .....		12 25	.....
Periodicals .....	13	26 75	.....
Piano .....	1	350 00	.....
Postage .....		20	.....
Paper, letter .....	1 ream.	2 40	.....
Repairing instruments .....		1 20	.....
Subs'n to Raised Letter Magazine. ....	4	13 00	.....
Tuning and repairing pianos .....		35 75	.....
Text books .....	2	88	.....
Violin strings and bridges .....		7 41	.....
Working cotton .....		20	.....
		\$695 60	
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Buttons .....		10	.....
Carryall for pupils .....		2 00	.....
Clerk anal. accounts .....		15 00	.....
Conveyance corpse to train .....		3 00	.....
Coffin and box .....		18 00	.....
Crayons .....		05	.....
Christmas heat .....		7 50	.....
Daily papers .....		95	.....
Elastic cord .....	23¾ yards.	1 07	.....
Expenses taking sick pupils home .....		11 95	.....
Exp. taking deaf pupil to Chicago. ....		2 45	.....
Exp. to State Teachers' Associat'n .....		1 50	.....
Exp. incidental to Association .....		3 00	.....
Hauling trunks to depot .....		1 00	.....
Hay to cover ice .....	1,050 pounds.	4 20	.....
Ice, putting up .....		41 00	.....
Manilla paper .....	23¾ reams.	4 31	.....
Ombus fares .....		1 25	.....
Pins .....	18 papers.	1 05	.....
Picture Wire .....	5 bunch.	1 35	.....
Picture nails .....	4 dozen.	85	.....
Railroad fare for corpse .....		8 40	.....
Sealing scales .....	3	1 50	.....
Stabling horses in town .....		10 00	.....
Shoe laces .....	5 gross.	1 65	.....
Twine .....		25	.....
Tape .....	2 dozen.	75	.....
Telephone rent .....		22 50	.....
Tooth picks .....		10	.....
Tacks .....	2 dozen.	1 30	.....
Visiting blind children, expenses .....		60 00	.....
Use and breakage dishes .....		15 60	.....
Use of furniture .....		11 60	.....
Use of horse .....	1 day.	1 00	.....
		256 23	

*Institution for Blind.*

OFFICERS' EXPENSES.			
Sundry expenses, superintendent.....		\$13 20	.....
PRINTING, POSTAGE, STATIONERY AND TELEGRAPH.			\$13 20
Blank books.....	43	\$21 51	.....
Blotters.....	28 sheets.	1 40	.....
Class books.....	6	1 80	.....
Envelopes.....	2,750	4 12	.....
Ink.....	1 quart.	50	.....
Ink stands.....	3	45	.....
Letter-copying book.....	1	1 25	.....
Lead pencils.....	12 dozen.	1 60	.....
Miscilage.....	1 quart.	60	.....
Post-office box rent.....		4 50	.....
Postal cards.....	100	1 00	.....
Postage stamps, three cent.....	500	15 00	.....
Postage stamps.....		8 00	.....
Postage stamped envelopes, 3 ct.....	1 000	32 40	.....
Postage wrappers, one cent.....	500	5 60	.....
Printing note heads.....	2 reams.	3 00	.....
Paper, note.....	5 reams.	6 70	.....
Paper, letter.....	2 reams.	5 00	.....
Paper, pay roll.....		2 00	.....
Pens.....	1 gross.	50	.....
Pen holders.....	1 dozen.	25	.....
Pen, stylographic.....	1	2 00	.....
Pass books.....	1½ dozen.	15	.....
Pads, memorandum.....	20	60	.....
Rubber bands.....	2 gross.	1 90	.....
Ruler.....	1	8	.....
Shipping tags.....	100	15	.....
Telegraph.....		3 22	.....
Transfer paper.....		15	.....
REPAIRS AND RENEWALS.			\$125 43
Alabastine material.....	81 pounds	\$7 28	.....
Alabastine brush.....	1	1 00	.....
Boiler flues.....	3	8 46	.....
Butts.....	6 pairs.	48	.....
Cutting pipes, etc.....		75	.....
Cement.....	31½ barrels.	6 75	.....
Carpenter work.....	46½ days.	87 00	.....
Cartage, boxes, etc.....		35	.....
Cane.....		3 25	.....
Chalk.....		15	.....
Coal, Blossburg.....	240 pounds.	96	.....
Casters.....	4	40	.....
Calcimine.....	31 pounds.	3 10	.....
Calcimining.....	8½ days.	21 25	.....
Duck.....	2 yards.	50	.....
Door springs.....	2	70	.....
Elbows.....	2	50	.....
Freight and express.....		2 52	.....
Flue stop.....	1	25	.....
Forging.....	1 hour.	50	.....

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

REPAIRS AND RENEWALS — CON.			
Glass .....	3 lights.	\$4 50	
Hose clamps .....	2	20	
Hook plates .....		4 11	
Hinges .....	9 pairs.	3 21	
Hopper cock .....	1	4 00	
Iron .....	8 pounds.	32	
Jute .....	5 yards.	7 50	
Knobs .....	1¾ dozen.	1 75	
Key blank .....	1	12	
Lime .....	8½ bushels.	2 98	
Lumber .....	2,668 feet.	50 61	
Labor on boilers .....		5 50	
Labor, sundries .....	41½ days.	103 75	
Lath .....	150	90	
Litharge .....		05	
Mortar .....		8 70	
Mason work .....		35 75	
Moss .....	2 pounds.	50	
Nails .....	42 pounds.	2 10	
Nails .....	1 keg.	3 75	
Oil .....	40 gallons.	27 20	
Pipe .....	244½ feet.	22 14	
Pipe, galvanized iron .....	55¼ pounds.	9 66	
Paints, sundry colors .....		7 19	
Pipe fittings .....		10 03	
Repairs, sundries .....		103 59	
Rubber packing .....	10 pounds.	2 90	
Red lead .....	5 pounds.	60	
Screws .....	8½ gross.	4 72	
Sash cord .....	2¾ pounds.	68	
Shingles .....	500	1 75	
Stain .....	1 quart.	50	
Stucco .....	35 pounds.	1 05	
Screen doors .....	7	16 00	
Solder .....	2¼ pounds.	45	
Sal Amoniac .....		10	
Sash locks .....	3	25	
Staples .....	2 pounds.	14	
Tacks .....	½ dozen.	30	
Turpentine .....	2½ gallons.	1 66	
Tin .....	3 sheets.	33	
Valves, closet .....	2	4 00	
Varnish .....	2 gallons.	7 35	
Wire cloth .....		35	
White lead .....	405 pounds.	30 38	
Walnut .....	2 pieces.	60	
Wire, brass .....		15	
Water glasses .....	3	1 20	
SHED ON BARN.			\$641 82
Carpenter work .....	6¼ days.	\$23 13	
Bats .....	180 feet.	5 04	
Lumber .....	8,592 feet.	64 29	
Posts .....	4	91	
Shingles .....	6 M.	21 00	
Nails .....	130 pounds.	5 08	
			119 45

*Institution for Blind.*

SUBSISTENCE.			
Apples .....	56½ bushels	\$41 85	.....
Apples .....	22 barrels.	86 20	.....
Apples, dried.....	49 pounds.	4 17	.....
Butter .....	3,389 pounds.	851 38	.....
Beef .....	13,299½ pounds.	961 24	.....
Beef, dried .....	286½ pounds.	40 11	.....
Bread .....	14,678½ pounds.	558 09	.....
Berries.....	259 quarts.	28 76	.....
Beans .....	320 pounds.	16 00	.....
Beets.....	11 bushels	4 85	.....
Baking powder.....	48 pounds.	19 05	.....
Blackberries, dried .....	20 pounds.	3 20	.....
Bananas.....	1 bunch.	2 75	.....
Biscuit.....	7 dozen.	56	.....
Cookies and cakes .....	36 dozen.	3 26	.....
Chickens.....	74½ pounds.	5 96	.....
Chickens.....	21 .....	7 30	.....
Coffee.....	575 pounds.	162 04	.....
Coffee, Java .....	10 pounds.	2 00	.....
Cinnamon .....	10 pounds.	4 00	.....
Crackers .....	458 pounds.	33 47	.....
Cheese .....	219¼ pounds.	28 77	.....
Corn meal.....	205 pounds.	3 75	.....
Corn starch .....	80 pounds.	7 20	.....
Citron.....	5 pounds	1 10	.....
Currants .....	40 pounds.	2 90	.....
Cod fish.....	40 pounds.	13 00	.....
Cranberries .....	1 barrel.	10 50	.....
Canned fruits .....	7½ dozen.	21 02	.....
Canned vegetables.....	16½ dozen.	26 01	.....
Chow Chow.....	1 dozen.	6 00	.....
Canned chicken .....	.....	55	.....
Cherries.....	4 bushels.	8 00	.....
Chocolate .....	12 pounds.	4 80	.....
Coconut.....	5 pounds.	1 50	.....
Cabbages.....	20 .....	1 00	.....
Carrots.....	.....	50	.....
Cucumbers .....	8 dozen.	2 40	.....
Cloves .....	10 pounds.	4 00	.....
Eggs.....	878½ dozen.	142 34	.....
Extract lemon.....	½ gallon.	4 00	.....
Flour .....	2,800 pounds.	96 80	.....
Flour, Graham .....	250 pounds.	8 70	.....
Fish, fresh .....	393 pounds	36 67	.....
Freights .....	.....	5 75	.....
Gherkins.....	6 bottles.	1 50	.....
Grapes.....	60 pounds.	4 80	.....
Gelatine .....	4 dozen.	7 50	.....
Green corn.....	16½ dozen.	1 68	.....
Ham .....	969½ pounds.	121 53	.....
Honey.....	12¾ pounds.	2 04	.....
Halibut .....	16½ pounds	2 40	.....
Ice cream.....	8 gallons.	8 80	.....
Lemons .....	2 boxes.	12 00	.....
Lemons .....	11½ dozen.	2 92	.....
Lard .....	428¼ pounds.	56 13	.....
Lima beans.....	10 pounds.	1 00	.....

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

SUBSISTENCE — continued.			
Mutton.....	614½ pounds.	\$45 95	
Macaroni.....	45 pounds.	5 25	
Mustard.....	20 pounds.	6 50	
Milk.....	197 quarts.	9 85	
Musk melons.....	3 boxes.	6 00	
Nutmegs.....	2 pounds.	2 00	
Oat meal.....	8 barrels.	57 00	
Oysters.....	7 cans.	2 20	
Oysters.....	20 gallons.	23 86	
Oranges.....	13 dozen.	2 80	
Peaches.....	1 basket.	40	
Peaches, dried.....	80 pounds.	6 55	
Plums.....	1 box.	3 00	
Pepper.....	30 pounds.	5 30	
Potatoes.....	179 <sup>43</sup> / <sub>100</sub> bushels.	142 05	
Prunes.....	130 pounds.	9 10	
Pop corn.....		80	
Pork, fresh.....	51 pounds.	5 10	
Pork, salt.....	57 pounds.	6 84	
Pickles.....	700	2 80	
Pepper sauce.....	½ dozen.	1 50	
Pears.....	2 boxes.	9 00	
Raisins.....	30 pounds.	3 60	
Raisins.....	2 boxes.	5 75	
Rice.....	195½ pounds.	16 12	
Radishes.....	3 dozen.	75	
Sugar, maple.....	269½ pounds.	35 04	
Sugar, granulated.....	4,631 pounds.	471 92	
Sugar, C.....	304 pounds.	29 64	
Sugar, pulverized.....	37 pounds.	4 29	
Strawberries.....	5 boxes.	85	
Salt.....	4 barrels.	7 40	
Sweet potatoes.....	2 barrels.	9 50	
Squash.....	216	12 00	
Sausage.....	150 pounds.	18 75	
Syrup.....	51 gallons.	23 46	
Soda.....	22 pounds.	1 60	
Salad dressing.....	3 bottles.	1 05	
Salmon, canned.....	1 dozen.	2 75	
Tomatoes.....	11 boxes.	7 90	
Tea.....	179 pounds.	65 21	
Tongues, beef.....	41	12 05	
Turnips.....	8 bushels.	3 50	
Turkey.....	244½ pounds.	28 67	
Taploca.....	39½ pounds.	2 77	
Vinegar.....	49 gallons.	7 84	
Veal.....	152 pounds.	13 70	
Water melons.....	25	6 25	
Yeast.....		25	
			\$4,581 76
WAGES AND SALARIES.....		\$6,979 47	
			6,979 47
WORK DEPARTMENTS.			
Beads.....	1,007 b'ches.	123 12	
Brass wire.....	42¾ pounds.	20 66	
Carpet reed.....	1	2 50	

*Institution for Blind.*

WORK DEPARTMENT — continued.			
Carpet warp.....	280 pounds.	\$73 88	
Care.....	8 bundl's.	2 10	
Cork soles.....		10	
Crochet needles.....		60	
Calico.....	2 yards.	18	
Canvas.....	2 yards.	50	
Cashmere.....	1 yard.	75	
Card board.....	8 sheets.	40	
Freight and express.....		4 11	
Harness frames.....	1 pair.	1 25	
Heddles.....	500	1 75	
Knitting cotton.....	4 pounds.	2 65	
Knitting needles.....		06	
Linen thread.....	9 spools.	1 70	
Loom roll.....	1	20	
Mats.....	8	20	
Photo mats.....	1 dozen.	35	
Scratch awl.....	1	20	
Silk.....	1 spool.	12	
Staples.....	2	10	
Worsted.....	1 ounce.	10	
Yarn.....	16 skeins.	4 03	
Zephyr.....	21½ ounces.	2 28	
			243 39
Total.....			\$18,678 99

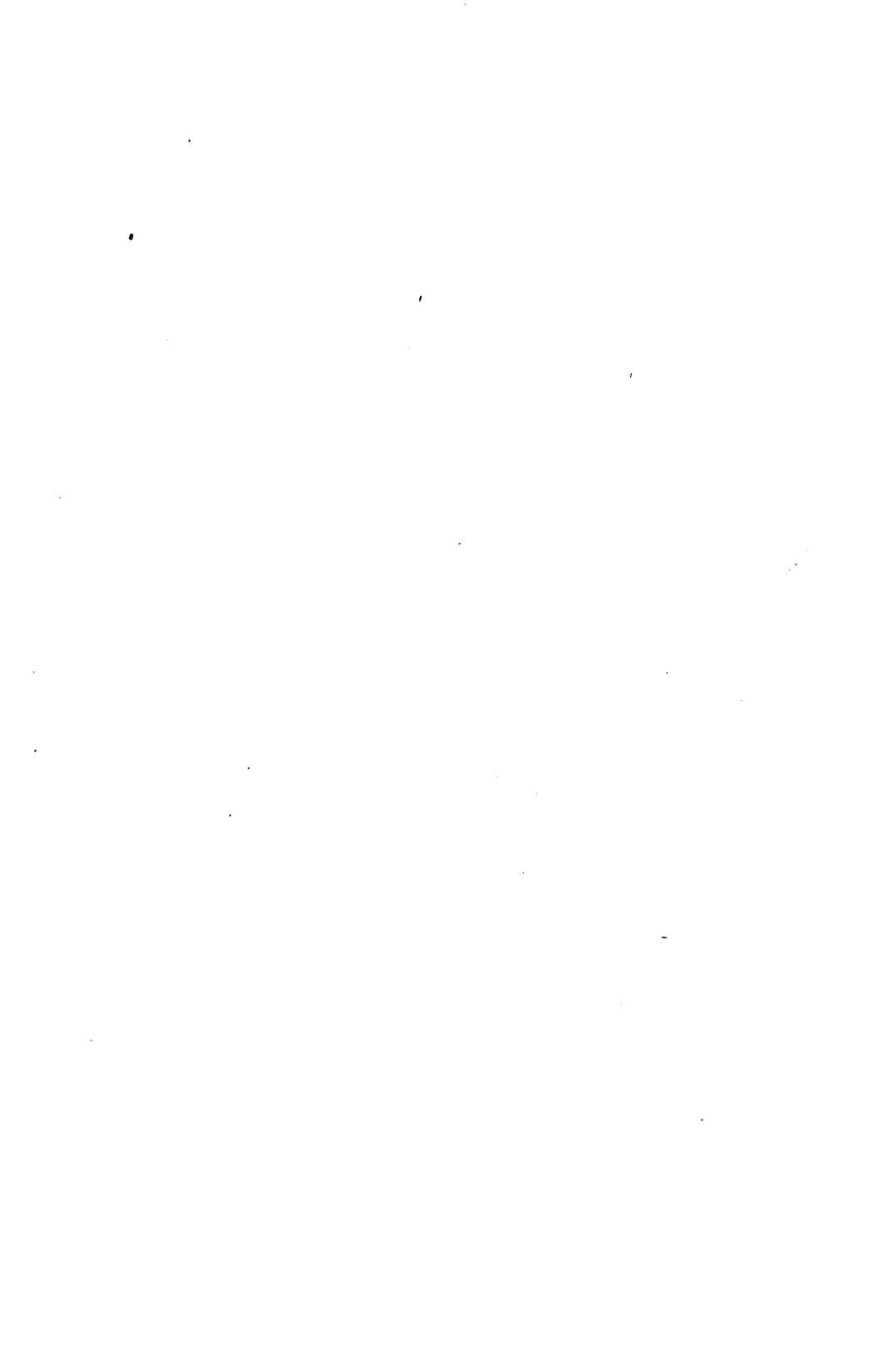
*Roster of Officers and Employees.*

## ROSTER OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES.

SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

NAME.	SERVICE.	SALARY.
Mrs. Sarah C. Little ...	Superintendent and steward ..	Per year. . \$1,200 00
Miss Lizzie J. Curtis ..	Matron.....	Per year.... 400 00
Miss A. J. Hobart .....	Teacher ..	Per year.... 400 00
Miss E. M. Williams ..	Teacher .....	Per year.... 250 00
Miss Elsie M. Steinke ..	Teacher .....	Per year.... 250 00
Mrs. J. H. Jones.....	Music teacher .....	Per year.... 300 00
N. C. Underhill .....	Music teacher .....	Per year.... 500 00
Miss A. B. McKibben..	Teacher, girl's work .....	Per month.. 20 87
Mrs. Ellen Hanson.....	Teacher, weaving .....	Per month.. 15 00
Lena Oleson .....	Cook.....	Per month.. 15 00
Mary Schneider.....	Kitchen help .....	Per month.. 10 00
Lena Schneider .....	Dining room .....	Per month.. 11 00
Josie Johnson.....	Dining room .....	Per month.. 11 00
Annie Schicker .....	General work.....	Per month.. 11 00
Minnie Julsen .....	Seamstress and caning, etc....	Per month.. 13 00
Julia Haurahan .....	Seamstress, etc.....	Per month.. 10 00
Sarah Sandven .....	Laundress .....	Per month.. 13 00
Hellen Sandven .....	Laundress .....	Per month.. 10 00
Mary Johnson .....	Chambermaid .....	Per month.. 11 00
Joanna Gleason .....	Chambermaid .....	Per month.. 8 00
J. K. Wilson .....	Engineer.....	Per month.. 55 00
Richard Schoof.....	Laborer .....	Per month.. 25 00
August Menchon.....	Laborer .....	Per day .... 1 50
Fred Benwitz .....	Laborer .....	Per day .... 1 50
Barbara Fontaine.....	Visitors' attendant .....	Per year.... 50 00





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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

WISCONSIN STATE PRISON,

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

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## RESIDENT OFFICERS.

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*Warden and Steward* — GEO. W. CARTER.

*Deputy Warden and Assistant Steward* — JACOB FUSS.

*Chaplain* — REV. VICTOR KUTCHIN.

*Catholic Chaplain* — REV. JOSEPH SMITH.

*Physician* — D. W. MOORE.

*Matron* — MRS. J. C. REYNOLDS.

## REPORT OF THE WARDEN.

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*To the State Board of Supervision of Wisconsin Charitable, Reformatory and Penal Institutions:*

GENTLEMEN — Herewith I respectfully transmit for your information, my report of the transactions of the State Prison for the year ending September 30, 1882, as required by section 4900 of the Revised Statutes, with the usual tables and inventories, and the reports of the physician and chaplains.

### PRISON POPULATION.

Our numbers have increased during the year from 305 to 348; and our average has been 53 greater than last year, being 23 more than was anticipated at the time of my last annual report. We may reasonably expect a further increase of numbers during the current year, and steps should, therefore, be taken to put the north cell-room in condition for occupation, before the hot weather of another summer occurs.

### LOST TIME.

The percentage of time lost by sickness, punishment, etc., is 20 46-100 per cent., a trifle less than last year. The percentage of sick has been a little higher. The number of days lost in disciplinary punishment exceeds that of last year 67 days, which is about the same as the percentage of increase in numbers. Fifty-three days of that time, however, occurred at what was known as the "strike for better grub." By our system of penalties, under the law for disobedience of the rules, the strikers lost about 800 days of good time, which they must stay and work out as a penalty for their insubordination.

The percentage of productive labor was 64 41-100 — a gain of one per cent. of the whole number in confinement.

It has been my aim to keep every man possible, employed in the contractors' shops; but our number of disabled, mentally or physically, constantly increases. While we employ in the yard and elsewhere all such as are rejected from the shops, who can be of any

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*State Prison.*


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use, I still find myself embarrassed with many such on our hands for whom I cannot provide suitable employment.

On the first day of October we had 9 insane, besides 5 or 6 others mentally unsound, who are reported "in the yard." We also had 7 decrepit and unable to work; 14 were sick—making in all about 35, at least, who can do nothing. About fifty are employed in necessary labor about the prison, leaving after all deductions 256, or about 64 in every one hundred, for productive labor.

PRODUCT OF THE FARM.

The net product of the 12-acre farm, after deducting all expenses and allowing \$280 for labor of two convicts and the team, is \$878.73. About \$500 of this profit has come from the hog-pen.

CURRENT EXPENSE.

The deficiency in the current expense is.....	\$12,649 67
The difference in the inventory.....	3,617 22
Making the apparent cost.....	<u>\$16,266 89</u>
But there may reasonably be deducted 43 suits of cloths, issued to the increased number of men and not included in the inventory.....	\$500 00
Also for discount on old machinery sold below inventory.....	500 00
Depreciation of inventory by natural wear of machinery.....	250 00
	<u><u>\$1,250 00</u></u>

Leaving for current expenses about \$15,000, as it was estimated in my last report.

ANOTHER YEAR OF GOOD PRICES FOR FARMERS.

I remarked in my last report that it would not be possible to keep the cost of subsistence so low as 77 cents per week at the prices then ruling for provisions. We find that all the principal articles of subsistence have advanced above the average of last year, as follows: bacon, 30 per cent.; fresh beef, 20 per cent.; beans, 33 per cent.; butter, 15 per cent.; corn beef, 15 per cent.; eggs, 20 per cent.; flour, 25 per cent.; potatoes, 50 per cent.; and syrup 20 per cent.—making an average advance of about 25 per cent. in the cost of what we have purchased. Nevertheless, by greater econ-

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*Warden's Report.*


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omy, our subsistence has cost only 88 cents per week, for convicts, and \$2.02 per week for officers.

## CLOTHING.

The cost of clothing the convicts during the past year has been \$10.70 each; which, considering that each man is kept supplied with a comfortable suit of "all wool," a pair of shoes, two good hickory shirts, and nearly the whole year, cotton flannel underclothes, would seem to be evidence of a rigid economy in the clothing department.

## ESTIMATE OF ORDINARY EXPENDITURES.

Clothing .....	\$4,000
Drugs .....	500
Freight and express .....	125
Fuel .....	6,500
House-furnishing .....	500
Lights .....	650
Laundry .....	150
Chapel, school and library .....	250
Printing, postage and dispatches .....	400
Repairs and renewals .....	500
Wages and salaries .....	15,700
Tobacco .....	225
Subsistence .....	20,000
Convicts discharged .....	1,000
Miscellaneous .....	200
Total. ....	\$50,700

## ESTIMATE OF EXTRAORDINARY EXPENDITURES.

House furnishing to supply the north cell-room .....	\$500 00
Repairs and renewals — floors in shops, barn and bake oven ...	800 00
Possible change of sewer .....	150 00
Wire fence around farm .....	150 00
Water supply and root house .....	2,700 00
Horse team .....	300 00
Total of all expenditures .....	\$55,300 00

## ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE RESOURCES.

From labor contract .....	\$41,773 00
From farm and hog pen .....	1,000 00
Visitors .....	200 00
Miscellaneous .....	327 00
Total .....	43,300 00
Leaving to be supplied .....	\$12,000 30

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*State Prison.*

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The reports of the chaplains and physician, herewith, will inform you concerning their departments.

I have no suggestions or recommendations which I deem it important for me to make. The Board, under our system, have the information from actual observation necessary to advise them of all needed improvements and reforms. It will be my pleasure in the future, as it has been in the past, to execute their instructions, in this, as in all respects, in the management of the prison.

Very respectfully,

GEO. W. CARTER,

*Warden.*

WAUPUN, September 30, 1882.

DODGE COUNTY, ss:

Geo. W. Carter, being duly sworn, says the contents of the annual reports submitted herewith are a true and correct statement of the transactions of the prison for the year ending September 30, 1882.

GEO. W. CARTER.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, Oct. 19, 1882.

JACOB FUSS,

*Notary Public, Wis.*

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*Chaplains' Reports.*

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CHAPLAINS' REPORTS.

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*Hon. Geo. W. Carter, Warden State Prison:*

In presenting this my third annual report, I can only say, as I have said in former reports, that, to the best of my ability, I have performed the duties required of the Protestant chaplain of the prison. I have preached the gospel of Christ, visited the sick, buried the dead, and taken every suitable occasion to instruct the inmates of the prison in their moral and religious duties. I have had the general supervision of the correspondence, the management of the prison school and the prison library.

The work of the year, on the whole, has been more satisfactory than that of any preceding year. I have come to know that the accident of position does not change a man's real character; many who are commonly regarded as the offscouring of creation are not wanting in the elements of a noble manhood, and a higher court is sure to reverse some of the judgments of society. There are prisoners, who, in spite of their imprisonment, rejoice in that wide liberty wherewith Christ is able to make all free, and I am convinced that an intimate acquaintance with the "unfortunate classes" is calculated to help to a recognition of the fact that in the large clasp of nature all hearts blend.

A profound sympathy for a man in trouble has given me such an access to the hearts of the men that I have come to possess their confidence very generally, and consequently have been able, from time to time, to give counsel that I know has resulted beneficially. Letters received from discharged men have encouraged me greatly, for they have gone far to convince me that my exhortation and preaching have not been in vain.

In addition to calling attention again, this year, to the seeming injustice of unequal sentences for the same crime, and the occasional sentence of a mere boy to the penitentiary, I wish to enter a protest against the practice of confining two men in a four by seven cell.



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*State Prison.*

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With a constantly increasing number of men, and a library small and fast becoming dilapidated and worn out, an appropriation is much needed to rebind the old books and purchase new ones. A greater blessing than a good book in the hands of a man who will read it cannot be imagined.

The work of the prison school has been fully up to that of any previous year, but in view of its recent reorganization and grading—for which I am indebted to yourself—I hope next year to make a showing unequaled by that of any previous year.

In conclusion, I am most happy to be able to give my hearty approval of the general management of the institution, and I fully realize that I am much indebted to yourself and my brother officers for any success I may have had in the work of the year.

Respectfully submitted,

VICTOR KUTCHIN,  
*Chaplain.*

WAUPUN, Wis., Sept. 30, 1882.

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*Hon. George W. Carter, Warden State Prison:*

In my connection with the prison, as Catholic chaplain, every facility is afforded me in the discharge of my duty, both in visiting and administering the sacraments. Confessions are heard and high mass and instructions are regularly held every month, on Sundays, from eight to half-past ten o'clock. Several of the prisoners are monthly communicants. The established and fundamental principle of the constitution, "liberty of conscience for all," has been fully carried out, to the satisfaction of all. In my observation and visits to the prison, I hear of no complaints. I am confident the prison discipline has been administered with kindness and charity.

To the warden, clerk and officers I tender my unfeigned thanks for the courtesy I have always received on my visits to the prison.

JOSEPH SMITH,  
*Catholic Chaplain.*

September 30, 1882.

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*Physician's Report.*

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PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

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*Hon. Geo. W. Carter, Warden State Prison:*

The general health of the convicts has been good for the past year. There have been no epidemics or contagious diseases prevailing. Still there are more or less complaints; some quite serious, especially rheumatic difficulties; but generally they are of a trifling character, and no serious accidents.

There has been an unusual number of aged, feeble and infirm persons sent here during the last year, who have required special care and attention; and whose labor is of little or no value.

There have been but three deaths, two from natural causes and one by violence.

Nicholas Lillis died, October 8, 1881, of cancer of the stomach. August 5, 1882, John Shavey was stabbed and fatally wounded by another convict. August 22, 1882, Patrick Crook died of old age, being past ninety. Every precaution has been taken to prevent the introduction and spread of contagious diseases, especially small pox. The prisoners were all vaccinated last winter who had not had the disease. This is repeated every winter, consequently we have but little fear from that source. The men are warmly clothed, kept as clean as possible, and special pains taken to make them as comfortable as practicable.

D. W. MOORE,  
*Prison Physician.*

September 30, 1882.

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*State Prison.*


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## STATISTICAL TABLES

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

- 
- No. 1. Number received and discharged during the year.  
 No. 2. Whole number of days spent in prison.  
 No. 3. Consolidated statement of convict labor.  
 No. 4. Summary of prisoners received during the year.  
 No. 5. Prisoners discharged during the year.  
 No. 6. Prison population at the close of the year.  
 No. 7. Life members in prison.  
 No. 8. Number discharged from October 1, 1872, including per cent. of pardons.  
 No. 9. Characteristics of prisoners received since organization of prison.  
 No. 10. Statistics since organization of the prison.
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TABLE No. 1.

Number of convicts confined October 1st, 1881 —	
Male.....	298
Female.....	7
	<hr/> 305
Received during the year —	
Male.....	179
Female....	6
	<hr/> 185
	<hr/> 490
Discharged during the year —	
Male.....	131
Female.....	6
Died.....	3
Escaped.....	2
	<hr/> 142
Remaining in prison September 30, 1882 —	
Male.....	341
Female....	7
	<hr/> 348
Total number confined Oct. 1st, 1881.....	
Total number confined Oct. 1st, 1880.....	
Total number confined Oct. 1st, 1879.....	
Total number confined Oct. 1st, 1878.....	
Average number during the year ending Sept. 30th, 1882.....	
Average number during the year ending Sept. 30th, 1881.....	
Average number during the year ending Sept. 30th, 1880.....	
Average number during the year ending Sept. 30th, 1879.....	
Average number during the year ending Sept. 30th, 1878.....	

*Statistical Tables.*

TABLE No. 2.

SHOWING THE WHOLE NUMBER OF DAYS SPENT IN PRISON, THE NUMBER OF DAYS LOST, AND THE NUMBER OF DAYS GIVEN TO PRODUCTIVE AND UNPRODUCTIVE LABOR.

<i>Whole number of days during the year.</i>			
Males .....	119,711		
Females .....	2,835		
			122,546
<i>Lost time.</i>			
Sundays .....	17,443		
July 4, 1882 .....	355		
Sick in hospital .....	801		
Sick in cell-room .....	2,420		
Sick from vaccination .....	95		
Solitary as per sentence .....	60		
Solitary as per punishment .....	290		
Solitary for refusing to work .....	53		
Dark cell .....	124		
Insane and idiotic .....	1,794		
Old age in shops .....	483		
Old age in cell-room .....	1,648		
Out on order of courts .....	8		
<i>Indispensable labor, but not directly productive.</i>		25,074	
Inside gate .....	312		
Hospital steward .....	312		
Tertenders and barber .....	1,873		
Main building .....	621		
Tobacco room .....	311		
Officers's kitchen .....	937		
Prisoners' kitchen .....	1,797		
Wash house .....	1,008		
Barn, farm and garden .....	1,520		
Tailor and shoe shop .....	1,190		
Menders .....	1,442		
Female prisoners .....	2,835		
Picking beans .....	406		
Whitewashing .....	29		
Yard .....	3,576		
		18,169	
			43,243
<i>Productive labor.</i>			
Contractors .....	77,640		
Engine and boilers .....	897		
General repairs .....	766		
		79,303	
Total .....			122,546
Per cent. of lost time .....	20.46		
Per cent. of indispensable labor .....	14.83		
Per cent. of productive labor .....	64.71		
Per cent. of sick .....	2.23		

## State Prison.

MONTH.	Number of men employed.	Average number per day.	Average time worked.	TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS.		DEDUCTION FOR CHOREMEN.		TOTAL NUMBER OF DAYS CHARGED.			Amount.
				Hours.	Min.	Hours.	Min.	Days.	Hours.	Min.	
October, 1881 .....	5,941	228	9.39	57,265	09	1,145	18	5,755	8	36	\$2,302 35
November, 1881 .....	6,035	232	8.50	53,205	27	1,064	06	5,847	8	06	2,139 17
December, 1881 .....	6,566	243	8.19	54,357	16	1,087	09	5,463	5	53	2,185 44
January, 1882 .....	6,589	251	8.27	55,682	49	1,113	15	5,594	8	04	2,237 98
February, 1882 .....	6,005	250	9.88	57,778	51	1,153	35	5,807	5	01	2,328 00
March, 1882 .....	6,741	251	10.35	71,169	57	1,423	24	7,153	4	48	2,861 40
April, 1882 .....	6,170	246	10.41	65,807	04	1,816	09	6,614	4	25	2,645 78
May, 1882 .....	6,752	250	10.41	72,066	05	1,441	19	7,248	5	31	2,897 42
June, 1882 .....	6,556	252	10.41	70,020	29	1,400	25	7,037	9	19	2,815 18
July, 1882 .....	6,576	263	10.41	70,274	14	1,405	29	7,063	4	30	2,825 88
August, 1882 .....	7,087	262	10.41	75,516	10	1,510	19	7,590	3	21	3,036 13
September, 1882 .....	6,672	256	10.40	71,138	20	1,423	46	7,150	3	04	2,860 12
	77,640	249	9.58	774,261	51	15,485	14	77,828	2	22	\$31,129 30

<i>Per cent. of convicts employed to number confined.</i>	
During the year ending September 30, 1882 .....	63.35
During the year ending September 30, 1881 .....	63.08
During the year ending September 30, 1880 .....	62.56
During the year ending September 30, 1879 .....	61.67

*Statistical Tables.*

TABLE No. 4.

## SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS.

*Counties, where from.*

Brown.....	10	Marinette.....	3
Buffalo.....	1	Marquette.....	2
Chippewa.....	7	Milwaukee.....	23
Clark.....	1	Monroe.....	3
Crawford.....	6	Outagamie.....	4
Dane.....	18	Pierce.....	1
Dodge.....	2	Racine.....	7
Door.....	1	Rock.....	7
Dunn.....	6	St. Croix.....	4
Eau Claire.....	7	Sauk.....	3
Fond du Lac.....	4	Sheboygan.....	2
Grant.....	8	Trempealeau.....	1
Green.....	2	Vernon.....	3
Jackson.....	6	Walworth.....	5
Jefferson.....	1	Waukesha.....	4
Juneau.....	3	Waupaca.....	2
Kenosha.....	4	Winnebago.....	1
La Crosse.....	17	Wood.....	3
Lincoln.....	1		
Marathon.....	3		185

*Residence when arrested.*

Buffalo.....	1	Walworth.....	2
Brown.....	9	Waupaca.....	2
Chippewa.....	4	Winnebago.....	3
Dunn.....	1	Wood.....	3
Dodge.....	2		
Eau Claire.....	7		119
Fond du Lac.....	3		
Grant.....	8	States, etc.—	
Green.....	2	Iowa.....	2
Green Lake.....	1	Illinois.....	22
Jefferson.....	1	Indiana.....	2
Jackson.....	6	Kentucky.....	1
Kenosha.....	2	Massachusetts.....	2
La Crosse.....	4	Michigan.....	4
Lincoln.....	1	Minnesota.....	6
Marathon.....	2	Missouri.....	5
Marquette.....	2	Montana.....	1
Milwaukee.....	16	Maine.....	1
Manitowoc.....	1	New York.....	7
Marinette.....	2	Ohio.....	4
Oconto.....	1	Pennsylvania.....	4
Outagamie.....	1		
Pierce.....	1		01
Rock.....	6		
Racine.....	2	Foreign countries —	
Sheboygan.....	2	Canada.....	1
St. Croix.....	4	England.....	4
Trempealeau.....	2		
Crawford.....	7		5
Door.....	2		
Dane.....	6		

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*State Prison.*


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*Terms of sentence.*

During life .....	1	Two years .....	43
Twenty-five years .....	1	One year and 8 months.....	1
Twenty years .....	2	One year and 6 months.....	4
Fourteen years.....	2	One year and 5 months.....	1
Ten years.....	3	One year and 3 months.....	1
Nine years.....	2	One year and 1 month.....	3
Eight years.....	1	One year .....	43
Seven years.....	3	Ten months.....	3
Six years .....	3	Nine months.....	3
Five years .....	10	Eight months.....	3
Four years.....	14	Six months .....	6
Three years and six months.....	5	Three months.....	1
Three years.....	21		
Two years and six months.....	5		185
			==

*Religious instruction.*

Protestants .....	106	None .....	21
Catholics .....	58		185
			==

*Conjugal relations.*

Married .....	58	Divorced .....	1
Single .....	117		185
Widower .....	9		==

*Habits.*

Intemperate .....	64	Temperate .....	35
Moderate .....	86		185
			==

*Color.*

White ... ..	181	Black .....	4
Total .....			185
			==

*How often sentenced.*

First time .....	171	Third time .....	3
Second time .....	11		185
Total.....			==

*Education.*

Read and write, English.....	148	Read and write, French.....	1
Read and write, German.....	11	Read but not write .....	7
Read and write, both .....	1	Neither .....	13
Read and write, Norwegian...	4		185
Total.....			==

*Sex.*

Male .....	179	Female .....	6
Total.....			185

*Statistical Tables.**Ages.*

From 14 to 20 years.....	25	From 40 to 50 years.....	25
From 20 to 30 years.....	92	From 50 to 60 years.....	12
From 30 to 40 years.....	29	From 60 to 70 years.....	2
Total.....			<u>185</u>

*Crime.*

Assault with intent to kill.....	5	Murder, second degree.....	5
Assault with intent to do bodily harm.....	5	Manslaughter, first degree.....	2
Assault with intent to ravish.....	6	Manslaughter, second degree.....	2
Assault with intent to rob.....	3	Manslaughter, third degree.....	7
Assault and robbery.....	2	Obtaining goods on false pretenses.....	3
Arson.....	2	Obstructing railroad track.....	1
Adultery.....	8	Perjury.....	1
Bigamy.....	2	Polygamy.....	1
Burglary.....	48	Robbery.....	1
Burglary and larceny.....	8	Receiving stolen goods.....	3
Burglary with intent to commit larceny.....	2	Sodomy.....	1
Embezzlement.....	2	Seduction.....	1
Forgery.....	7	Uttering forged note.....	1
Horse stealing.....	9	Vagrancy.....	1
Incest.....	2		<u>185</u>
Larceny of all grades.....	43		
Murder, first degree.....	1		

*Occupation.*

Agents.....	2	Moulders.....	2
Artist.....	1	Merchants.....	2
Actor.....	1	Masons.....	3
Bookkeepers.....	2	Miners.....	2
Broommaker.....	1	Machinist.....	1
Brakemen.....	11	Millwright.....	1
Blacksmiths.....	2	Newsboy.....	1
Barber.....	1	Peddler.....	1
Butchers.....	2	Physicians.....	2
Clerks.....	3	Painters.....	11
Cooks.....	5	Printers.....	1
Coopers.....	2	Plasterer.....	1
Carpenters.....	3	Porter.....	1
Cowboy.....	1	Saloonkeeper.....	2
Cigar makers.....	3	Shoemakers.....	6
Engineer.....	1	Sailors.....	3
Farmers.....	17	Servants.....	2
Farm laborers.....	4	Tanner.....	1
Firemen.....	2	Tailors.....	3
Farrier.....	1	Teamsters.....	3
Fiddler.....	1	Upholsterer.....	1
Housekeepers.....	3	Waiters.....	2
Hostlers.....	2	Watchmaker.....	1
Lawyer.....	1	Whaler.....	1
Laborers.....	56		
Lumbermen.....	3		<u>185</u>



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*State Prison.*


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*Nativity.*

Native —		Foreign —	
Georgia .....	1	Austria .....	1
Illinois .....	9	Canada .....	12
Indiana .....	4	Denmark .....	2
Kentucky .....	2	England .....	6
Missouri .....	3	France .....	1
Minnesota .....	3	Finland .....	1
Michigan .....	3	Germany .....	21
Maine .....	5	Ireland .....	7
Maryland .....	2	New Brunswick .....	1
Massachusetts .....	2	Norway .....	6
New York .....	23	Switzerland .....	1
New Hampshire .....	1	Scotland .....	2
Ohio .....	6	Sweden .....	1
Pennsylvania .....	7	Wales .....	2
Vermont .....	3		
Virginia .....	2		64
Wisconsin .....	46		
	121		

*Nativity of parents.*

Father and mother born in United States .....	58
Father and mother born in foreign countries .....	110
Father born in United States; mother in foreign country .....	7
Mother born in United States; father in foreign country .....	8
Father not known; mother in United States .....	1
Father not known; mother in foreign country .....	1
	185

TABLE No. 5.

## PRISONERS DISCHARGED.

Expiration of sentence .....	16	Died .....	2
Reduction of time .....	88	Killed .....	1
Reduction of time, including citizenship .....	18	Escaped .....	2
Governor's pardon .....	13		142
Order of courts .....	2		

TABLE No. 6.

## PRISON POPULATION.

Male .....	341	Female .....	7
			348

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*Statistical Tables.*


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*Counties where convicted.*

Bayfield .....	1	Marquette .....	3
Buffalo .....	2	Marinette .....	5
Brown .....	16	Marathon .....	4
Calumet .....	5	Monroe .....	7
Chippewa .....	13	Outagamie .....	5
Clark .....	1	Oconto .....	2
Crawford .....	4	Pierce .....	5
Columbia .....	11	Portage .....	1
Dane .....	34	Pepin .....	1
Door .....	1	Richland .....	2
Dodge .....	4	Racine .....	8
Dunn .....	5	Rock .....	20
Eau Claire .....	13	St. Croix .....	7
Fond du Lac .....	6	Shawano .....	2
Grant .....	14	Sauk .....	7
Green .....	2	Sheboygan .....	3
Green Lake .....	3	Trempealeau .....	2
Iowa .....	1	Vernon .....	4
Jackson .....	4	Walworth .....	8
Jefferson .....	9	Waukesha .....	5
Juneau .....	4	Waupaca .....	8
Kenosha .....	4	Winnebago .....	8
Lafayette .....	2	Wood .....	4
La Crosse .....	28		
Lincoln .....	1		348
Milwaukee .....	42		<u>348</u>
Manitowoc .....	8		

*Color.*

White .....	335	Half Indian .....	3
Black .....	9		
Mulatto .....	1		348
			<u>348</u>

*How often sentenced.*

First time .....	303	Fifth time .....	1
Second time .....	38	Eighth time .....	1
Third time .....	3		
Fourth time .....	2		348
			<u>348</u>

*State Prison.**Nativity.*

COUNTRY.	No. of prisoners born in the country named.	No. of prisoners whose father and mother were born in the country named.	No. of prisoners whose father only was born in the country named.	No. of prisoners whose mother only was born in the country named.
United States .....	225	97	3	14
Austria .....	1			
Atlantic Ocean .....	1			1
British America .....	20	9	5	4
Bohemia .....	5	6		
Belgium .....		1		
Denmark .....	2	2		
England .....	10	14	5	4
Finland .....	1	1		
France .....		1	3	1
Germany .....	42	65	4	
Holland .....	2	2		
Hungary .....			1	
Ireland .....	18	50	4	6
Norway .....	8	13		
Poland .....	2	2		
Scotland .....	3	5	6	1
Switzerland .....	5	4	1	
Sweden .....	1	1	1	
Wales .....	2	3		3
Unknown .....		37	3	2
Totals .....	348	312	36	36

*Nativity.*

American .. 225 | Foreign .. 123

*Ages.*

From 14 to 20 years .....	34	From 60 to 70 years .....	11
From 20 to 30 years .....	163	From 70 to 80 years .....	1
From 30 to 40 years .....	72	From 80 to 90 years .....	2
From 40 to 50 years .....	45		
From 50 to 60 years .....	20		
			<u>848</u>

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*Statistical Tables.*


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*The present prison population was received in the several years as follows:*

1862 .....	1	1874 .....	3
1863 .....	2	1875 .....	4
1865 .....	2	1876 .....	7
1866 .....	1	1877 .....	3
1867 .....	1	1878 .....	10
1868 .....	4	1879 .....	12
1869 .....	2	1880 .....	54
1870 .....	2	1881 .....	110
1871 .....	2	1882 .....	118
1872 .....	5		
1873 .....	5		348

*Crime.*

Arson .....	5	Murder third degree.....	1
Adultery.....	10	Manslaughter, first degree.....	4
Assault and robbery.....	6	Manslaughter, second degree....	7
Assault with intent to kill .....	11	Manslaughter, third degree.....	6
Assault with intent to do bodily harm .....	3	Manslaughter, fourth degree....	1
Assault with intent to ravish....	12	Obstructing-railroad track.....	3
Assault with intent to rob .....	2	Obtaining goods under false pretenses .....	3
Burglary .....	86	Perjury.....	1
Burglary and larceny.....	12	Polygamy .....	1
Bigamy .....	3	Robbery .....	6
Embezzlement .....	2	Receiving stolen goods .....	2
Forgery .....	16	Rape .....	12
Horse stealing .....	20	Sodomy .....	2
Incest .....	2	Seduction.....	1
Larceny of all grades .....	60		
Murder first and second degree..	48		348

TABLE No. 7.

## LIFE MEMBERS.

Number confined October 1, 1881..	49
Received during the year.....	1
	50
Died .....	2
Sentence commuted.....	2
Remanded for new trial .....	1
Governor's pardon.....	1
	6
Remaining in prison October 1, 1882.....	44

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*State Prison.*


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*Counties where convicted.*

Brown.....	1	Monroe.....	2
Calumet.....	2	Manitowoc.....	2
Chippewa.....	2	La Crosse.....	1
Columbia.....	2	Lincoln.....	1
Dane.....	1	Oconto.....	1
Dodge.....	2	Pierce.....	1
Fond du Lac.....	1	Rock.....	6
Green.....	1	St. Croix.....	1
Green Lake.....	2	Shawano.....	1
Grant.....	1	Walworth.....	2
Jackson.....	1	Winnebago.....	2
Jefferson.....	1		
Kenosha.....	1		44
Milwaukee.....	6		<u>==</u>

*Conjugal relations.*

Married.....	14	Widow.....	1
Single.....	18		<u>44</u>
Widowers.....	11		<u>==</u>

*Color.*

White.....	40	Half Indian.....	2
Black.....	2		<u>44</u>

*Ages.*

From 17 to 20 years.....	1	From 60 to 70 years.....	7
From 20 to 30 years.....	6	From 70 to 80 years.....	1
From 30 to 40 years.....	6	From 80 to 90 years.....	1
From 40 to 50 years.....	14		<u>44</u>
From 50 to 60 years.....	8		<u>==</u>

*Nativity.*

Indiana.....	1	Bohemia.....	1
Illinois.....	2	Canada.....	2
New York.....	3	England.....	1
New Hampshire.....	1	Germany.....	7
Ohio.....	1	Holland.....	2
Pennsylvania.....	3	Ireland.....	7
Tennessee.....	2	Nova Scotia.....	1
Wisconsin.....	7	Poland.....	1
		Switzerland.....	1
	20	Wales.....	1
	<u>==</u>		<u>24</u>
			<u>==</u>

*Total number of Life prisoners received since organization of the prison —*

Murder, first degree.....	94
Murder, second degree.....	11
Desertion.....	1
Rape.....	2
Total.....	<u>108</u>

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*Statistical Tables.*

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*Discharged on —*

Governor's pardon .....	84	
Writ of habeas corpus .....	2	
Order of Supreme Court.....	9	
Order of Secretary of war.....	1	
Removed to Hospital Insane.....	5	
Died .....	10	
Committed suicide .....	1	
Sentence commuted .....	2	
	<hr/>	64
Remaining in prison.....		<hr/> 44 <hr/>

*State Prison.*

TABLE No. 8.

SHOWING THE NUMBER DISCHARGED FROM OCTOBER 1, 1872, TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1882, ALSO THE PER CENT. OF PARDONS.

How Discharged.	October, 1872.	October, 1873.	October, 1874.	October, 1875.	October, 1876.	October, 1877.	October, 1878.	October, 1879.	October, 1880.	October, 1881.	October, 1882.
Reduction of time.....	60	65	57	86	110	118	134	150	121	109	106
Expiration of sentence .....	2	6	2	.....	8	2	.....	1	4	8	16
Governor's pardon.....	31	14	15	17	20	24	15	9	13	6	13
President's pardon .....	2	.....	3	2	2	3	4	2	.....	.....	.....
Death.....	2	1	1	2	1	2	2	1	3	6	3
Order of supreme and circuit courts .....	1	1	.....	2	.....	1	1	4	4	3	2
Order of United States Court Commissioner.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	3	2	.....
Escaped .....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2
Removed to insane asylum .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....
Suicide .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Total.....	100	87	78	109	138	152	157	167	153	134	142
Average number of popula- tion .....	200 $\frac{1}{2}$	180 $\frac{1}{2}$	203 $\frac{1}{2}$	240 $\frac{1}{2}$	261	289	337	328	304	283	336
Per cent. of pardons to aver- age population.....	15.50	7.77	7.37	7.07	8.42	8.30	5.64	3.38	4.27	2.09	3.87
Per cent. of pardons to num- ber discharged .....	32.00	16.09	19.49	13.76	15.98	15.79	12.10	6.53	8.49	4.48	9.15

*Statistical Tables.*

TABLE No. 9.

SHOWING THE WHOLE NUMBER AND VARIOUS CHARACTERISTICS AND RELATIONS OF PRISONERS RECEIVED SINCE ORGANIZATION OF THE PRISON, STATISTICS DATING BACK TO RECEPTION OF FIRST PRISONER.

*Counties where convicted.*

Adams.....	16	Marinette .....	7
Ashland .....	1	Marquette .....	17
Brown.....	86	Milwaukee .....	693
Buffalo.....	10	Monroe.....	75
Barron.....	4	Oconto.....	13
Bayfield .....	4	Outagamie.....	32
Calumet.....	15	Ozaukee.....	9
Chippewa.....	43	Pepin.....	7
Clark.....	11	Pierce.....	22
Columbia.....	116	Polk.....	7
Crawford .....	41	Portage.....	31
Dane.....	237	Racine.....	111
Dodge.....	95	Richland .....	12
Douglas.....	1	Rock.....	206
Dunn.....	37	Sauk.....	36
Door.....	5	Shawano.....	8
Eau Claire.....	51	Sheboygan.....	29
Fond du Lac.....	90	St. Croix.....	28
Grant.....	118	Taylor.....	5
Green.....	41	Trempealeau.....	20
Green Lake .....	17	Vernon.....	37
Iowa.....	27	Walworth.....	91
Jackson.....	28	Washington.....	11
Jefferson.....	95	Waukesha.....	64
Juneau.....	36	Waupaca.....	30
Kenosha.....	54	Waushara.....	18
Kewaunee.....	2	Winnebago.....	71
La Crosse.....	168	Wood.....	13
La Fayette..	32	United States courts...	25
Lincoln.....	1		
Manitowoc.....	36		3,200
Marathon.....	14		<u><u>3,200</u></u>

*Color.*

White .....	3,107	Mulatto .....	13
Black .....	68	Indian .....	13
Total.....			<u><u>3,200</u></u>

*Sex.*

Male .....	3,067	Female .....	133
Total.....			<u><u>3,200</u></u>



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*State Prison.*


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*Ages when received.*

Under 12 years.....	3	From 50 to 60 years.....	159
From 12 to 20 years.....	566	From 60 to 70 years.....	40
From 20 to 30 years.....	1,501	From 70 to 80 years.....	10
From 30 to 40 years.....	628	From 80 to 90 years.....	3
From 40 to 50 years.....	290		
Total.....			<u>3,200</u>

*Nativity.*

American —		Foreign —	
Alabama.....	3	Austria.....	1
Arkansas.....	4	Australia.....	1
Connecticut.....	22	Atlantic Ocean.....	4
Florida.....	2	Belgium.....	2
Georgia.....	4	Bohemia.....	23
Illinois.....	103	Canada.....	152
Indiana.....	36	Denmark.....	25
Iowa.....	26	England.....	103
Kentucky.....	22	France.....	14
Louisiana.....	8	Finland.....	1
Maine.....	51	Germany.....	464
Maryland.....	10	Holland.....	18
Massachusetts.....	70	Hungary.....	4
Michigan.....	39	Isle of Man.....	2
Minnesota.....	10	Ireland.....	309
Mississippi.....	8	Jamaica.....	1
Missouri.....	28	Luxemburg.....	1
New Hampshire.....	21	Mexico.....	2
New Jersey.....	21	New Foundland.....	1
New York.....	671	New Brunswick.....	4
North Carolina.....	8	Norway.....	64
Ohio.....	152	Nova Scotia.....	7
Pennsylvania.....	137	Poland.....	7
Rhode Island.....	5	Russia.....	2
South Carolina.....	4	Sandwich Islands.....	1
Tennessee.....	9	Scotland.....	26
Texas.....	2	Sweden.....	13
Vermont.....	65	Switzerland.....	20
Virginia.....	32	Wales.....	13
Wisconsin.....	347		
	<u>1,920</u>		<u>1,280</u>

*Recapitulation.*

American.....	1,920	Per cent.....	60
Foreign.....	1,280	Per cent.....	40
	<u>3,200</u>		<u>100</u>

*Statistical Tables.**How often sentenced.*

First time.....	2,890	Fifth time.....	5
Second time.....	240	Sixth time.....	4
Third time.....	46	Seventh time.....	1
Fourth time.....	13	Eighth time.....	1
			<u>3,200</u>

*Crimes.*

Offenses against lives and persons of individuals —		Larceny, incl. horse stealing	1,371
Assault with intent to kill ..	135	Obtaining money under false pretenses ..	84
Assault with intent to maim ..	14	Passing forged order.....	4
Assault with intent to do bodily harm.....	19	Passing counterfeit money..	8
Assault with intent to steal ..	35	Receiving stolen goods.....	12
Assault with intent to ravish ..	67	Robbery .....	69
Assault on officers of state prison .....	3		<u>2,422</u>
Assault and robbery.....	4	Offenses against public justice and public peace —	
Carrying concealed weapons ..	1	Aiding prisoners to escape..	6
Obstructing railroad track..	9	Desertion .....	1
Murder first degree.....	93	Illegal voting.....	3
Murder second degree.....	17	Perjury.....	8
Murder third degree .....	4	Perjury, subornation of. ....	1
Manslaughter, first degree ..	17	Prison breaking .....	30
Manslaughter, second degree ..	35	Violation of U. S. laws.....	4
Manslaughter, third degree..	52	Violation of conditions of pardon .....	1
Manslaughter, fourth degree ..	21	Vagrancy.....	1
Mayhem.....	2		<u>55</u>
Poisoning well.....	1	Offenses against chastity, morality and decency —	
Rape .....	43	Abortion .....	3
Rape, accessory before the fact .....	1	Adultery.....	42
	<u>573</u>	Bigamy .....	4
Offenses against property —		Incest .....	22
Arson .....	78	Keeping house of ill fame.....	27
Burglary .....	538	Polygamy .....	39
Burglary and larceny .....	104	Seduction .....	5
Claiming and opening letters ..	3	Sodomy .....	9
Counterfeiting .....	61		<u>150</u>
Embezzlement .....	27		
Forgery .....	110		
False pretenses.. ..	1		
Fraud .....	1		
Felony, accessory before the fact .....	1		

*Recapitulation.*

Offenses against lives and persons.....	573.	Per cent.	17.91
Offenses against property.....	2,422.	Per cent.	75.69
Offenses against public justice.....	55.	Per cent.	1.73
Offenses against chastity, morality and decency...	150.	Per cent.	4.68
	<u>3,200</u>		<u>100.00</u>

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*State Prison.*


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*Occupation.*

Auctioneer.....	1	Hostlers.....	31
Agents.....	13	Hotel keepers.....	15
Artists.....	26	House keepers.....	11
Bankers.....	2	Indian chief.....	1
Broom makers.....	2	Iron forgers.....	2
Bakers.....	3	Laborers.....	809
Barbers.....	30	Lawyers.....	5
Basketmaker.....	1	Law student.....	1
Blacksmiths.....	77	Letter carrier.....	1
Bill poster.....	1	Lecturer.....	1
Boatman.....	12	Livery stable keeper.....	1
Boilermakers.....	5	Lithographer.....	1
Bookbinders.....	4	Locksmith.....	1
Bookkeepers.....	17	Lumbermen.....	51
Boxmaker.....	1	Machinists.....	28
Brakemen.....	35	Man. of musical instruments....	1
Brewers.....	13	Mattress maker.....	1
Bricklayers.....	7	Masons.....	32
Brickmakers.....	10	Millers.....	16
Brushmakers.....	9	Milliners and dressmakers.....	18
Butchers.....	40	Millwrights.....	4
Cabinet makers.....	22	Miners.....	17
Carver.....	1	Moulders.....	17
Civil engineer.....	1	Merchants.....	2
Chairmakers.....	2	Newsboys.....	5
Carpenters.....	71	No occupation.....	37
Cigar makers.....	91	Painters.....	77
Clergyman.....	5	Paper folder.....	1
Clerks.....	66	Papermaker.....	1
Clothiers.....	2	Peddlers.....	10
Cowboy.....	1	Puddlers.....	1
Currier.....	1	Physicians.....	23
Confectioners.....	2	Photographers.....	6
Cooks.....	53	Plasterers.....	4
Coopers.....	27	Pottery maker.....	1
Coppersmith.....	1	Printers.....	22
Dentists.....	2	Produce dealers.....	3
Detective.....	1	Paper hanger.....	1
Distillers.....	2	Raftsmen.....	11
Draughtsmen.....	1	Railroad contractor.....	1
Druggists.....	4	Railroad overseer.....	1
Editors and publishers.....	3	Real estate dealers.....	2
Engineers.....	26	Revenue officers.....	2
Engraver.....	1	Reporter.....	1
Farmers and farm laborers.....	718	River pilot.....	1
Finishers.....	6	Sailors.....	123
Firemen.....	19	Sailmakers.....	2
Fishermen.....	7	Saloon keepers.....	21
Fiddler.....	1	Sash and blind maker.....	1
Gardener.....	1	Sawyers.....	6
Gas and steam fitters.....	9	Servants and waiters.....	53
Glassblowers.....	4	Shingle makers.....	3
Glove maker.....	1	Ship carpenters.....	7
Gunsmith.....	2	Shoemakers.....	14
Harnessmaker.....	27	Showmen.....	8
Horse farrier.....	3	Silk manufacturer.....	1
Horse dealer.....	1	Silver smiths.....	3

*Statistical Tables.**Occupation — continued.*

Slaters.....	3	Trap-er .....	1
Soap maker.....	1	Trunkmaker.....	1
Soldiers.....	11	Tinsmiths .....	7
Stave jointer.....	1	Toolmaker.....	1
Stone cutters.....	26	Turners .....	1
Store keepers.....	5	Upholsterers.....	2
Tanners.....	5	Wagonmakers .....	10
Tailors.....	19	Washerwomen .....	2
Tobacconist.....	1	Watchmakers and jewelers .....	16
Teachers.....	9	Weavers .....	2
Teamsters .....	59	Well digger .....	1
Telegraph operators.....	5		

*Sentences.*

During life.....	108	2 years and 2 months.....	1
25 years .....	2	2 years and 1 month.....	1
20 years .....	5	2 years and 10 days.....	1
15 years .....	5	2 years and 5 days.....	3
14 years .....	6	2 years and 3 days.....	2
13 years .....	4	2 years and 1 day .....	4
12 years .....	16	2 years .....	717
11 years .....	3	1 year and 11 months.....	1
10 years and 6 months.....	1	1 year, 10 months and 10 days...	1
10 years .....	48	1 year, 10 months and 5 days...	1
9 years and 6 months.....	1	1 year and 10 months.....	2
9 years .....	5	1 year and 9 months.....	3
8 years and 2 months.....	2	1 year and 8 months.....	5
8 years .....	18	1 year, 7 months and 15 days....	1
7 years and 5 days.....	1	1 year, 6 months and 5 days....	1
7 years .....	41	1 year and 6 months.....	129
6 years and 6 months.....	1	1 year and 5 months.....	3
6 years .....	26	1 year and 4 months.....	24
5 years and 6 months.....	1	1 year and 2 months.....	5
5 years .....	150	1 year, 1 month and 7 days....	1
4 years and 10 months.....	1	1 year and 1 month.....	5
4 years and 8 months.....	1	1 year and 10 days.....	7
4 years and 6 months.....	8	1 year and 3 days.....	2
4 years and 3 months.....	1	1 year and 1 day .....	9
4 years .....	132	1 year .....	985
3 years and 6 months.....	18	10 months .....	12
3 years and 4 months.....	3	9 months .....	49
3 years and 1 day .....	1	8 months and 10 days.....	1
3 years .....	288	8 months .....	32
2 years and 11 months.....	1	7 months .....	4
2 years and 9 months.....	4	6 months and 3 days.....	2
2 years and 8 months.....	4	6 months and 1 day .....	2
2 years, 6 months and 10 days...	1	6 months .....	188
2 years and 6 months.....	65	5 months .....	1
2 years and 4 months.....	8	3 months .....	1
2 years and 3 months.....	12		

*State Prison.*

TABLE No. 10.

TABLE SHOWING PRISON POPULATION, ALSO NUMBER OF FEMALE PRISONERS AND LIFE MEMBERS AT THE CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR SINCE THE ORGANIZATION OF THE PRISON, ALSO NUMBER PARDONED, DIED, COMMITTED SUICIDE AND ESCAPED DURING THE SAME YEAR.

DATE.	Prison population.	Females.	Life prisoners.	Pardoned.	Died.	Suicide.	Escaped.
April 1, 1852.....	15						
December 31, 1852.....	23	2					1
December 31, 1853.....	61	5			1		
December 31, 1854.....	71	5		13			
December 31, 1855.....	72	4	8	14	1		
December 31, 1856.....	108		12	13	1	1	
December 31, 1857.....	160						
December 31, 1858.....	202			16	1		
December 31, 1859.....	182			29	2		
September 30, 1860.....	170	12		25	1		1
September 30, 1861.....	137	12		26			
September 30, 1862.....	116	4	16	5			
September 30, 1863.....	131	8	20	14			2
September 30, 1864.....	120	14	22	9	1		2
September 30, 1865.....	97	6	24	15	2		2
September 30, 1866.....	169	16	27	18	1	1	
September 30, 1867.....	206	15	30	16			
September 30, 1868.....	184	8	33	11	1		
September 30, 1869.....	180	3	31	13	1		
September 30, 1870.....	185	2	35	5			
September 30, 1871.....	191	2	35	12	1	1	
September 30, 1872.....	187	7	36	13	2		2
September 30, 1873.....	180	5	36	14	1		
September 30, 1874.....	230	7	40	18	1		
September 30, 1875.....	248	12	37	19	2		
September 30, 1876.....	266	13	40	22	1	1	
September 30, 1877.....	290	10	42	27	2	2	
September 30, 1878.....	346	6	45	19	2		1
September 30, 1879.....	309	7	48	11	1		
September 30, 1880.....	277	7	47	13	3	1	
September 30, 1881.....	305	7	49	6	6		
September 30, 1882.....	348	7	44	18	3		2
Total .....				424	38	7	13

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*Current Expense Fund — Moneys Received.*


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## FINANCIAL EXHIBITS.

## STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSE FUND.

1881.			
Oct. 1	To balance over draft .....	\$5,353 16	.....
1882.			
Feb. 2	By deficiency appropriation, chapter 4, Laws 1882 .....		\$10,000 00
Mar. 2	By general appropriation, chapter 33, Laws 1882 .....		15,000 00
Sep. 30	By steward — convict labor for the year ..		31,129 30
Sep. 30	By steward — visitors' contributions .....		193 50
Sep. 30	By steward — sundries .....		2,888 73
June 1	To transfer to Board of Supervision fund.	971 80	.....
	To paid on account current expenses this year .....	46,007 54	.....
	To paid on account current expenses last year .....	853 66	.....
	To balance appropriation in state treasury .....	\$2,228 59	.....
	To balance in hands of trea- surer of the prison .....	3,654 69	.....
	To balance in hands of steward of the prison .....	142 09	.....
		6,025 37	.....
		<u>\$59,211 53</u>	<u>\$59,211 53</u>
Oct. 1	By balance available .....		\$6,025 87

STATEMENT OF MONEYS RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR ENDING  
SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

Accounts receivable .....	\$578 71
Bills receivable .....	1,162 16
Barn, farm and yard .....	26 00
Board .....	205 64
Convict labor .....	81,129 30
Clothing .....	210 20
Fuel .....	237 06
Interest .....	49 81
Laundry .....	33
Miscellaneous .....	8 66
Machinery and tools .....	114 78
Repairs and renewals .....	17 18
Old stock and materials .....	193 14
Scraps .....	85 07
Visitors .....	193 50
	<u>34,211 53</u>

## State Prison.

STATEMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSES AT THE WISCONSIN STATE PRISON FOR THE FISCAL YEAR  
ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1892.

CLASSIFIED ITEMS.	Inventory Septem- ber 30, 1891.	Purchased during the year.	Transferred to this account during the year.	Total.	Inventory Septem- ber 30, 1892.	Cash received on this account during the year.	Transferred from this account during the year.	Total.	Gained.	Expended.
Amusement and instruction.....	\$1,087 81	127 04		\$1,814 85	\$1,689 25			\$1,689 25		\$125 60
Armory.....	529 00	19 75		548 75	538 10			538 10		10 75
Accounts receivable.....	1,577 91			1,577 91	901 20	\$143 15	\$385 56	1,689 91	53 00	
Bills receivable.....	3,918 21			4,076 71	2,559 55	1,217 16		4,076 71		
Barn, farm and yard.....	2,056 45	860 54	\$78 50	2,935 49	2,345 21	36 00	939 25	3,310 45	227 99	
Clothing.....	2,871 36	3,194 61	14 81	6,078 78	2,564 30	235 01		2,789 31		3,289 47
Convicts discharged.....		990 44		990 44						990 44
Convicts escaped.....		439 44		439 44						439 44
Discount.....		452 00		452 00			23 57	23 57	28 57	
Drug and medical department.....	196 23			648 25	309 53			309 53		488 73
Engine and boilers.....	14,196 00	241 17		14,437 17	14,176 00			14,176 50		260 67
Freight.....		121 35		121 35						121 35
Fuel.....	3,178 07	4,600 81	3 5	7,782 88	2,171 96	240 56		2,415 52		5,366 86
Gas and other lights.....	169 75	510 58	49 35	759 68	214 58			214 58		545 10
House furnishing.....	8,082 55	667 88	34 10	8,774 53	8,156 56		91 30	8,247 86		5 67
Interest.....		178 74		178 74						183 93
Land.....	150 94	231 77	7 85	433 56	290 00	40 81		49 81		183 24
Land in Sioux Falls.....										30 79
Machinery and tools.....	640 00	20 79		621 79	600 00			600 00		20 79
Miscellaneous.....	8,173 50	143 88	6 00	8,290 32	2,915 75	119 78		3,035 53		294 79
Officers' expenses.....		21 83	5 00	324 43	178 00	8 66		186 66		135 77
Old stock and materials.....				31 83						31 83
Printing, postage, stationery and telegraph.....	1,352 50	382 55	45 00	1,997 50	1,080 80	288 14	23 10	1,343 04		55 46
	55 71			418 26	53 96			53 96		359 28

*Current Expenses.*

[illegible]



*State Prison.*

**PRODUCTS FROM FARM AND GARDEN FOR THE YEAR ENDING  
SEPTEMBER 30, 1892.**

VEGETABLES.		
<i>Used in kitchen and on hand.</i>		
2 bushels beets.....	@ \$0 50	\$1 00
4 bushels beets.....	40	1 60
12 bushels beets.....	25	3 00
1½ bushels carrots.....	50	75
1½ bushels carrots.....	40	60
8 bushels carrots.....	25	2 00
382 head cabbage.....	6	22 92
23 bushels corn.....	25	5 75
158½ bushels onions.....	50	79 25
2½ bushels onions.....	40	1 00
1½ bushels potatoes.....	75	1 13
57 bushels potatoes.....	50	28 50
76½ bushels potatoes.....	40	30 60
762 bushels potatoes.....	25	190 50
26 bushels peas.....	50	13 00
5½ bushels squash.....	25	1 38
5 bushels turnips.....	50	2 50
3 bushels turnips.....	40	1 20
89 bushels turnips.....	25	9 75
		\$396 43
<i>On farm.</i>		
75 bushels beets.....	25	\$18 75
30 bushels carrots.....	30	9 00
627 heads cabbage.....	6	37 62
1½ load pumpkins.....	2 50	3 75
6 bushels popcorn.....	75	4 50
262 bushels potatoes.....	25	65 50
42 bushels rutabagas.....	25	10 50
60 head squash.....	10	6 00
7 bushels turnips.....	25	1 75
		157 37
<i>Forage.</i>		
200 bushels corn.....	50	\$100 00
cornstalks.....		10 00
		110 00
9,047 pounds pork.....	6	\$542 82
		542 82
		\$1,206 62

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

## DETAILED LIST OF EXPENDITURES.

ARMORY.			
Extra parts, guns.....		4 00	
Gun stocks.....	2	12 00	
Repairing pistol.....		75	
Straightening barrels.....		8 00	
			19 75
BARN, FARM AND YARD.			
Balance on cow trade.....		5 00	
Bridle.....	1	3 00	
Calves.....	2	8 00	
Feed, bran.....	725 pounds.	7 25	
corn.....	231 $\frac{1}{2}$ bushels.	189 07	
corn meal.....	120 pounds.	1 90	
feed.....	21,092 pounds.	229 67	
hay.....	28 $\frac{2}{3}$ tons.	191 63	
oats.....	369 $\frac{3}{4}$ bushels.	169 82	
pasturing cows.....	4	13 00	
shorts.....	100 pounds.	1 50	
Horse nails.....	7 pounds.	1 75	
Hand axe.....	1	1 00	
Halter.....	1	1 00	
Land plaster.....		25	
Ointment.....	1 bottle.	25	
Plants, cabbage.....	200	1 00	
Paris green.....	11 pounds.	4 40	
Peas.....	4 quarts.	1 20	
Repairs to harness.....		13 25	
Repairs to wagons, etc.....		89 75	
Seeds and plants.....		18 55	
Shovels.....	3	3 20	
Scythe stones.....	2	20	
Spavin cure.....	2 bottles.	1 50	
Spade.....	1	1 25	
Use of bull.....		2 00	
Whetstone.....	1	15	
			860 54
CLOTHING.			
Awls.....	6	10	
Buttons.....	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ gross.	20 56	
Binding.....	10 yards.	50	
Benzine.....	6 gallons.	2 40	
Buckles.....	4 gross.	1 40	
Boots.....	3 pairs.	7 00	
Cotton flannel.....	1,822 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	273 14	
Cassimere.....	27 yards.	18 35	
Collars.....	13 boxes.	1 71	
Cartage, boxes, etc.....		1 00	

*State Prison.*

CLOTHING—continued.			
Crayon.....		\$0 25	
Cotton batting.....	5 pounds.	90	
Cotton, bleached.....	55 yards.	5 77	
Cloth.....	3 yards.	1 25	
Canvas.....	1 yard.	10	
Denims.....	739 yards.	106 38	
Elastic.....	8 yards.	32	
Flannel.....	8 yards.	2 00	
Freights.....		6 79	
Gingham.....	46 yards.	5 17	
Hamilton stripe.....	1,102 yards.	184 28	
Hats.....	80	18 45	
Hood.....	1	65	
Hair pins.....		16	
Hose.....	2 pairs.	50	
Indelible ink.....	2 quarts.	8 00	
Ink for blacking shoes.....	1 bottle.	10	
Jackets, P.....	2	6 50	
Kentucky jeans.....	8 yards.	1 44	
Knitting needles.....		15	
Knitting cotton.....	12 pounds.	7 22	
Laces.....	48 dozen.	2 25	
Mittens.....	12 pairs.	11 70	
Needles.....	31 papers.	2 43	
Nails (for shoes).....	20 pounds.	3 50	
Overcoats.....	16	57 50	
Prison cloth.....	1,322 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards.	1,332 53	
Prints.....	206 $\frac{1}{4}$ yards.	24 34	
Pins.....		45	
Pegs.....		10	
Ribbon.....	4 yards.	95	
Suits (going out).....	38	208 45	
Suspenders.....	126 pairs.	25 15	
Sheeting.....	1,599 yards.	137 46	
Shirting.....	1,222 yards.	156 56	
Stencil figures.....	1 set.	85	
Shoes.....	183 pairs.	252 15	
Shirts and drawers.....	1 dozen.	4 50	
Socks.....	61 dozen.	76 25	
Sole leather.....	290 pounds.	63 73	
Shoe pegs.....	2 quarts.	30	
Silesia.....	10 yards.	1 40	
Skirts.....	4	4 15	
Ticking.....	865 yards.	132 82	
Thread, cotton.....	88 dozen.	48 40	
Thread, linen.....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	1 30	
Thread, shoe.....	1 pound.	70	
Thread, linen.....	15 $\frac{5}{8}$ pounds.	1 30	
Thimbles.....	9	40	
Undershirts.....	36	12 00	
Yarn.....	6 pounds.	5 10	
Yarn, cotton.....	2 pounds.	1 25	
CONVICTS DISCHARGED.....		\$990 44	
CONVICTS ESCAPED.....		\$429 44	
			\$8,192 61
			\$990 44
			\$429 44

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

DRUG AND MEDICAL DEPARTMENT			
Drugs and medicines .....		\$407 00	
Vaccine points .....	270	20 00	
Consulting physician .....		25 00	
			\$452 00
ENGINE AND BOILERS.			
Boiler compound .....	2,036 pounds.	\$137 23	
Castings .....	1,078 pounds.	48 50	
Freights .....		7 29	
Oil, engine and machine .....	84½ gallons.	39 65	
Oil, cylinder .....	10 gallons.	8 00	
Oxalic acid .....	3 pounds.	50	
			241 17
FREIGHT AND EXPRESS, sundries..		\$121 35	121 35
FUEL.			
Coal .....	417 <sup>130</sup> / <sub>100</sub> tons.	\$1,969 70	
Wood, oak .....	248 <sup>24</sup> / <sub>100</sub> cords.	922 04	
Wood, bass .....	642 <sup>11</sup> / <sub>100</sub> cords.	1,604 63	
Wood, maple .....	22 <sup>48</sup> / <sub>100</sub> cords.	104 44	
			4,600 81
HOUSE FURNISHING.			
Brushes, hair .....	8	\$5 05	
Brushes, scrub .....	4 dozen.	7 65	
Brushes, shoe .....	1 dozen.	2 82	
Brushes, whitewash .....	¾ dozen.	24 40	
Brush, counter .....	1	75	
Brooms .....	9 dozen.	25 05	
Baskets .....	4	80	
Basins .....	350	45 00	
Blankets .....	30 pairs.	235 00	
Blacking .....	2 dozen.	1 60	
B. B. powder .....	5 pounds.	7 50	
Brooms, whisk .....	1 dozen.	1 25	
Boilers .....	2	7 25	
Bath brick .....	2	20	
Bowls .....	10	55	
Cartage, boxing, etc. ....		75	
Cups, pint .....	4 dozen.	6 00	
Cups, quart .....	4 dozen.	10 20	
Cups .....	3 dozen.	3 12	
Combs .....	12 dozen.	8 86	
Coffee cans .....	2	6 00	
Castings for stove .....	42 pounds.	5 25	
Cake turners .....	1	20	
Cake stands .....	2	1 30	
Cambric .....	3 yards.	54	
Coset paper .....	1 case.	12 83	
Cuspidores .....	3	1 15	
Carpet stretcher .....	1	50	
Cullender .....	1	40	
Dust pan .....	1	75	
Dish pan .....	1	50	
Dripping pans .....	2	5 50	
Dish, covered .....	1	1 75	

*State Prison.*

HOUSE FURNISHING — continued.			
Dishes, butter.....	2 dozen.	\$1 00	
Duster, feather.....	1	1 60	
Elbows.....		80	
Faucets.....	3	3 90	
Freights.....		5 65	
Goblets.....	2 dozen.	2 20	
Goggles.....	2	50	
Gimp.....	19½ yards.	1 35	
Gum camphor.....		35	
Knives and forks.....	6 dozen.	9 70	
Lock.....	1	35	
Muslin.....	3½ yards.	44	
Molasses gate.....	1	50	
Mail bag.....	1	2 50	
Mosquito netting.....	1 yard.	03	
Oil cloth.....	18 yards.	18 05	
Ornaments.....	3	25	
Olive oil.....	2 pounds.	55	
Plates.....	4 dozen.	2 75	
Pails.....	4¾ dozen.	12 61	
Pitchers.....	3	2 85	
Pitchers, cream.....	2	30	
Platter.....	1	1 75	
Picture cord.....	4 yards.	20	
Prints.....	2½ yards.	31	
Patties.....	1 dozen.	15	
Repairing sundries.....		32 49	
Rods.....		2 30	
Rubbers for jars.....	3 dozen.	60	
Soap, barber's.....	3 bars.	1 00	
Soap, barber's.....	3 boxes.	9 50	
Soap, castile.....	1 pound.	25	
Soap, toilet.....	10 dozen.	7 05	
Spoons.....	2 dozen.	1 58	
Spoone, tea.....	1 dozen.	10	
Stove pipe.....	9 lengths.	8 65	
Section on strainer.....		1 75	
Solder.....	5½ pounds.	1 15	
Scoop.....	1	75	
Sash cord.....	2 pounds.	60	
Sponges.....	7	1 95	
Straps for barber.....	6	2 00	
Spectacles.....	1 dozen.	1 25	
Straw.....	1 stack.	15 00	
Twine.....	1 ball.	20	
Toweling.....	425 yards.	49 00	
Tank, galvanized iron.....	1	11 00	
Tacks.....	6 papers.	60	
Tea pots.....	2	90	
Union Fairbank scales.....	1	10 50	
Wire, brass.....		05	
Wash tub.....	1	85	
Wash dishes.....	42	7 20	
Zinc.....	10 pounds.	1 30	
		\$669 73	
Less 1 dozen pails.....		1 85	
		\$667 88	

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

<b>INTEREST AND EXCHANGE.</b>			
Interest .....		168 89	.....
Exchange .....		9 65	.....
Money Orders .....		20	.....
			178 74
<b>LAUNDRY.</b>			
Blueing .....	20 boxes.	1 07	.....
Baskets .....	2	70	.....
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....		75	.....
Clothes pins .....	1 box.	95	.....
Freights .....		5 69	.....
Grease .....	523 pounds.	30 63	.....
Rosin .....	20 pounds.	1 00	.....
Red oil .....	10 gallons.	8 75	.....
Soap .....	1,200 pounds.	94 95	.....
Soap plant .....	4 boxes.	12 00	.....
Soda, caustic .....	1,296 pounds.	63 20	.....
Soda, ash .....	100 pounds.	3 25	.....
Soda sal .....	7 pounds.	28	.....
Starch .....	40 pounds.	3 30	.....
Wringer rollers .....	15	8 25	.....
			234 77
<b>LAND IN SIOUX FALLS.</b>			
Taxes .....		20 79	.....
			20 79
<b>LIGHTS.</b>			
Burners .....	7 dozen.	11 40	.....
Cartage, boxes, etc. ....		5 20	.....
Chimneys .....	118 $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen.	75 80	.....
Candles for lanterns .....	1 dozen.	85	.....
Candlewick .....		8	.....
Freight .....		54 88	.....
Lamp lighter .....	1	35	.....
Lamp shades .....	2	50	.....
Lamps .....	4	8 00	.....
Matches .....	3 cases.	18 75	.....
Oil, H. L. ....	3,070 $\frac{1}{8}$ gallons.	862 57	.....
Oil, Sperm .....	1 $\frac{1}{8}$ gallons.	2 60	.....
Repairing lanterns .....		10	.....
			540 58
<b>MACHINERY AND TOOLS.</b>			
Awls .....	1 dozen.	12	.....
Belt Punches .....	2	40	.....
Belting .....	25 feet.	9 98	.....
Die stock .....	1	4 75	.....
Files .....	6	90	.....
Freight .....		71	.....
Knife Sharpener .....	1	15	.....
Pulleys .....	3	45	.....
			17 46
<b>MEANS OF INSTRUCTION.</b>			
Arithmetics .....	18	11 70	.....
Blanks for library .....	500	8 00	.....

*State Prison.*

MEANS OF INSTRUCTION — continued.			
Freights .....		\$3 62	
Hymn Books .....	4 dozen.	2 60	
Lecture .....	1	10 00	
Manilla paper .....	100 pounds.	9 00	
Newspapers .....		67 78	
National Fourth Readers .....	1 dozen.	12 60	
Passbooks .....	1 dozen.	1 20	
Slate pencils .....	3 boxes.	95	
Slates .....	3 dozen.	2 34	
Tickets, school .....	300	2 25	
			\$127 04
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Check book .....		\$1 00	
Coffin .....	1	13 00	
Dial for watch clocks .....		1 80	
Ice .....	34½ cords.	42 81	
Ice .....	34 loads.	8 50	
Indigo for sewer .....	1 pound.	1 10	
Notary public fees .....		2 00	
Pictures .....		2 15	
Pad-locks .....	15	3 75	
Sawdust .....	815 baskets.	28 52	
Sawdust .....	1 load.	4 00	
Strips for watch clock .....		30	
Telephone, rent of .....		35 00	
			143 93
OFFICERS' EXPENSES.			
Clerk to Madison .....		\$10 35	
Collecting notes .....		11 48	
			21 83
PRINTING, POSTAGE, STATIONERY AND TELEGRAPH.			
Advertising .....		\$8 45	
Blank books .....		21 90	
Circulars .....	100	1 50	
Card board .....	2 sheets.	25	
Ink bottles .....	6 dozen.	2 40	
Mucilage .....	1 bottle.	15	
Printing daily reports .....		16 75	
Printing time reports .....	2,000	3 50	
Printing privilege cards .....	2,000	8 00	
Printing prison rules .....	500	6 00	
Postage stamps, 1c. ....	500	5 00	
Postage stamps, 3c. ....	7,100	213 00	
Postage stamps, 6c. ....	200	12 00	
Postal cards .....	1,175	11 75	
Postage .....		4 50	
Wrappers, 1c .....	75	84	
Postoffice box rent .....		2 00	
Receipt books .....	12	5 00	
Tags .....	25	15	
Telegraph .....		39 41	
			362 55

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

REPAIRS AND RENEWALS.			
Borax.....	3	pounds	\$0 45
Bolts.....	58		1 18
Brads.....	4	papers.	40
Border.....	22	yards.	1 98
Butts.....	4	pair.	80
Cook bit.....	1		30
Coal, blacksmith.....	1,020	pounds.	5 10
Cretone.....	9	yards.	1 94
Castings.....	1,846	pounds.	60 57
Cartage, boxes, etc.....			1 00
Coil piping.....	785	pounds.	9 81
Couplings.....	23		10 29
Conductors.....	24½	feet.	4 90
Chrome green.....			25
Dampers.....	4		60
Elbows.....	3		60
Freight.....			7 59
Files.....	9		1 80
Glass.....	2	boxes.	8 50
Glass.....	35	lights.	9 87
Glue.....	20	pounds.	5 20
Hinges.....	2	pairs.	50
Hose.....	100	feet.	16 00
Iron-sheet for sink.....			2 75
Iron.....	265	pounds.	14 96
Knobs.....	1	pair.	50
Lumber.....	3,120	feet.	68 75
Lime.....	83	bushels.	30 60
Lead pipe.....	4	pounds.	80
Litharge.....	1	pound.	20
Lamp black.....	1	pound.	40
Lace leather.....	9	feet.	2 97
Nails.....	192	pounds.	9 26
Nails, cleat.....	2	pounds.	25
Oil, neat's foot.....	2	quarts.	50
Orange mineral.....	6	pounds.	75
Putty.....	64	pounds.	2 73
Plastering hair.....	8	pounds.	40
Prussian blue.....	3	pounds.	1 60
Pipe.....	87½	feet.	6 47
Posts.....	35		4 20
Painting signs.....			3 00
Plaster Paris.....	2	barrels.	5 00
Rivets.....	3½	pounds.	1 60
Rope.....	6½	pounds.	1 10
Repairing sundries.....			14 10
Roofing pitch.....	6	barrels.	21 75
Recutting files.....	10½	dozen.	14 07
Screws.....	17¼	gross.	9 13
Spikes.....	43	pounds.	2 02
Sand paper.....	10¾	quires.	3 51
Shellac.....	1	pound.	1 25
Sand.....	82	bushels.	7 45
Steel.....	6	pounds.	1 20
Staples.....	½	pound.	05
Shingles.....	1½	squares.	3 47
Soap stone packing.....	14½	pounds.	4 56



*State Prison.*

REPAIRS AND RENEWALS — CON.			
Sole leather for pump.....		75	
Strap hinges.....		43	
Shutter green.....	2 pounds.	50	
Turpentine.....	9 gallons.	7 00	
Tacks.....	2¼ dozen.	2 55	
Tees.....	6	57	
Twine.....	2¼ pounds.	67	
Twine.....	2 balls.	50	
Valves, check.....	1	2 45	
Venetian red.....	2 pounds.	10	
Whiting.....	63 pounds.	4 36	
White lead.....	125 pounds.	10 00	
Wire.....	12 pounds.	1 90	
Water Lime.....	7 barrels.	12 25	
Wall paper.....	16 rolls.	2 83	
Work on sink.....		1 25	
			\$439 00
SUBSISTENCE.			
Apples.....	24½ bushels.	13 15	
Apples.....	8 barrels.	35 50	
Apples, dried.....	2,400 pounds.	182 65	
Asparagus.....	201 bunch's.	10 05	
Butter.....	8,263 pounds.	1,706 14	
Beef, fresh.....	67,752 pounds.	3,879 11	
Beef, corned.....	3,971 pounds.	320 66	
Beef, dried.....	226¼ pounds.	36 30	
Beef, salt.....	2 barrels.	31 00	
Bacon.....	9,175 pounds.	1,154 30	
Baking powder.....	85 pounds.	21 60	
Berries.....	246 quarts.	25 52	
Brawn.....	1,350 pounds.	175 87	
Beans.....	10,227 pounds.	345 95	
Blackberries, dried.....	70 pounds.	10 80	
Cartage, boxes, etc.....		15 42	
Coffee.....	775 pounds.	121 30	
Coffee, Rio.....	2,144 pounds.	271 14	
Coffee, Cordova.....	160 pounds.	33 60	
Corn starch.....	92 pounds.	7 83	
Canned vegetables.....	22 dozen.	33 72	
Canned fruits.....	14 dozen.	28 98	
Cherries.....	1 bushel.	2 00	
Chocolate.....	23 pounds.	5 58	
Codfish, pickled.....	5 h'f bbls.	20 75	
Codfish, salt.....	1,495 pounds.	57 95	
Chickens.....	353 pounds.	39 05	
Currants, dried.....	52 pounds.	8 49	
Cinnamon.....	20¼ pounds.	8 74	
Cheese.....	225 pounds.	34 71	
Corn meal.....	3,305 pounds.	66 10	
Cocoanut.....	40 pounds.	9 20	
Crackers.....	568 pounds.	42 00	
Cranberries.....	6 bushels.	18 75	
Citron.....	1 pound.	35	
Cracked wheat.....	4 cases.	9 35	
Cream tartar.....	11 pounds.	5 05	
Cabbage.....	30 heads.	2 50	

*Detailed List of Expenditures.*

SUBSISTENCE — continued.			
Carrots.....	10 bushels	\$4 00	
Cloves.....	1 box.	20	
Eggs.....	2,354 $\frac{3}{4}$ dozen.	359 18	
Extract lemon.....	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ quarts.	4 39	
Extract vanilla.....	1 $\frac{1}{8}$ quarts.	4 38	
Freight.....		161 67	
Fish, fresh.....	200 pounds.	14 60	
Flour.....	812 $\frac{3}{8}$ barrels.	5,175 40	
Flour, buckwheat.....	4 sacks.	8 10	
Flour, graham.....	110 pounds.	3 55	
Gelatine.....	3 packag.	60	
Ginger.....	16 $\frac{1}{2}$ pounds.	3 45	
Grits.....	110 pounds.	4 35	
Hops.....	2 pounds.	70	
Hominy.....	15 barrels.	76 75	
Hominy.....	845 pounds.	14 23	
Honey.....	45 $\frac{3}{4}$ pounds.	8 13	
Lemons.....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ box.	3 25	
Lemons.....	22 $\frac{3}{4}$ dozen.	8 99	
Lamb.....	18 pounds.	2 25	
Lard.....	243 pounds.	86 78	
Mustard.....	15 $\frac{1}{4}$ pounds.	5 10	
Mackerel.....	100 pounds.	8 80	
Mutton.....	3,551 pounds.	222 73	
Macaroni.....	10 pounds.	1 00	
Milk.....	8 quarts.	40	
Nutmegs.....	1 $\frac{1}{2}$ pounds.	1 70	
Oat meal.....	60 pounds.	2 85	
Oysters.....	12 gallons.	17 50	
Pepper.....	241 pounds.	49 06	
Pork.....	18 barrels.	383 50	
Pork.....	626 pounds.	69 85	
Potatoes.....	395 $\frac{1}{2}$ bushels	863 38	
Pruners.....	110 pounds.	9 01	
Potatoes, sweet.....	62 pounds.	3 10	
Peas, split.....	439 pounds.	18 61	
Peas, green.....	25 $\frac{1}{2}$ bushels	28 02	
Peaches, dried.....	10 pounds	1 05	
Pie plant.....	124 bunch's	6 20	
Raspberries, dried.....	10 pounds.	3 75	
Rice.....	1,489 pounds.	105 00	
Raisins.....	59 pounds.	7 49	
Sugar, granulated.....	3,525 pounds.	352 16	
Sugar, "C.".....	1,816 pounds.	117 37	
Sugar, maple.....	20 pounds.	3 00	
Sugar, cut loaf and powdered.....	4 pounds.	50	
Syrup.....	1,243 gallons.	573 51	
Strawberries.....	71 quarts.	8 87	
Soda.....	11 $\frac{1}{2}$ pounds.	91	
Saleratus.....	10 pounds.	78	
Savory.....	3 packag.	15	
Salt.....	31 barrels.	50 40	
Salt.....	3 sacks.	53	
Salt peter.....	2 pounds.	50	
Sausage.....	2,416 $\frac{1}{2}$ pounds.	192 56	
Squash.....	12	1 00	
Spinach.....		30	

*State Prison.*

SUBSISTENCE — continued.			
Tea.....	981 pounds.	\$256 15	.....
Turkey.....	175½ pounds.	17 98	.....
Turnips.....	42 bushels.	12 75	.....
Tapioca.....	22 pounds.	1 79	.....
Thyme.....	2 pack's.	10	.....
Veal.....	257 pounds.	25 70	.....
Vinegar.....	284 gallons.	38 56	.....
Vermicelli.....	12 pounds.	1 20	.....
Yeast cakes.....	31½ dozen.	24 71	.....
		\$17,669 63	.....
Less accounts receivable—Ship-			
man Bros.' bill.....		150 00	.....
			\$17,519 63
TOBACCO.			
Freights.....		\$6 26	.....
Leaf tobacco.....	1,155 pounds.	96 71	.....
Licorice root.....	50 pounds.	15 25	.....
Snuff.....	13 pounds.	8 20	.....
			126 42
WAGES AND SALARIES.....		\$14,721 29	14,721 29
			\$46,030 11
Less discounts.....			22 57
Total on account of current			
expense this year.....			\$46,007 54

*Roster of Officers and Employees.*

## ROSTER OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.

SEPTEMBER 30, 1882.

NAME.	SERVICE.	SALARY.
George W. Carter ....	Warden and steward .....	Per year.... \$2,000
Jacob Fuss .....	Assistant steward.....	Per year.... 1,000
D. W. Moore .....	Physician .....	Per year.... 400
Rev. Victor Kutchin..	Protestant chaplain.....	Per year.... 800
Rev. Joseph Smith....	Catholic chaplain.....	Per year.... 200
Henry Brooks .....	Turnkey .....	Per month.. 60
J. C. Reynolds... ..	Keeper.....	Per month.. 45
A. H. Darrow.....	Keeper.....	Per month.. 45
J. McEwan.....	Keeper.....	Per month.. 45
M. B. Tucker .....	Keeper.....	Per month.. 45
W. T. Whiting.....	Keeper.....	Per month.. 45
H. B. Kenniston .....	Keeper.....	Per month.. 45
G. J. Heideman.....	Keeper.....	Per month.. 45
E. Ensign .....	Overseer prisoners' kitchen ..	Per month.. 45
W. H. Parsons.....	Night guard, cell room .....	Per month.. 45
T. Colvin.....	Night guard, cell room .....	Per month.. 45
W. H. Ferris .....	Night guard, shops.....	Per month.. 45
B. Peterson .....	Night guard, office.....	Per month.. 45
J. Irving .....	Day guard in office .....	Per month.. 30
L. H. Parker .....	Day guard in office .....	Per month.. 30
L. Rowells .....	Wall guard.....	Per month.. 30
George Wilcox .....	Wall guard.....	Per month.. 30
J. C. Connors.....	Wall guard.....	Per month.. 30
D. C. Reynolds .....	Wall guard.. ..	Per month.. 30
J. H. Heath .....	Keeper front gate.....	Per month.. 30
Mrs. J. C. Reynolds...	Matron female prison .....	Per month.. 30
Mrs. E. Ensign .....	Overseer officers' kitchen ....	Per month.. 20



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# APPENDIX.

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## LAW ESTABLISHING THE BOARD OF SUPERVISION.

### CHAPTER 298, LAWS OF 1881, AS AMENDED BY CHAPTER 15, LAWS OF 1882.

AN ACT relating to the charitable, reformatory and penal institutions of Wisconsin, and to provide for the more efficient supervision and management thereof, and to repeal certain provisions of law relating thereto.

*The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:*

Section 1. The board of trustees of the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, the board of trustees of the Northern Hospital for the Insane, the board of directors of the Wisconsin State Prison, the board of managers of the Wisconsin Industrial School for Boys, the board of trustees of the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Blind, and the board of trustees of the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb, as now constituted and appointed, are hereby abolished, and said boards shall go out of office and cease to discharge their respective duties sixty days after the passage and publication of this act.

Section 2. The governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint five persons, citizens of Wisconsin, no two of whom shall be residents of the same congressional district, a "state board of supervision of Wisconsin charitable, reformatory and penal institutions," who shall be a body corporate, under and by said name, and shall have and possess all the powers, and may exercise all the functions of the several boards abolished by section one of this act. Said board shall devote its entire time and attention to its duties, as provided in this act.

Section 3. Said board shall meet and organize within sixty days from the passage and publication of this act, and shall enter upon the discharge of its duties at the expiration of said sixty days. Each member of said board, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, shall take and subscribe an oath to support the constitution of the United States, the constitution of the state of Wisconsin, and honestly and faithfully to discharge his duties as a member of said board to the best of his ability, which oath shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state.

Section 4. The members of said board shall hold office for the term of five years, except that the members first appointed shall go out of office, one in one, one in two, one in three, one in four and one in five years from the date of appointment, the member to go out to be determined by lot. Appointments to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation or removal, shall be for the unexpired term. Upon the expiration of any regular term, or the



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*Appendix.*

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occurring of any vacancy, the governor shall appoint in like manner as above.

Section 5. Said board shall be provided with a room in the capitol building at Madison, as its office, and shall hold thereat regular meetings for the transaction of business, at least once in each month; the board shall be furnished with all necessary furniture and stationery by the superintendent of public property, and also all necessary blanks, blank books and printing, by the commissioners of public printing.

Section 6. Each member of said board shall receive a compensation of two thousand dollars per annum, and also all actual and necessary disbursements paid out in the discharge of the duties of his office. Said board shall also have power to expend a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars per annum, as salary for a secretary of said board and for clerk hire. All accounts for salary, clerk hire, and disbursements provided for in this act, shall be rendered under oath, and shall be audited and allowed by the board, and then drawn from the state treasury upon the warrant of the secretary of state, out of the funds appropriated to the said several institutions, in relative proportion, as near as may be, to the sums appropriated to each for current expenses, and the sums accredited to each by the secretary of state, as herein provided.

Section 7. Said board shall act as commissioners of lunacy, with power to investigate and examine into, with or without expert assistance, the question of the insanity and condition of any person committed or confined in any lunatic hospital or asylum, public or private, or restrained of his liberty by reason of alleged insanity, at any place within this state, and shall take the proper and legal steps for the discharge of any person so committed or restrained, if, in its opinion, such person is not insane, or can be cared for after such discharge without danger to others, and with benefit to such person.

Section 8. Said board shall have power to fully investigate all complaints against any of the institutions above named, or against the official conduct or the management thereof; to send for books and papers; summon, compel the attendance of, and swear witnesses; and conduct, at any time, thorough investigation into the affairs of any such institution, in such manner as to it shall seem best. Any letter, communication or complaint addressed to such board, or to any member thereof, by any inmate, employe or subordinate officer in any of said institutions, shall be forthwith forwarded as addressed, without interference therewith, or the breaking of the seal, or the reading thereof by any officer or employe of such institution.

Section 9. The duties of such board shall be: 1. To maintain and govern the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane, the Northern Hospital for the Insane, the Wisconsin State Prison, the Wisconsin Industrial School for

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Boys, the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Blind, and the Wisconsin Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb; and such other charitable, reformatory and penal institutions as may hereafter be established or maintained by the state. 2. To carefully supervise and direct the management and affairs of said institutions, and faithfully and diligently promote the objects for which the same have been established. 3. To preserve and care for the buildings, grounds and all property connected with said institutions. 4. To take and hold in trust for the said several institutions any land conveyed or devised, or money or property given or bequeathed, to be applied for any purpose connected therewith, and faithfully to apply the same as directed by the donor, and faithfully to apply all funds, effects and property which may be received for the use of such institutions. 5. To make, on or before October 1, in each year, full and complete inventories and appraisals of all the property of each of said institutions, which inventories and appraisals shall be recorded and shall be so classified as to separately show the amount, kind and value of all real and personal property belonging to such institutions. 6. To make such by-laws, rules and regulations, not incompatible with law, as it shall deem convenient or necessary for the government of the said institutions and for its own government, and cause the same to be printed. 7. To visit and carefully inspect each of said institutions as often as once in each month, either by the full board or by some member thereof, and ascertain whether all officers, teachers, servants and employes in such institutions are competent and faithful in the discharge of their duties, and all inmates thereof properly cared for and governed, and all accounts, account books and vouchers properly kept, and all the business affairs thereof properly conducted. 8. To fix the number of subordinate officers, teachers, servants and employes in each of said institutions, and prescribe the duties and compensation of each, and to employ the same upon the nomination of the respective superintendents and wardens. 9. To promptly remove or discharge any officer, teacher, servant or employe in any of said institutions who shall be guilty of any malfeasance or misbehavior in office, or of neglect or improper discharge of duty. 10. To annually appoint for the Wisconsin State Hospital for the Insane and for the Northern Hospital for the Insane, for each, a superintendent, one assistant physician, a matron, a steward, and a treasurer; and for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb and the Industrial School for Boys, for each, a superintendent, a steward, a treasurer, and all necessary teachers; and for the State Prison, a warden, a steward and a treasurer, who shall be the officers of said institutions respectively, and whose duties shall be fixed by said board, except as herein otherwise provided. 11. To maintain and govern the school, prescribe the course of study, and provide the necessary apparatus

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and means of instruction for the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and for the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 12. To prescribe and collect such charges as it may think just, for tuition and maintenance of pupils, not entitled to the same free of charge, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 13. To fix the period of the academic year, not less than forty weeks, and prescribe the school terms in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb. 14. To confer, in its discretion, upon meritorious pupils, such academic and literary degrees as are usually conferred by similar institutions, and grant diplomas accordingly, in the Institution for the Education of the Blind, and in the Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb.

Section 10. Said board may employ a secretary, who shall be a competent and experienced book-keeper, and such assistant book-keeper or clerks as may be necessary. The secretary shall keep the books, records and accounts of the board, under such rules and regulations as the board may prescribe. He shall keep a clear, distinct and separate book account with all the several departments of the several institutions, including all items purchased or sold on account thereof, and the products thereof, with an estimate of the value of all such products, in such manner as to always show the relative cost and expenditure on account of each such department, and the income thereof; and in case the income or profits of any one department shall be made to contribute to the income or support of any other department of any such institution, the same shall be made to appear upon the books of such board.

Section 11. The salaries of the officers of the said institutions, not now fixed by law, shall be prescribed by the board, which in no case shall exceed twenty-five hundred dollars per annum, except that the several treasurers aforesaid shall receive no salary. The several stewards and treasurers aforesaid, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, shall execute sufficient bonds to the state of Wisconsin, to be filed with the secretary of state, in such penal sum, and with such sureties, as the board may prescribe, conditioned for the faithful performance of their duties, and the faithful accounting for all moneys or other property which may come to their hands respectively as such officers.

Section 12. The steward of each institution shall be the local business manager and purchasing agent of such institution, subject to the direction and the rules and regulations of the board. Under the direction of the board, and within the limits of the monthly estimates made by the board, he shall purchase all materials and supplies required to be purchased for the institution to which he belongs. He shall have the immediate charge of all books, accounts, papers and records relating to the financial management of the institution to which he belongs, and shall keep detailed accounts of

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all receipts and expenditures pertaining to the same. He shall be responsible for the safe keeping and economical use of all stores and supplies purchased for such institution. For all articles purchased he shall require bills. On the receipt of goods purchased he shall carefully compare the articles received with the bills, and shall see that they are correct as to quality, quantity and amount charged therefor, and to every bill thus examined he shall attach a certificate setting forth the fact that he has made such examination, and that he has examined the extensions and footings, and that the bill is in all respects just and correct. All said bills shall be laid before the board at its next meeting for allowance, and no bill or account shall be audited by the board, or appropriation made therefor, which shall not first be so certified and presented. All materials and supplies shall be purchased at the lowest practicable price, and when economy of expenditure can be promoted thereby, such materials and supplies shall be purchased in quantity, or of the lowest bidder, in bulk for all of said institutions, by the steward of such institutions, and under such regulations as the board may direct.

Section 13. The board once in each month, with the assistance of such of the officers of the several institutions as it may require, shall prepare an estimate for each institution of the expenditures necessary to be made during the month next ensuing, and such estimate shall be made out in detail and certified, and filed with the secretary of the board, and a duplicate with the steward of each institution respectively, and no member of said board, and no officer of either of said institutions shall incur any liability without such estimate being first made. Said board shall also fix a regular time, as often as once in each month, for the auditing, and also for the issue of its warrants for the payment of all accounts and charges against each of said institutions.

Section 14. No accounts for purchases made shall be paid until the same shall have been audited by the board and an appropriation made therefor; and all such accounts when so audited and appropriated shall be paid by an order or warrant on the treasurer of the institution for which the same has been appropriated, signed by the secretary and by the president of the board; and stubs of all such orders or warrants issued shall be preserved in the office of the board. No money for any purpose shall be drawn from the treasurer except upon such order or warrant of the board, and in the manner in this section prescribed; provided, however, that said board, in its discretion, may draw upon the treasurer of each institution each month and deliver and charge to the steward a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars in any one month, which sum may be used by said steward for necessary and contingent expenditures not previously estimated; and all amounts so paid by the steward from said sum so drawn shall be reported to the board at its ensuing meeting, with the purposes for which the same was expended, and when so reported and allowed by the board, the same shall be credited to the

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steward; provided, further, that the aggregate amount due and payable monthly to the officers and employes of either institution may be drawn from the treasurer of said institution, on the order of said board, monthly, in one sum, and made payable to the steward of said institution, who shall disburse the same in amounts corresponding with the respective amounts entered on the monthly pay roll previously approved by the board, filing full receipts for all amounts so paid.

Section 15. Whenever any estimate has been made for either of said institutions as provided in section thirteen of this act, the secretary of state shall draw his warrant upon the state treasurer for the amount of money so estimated to be required for disbursement during the ensuing month in favor of the treasurer of each such institution, and such order shall be paid by such state treasurer to the treasurer of such institution.

Section 16. All moneys or property paid or delivered to any officer or employe of either of said institutions for the benefit of any inmate thereof shall be paid or transmitted to the steward of such institution, who shall enter the same upon the books of the institution to the credit of the person or persons for whose benefit the same was designed, and report the same to the board at its next regular meeting, and use and expend the same only under the direction and with the advice and approval of the superintendent or warden of such institution, for the benefit of the persons for whom the same was designed.

Section 17. The superintendent of each hospital, under the direction of the board, shall have immediate supervision of the interior administration of the hospital in which he is employed, and he shall be personally responsible for the sanitary condition, care, health and treatment of the inmates thereof. He shall cause to be kept, for the hospital, a daily record of each inmate. At as early a day in the month of June next as may be practicable, he shall report to the board the name, age and place of residence of each inmate, upon such day, together with a brief statement as to the special form of insanity and physical condition of each of said inmates, and such other facts of value relating thereto as may be known to him. He shall also state, in said report, the name and place of residence of the guardian of each inmate, or of the person or county chargeable for his or her support. And he shall thereafter, on the first Monday of each month, report to the board such information as the board may require, with: 1. The name, age, place of residence and date of admission of each person admitted as an inmate to the hospital, during the next preceding month, with a brief statement of his or her mental and physical condition and form of insanity, and with the name and place of residence of the guardian or person chargeable for the support of such inmate. 2. The name, age and residence of each inmate discharged or removed, during each month, the condition of such in.

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mate when so discharged or removed, the reason for such discharge or removal, and the place, if any, to which such inmate was sent or taken. 3. The name, age and residence of any inmate dying during the preceding month, the immediate cause of death, and the disposition made of the body. 4. A statement of any unusual restraint or confinement to which any inmate was subjected during such month, and of the necessity therefor. 5. The name and particular service of each person discharged from service in such hospital, or quitting such service during such month, with the reasons therefor and the date thereof.

Section 18. Each of the institutions herein committed to the charge of the said board, shall, by its proper officer, make monthly reports to such board, giving detailed and itemized accounts of all receipts and disbursements, and also showing the daily number of inmates, officers, teachers, servants and employes in each, and the wages paid to each such officer, teacher, servant or employe, and also an annual report on the first day of October in each year, giving a summarized statement of the management of each of said institutions in every department, for the preceding fiscal year ending on the thirtieth day of September.

Section 19. The board may from time to time appoint for each institution a visiting committee of not more than three persons, to visit and inspect the interior management of one or all of said institutions; and such committee shall have access to all parts of either of said institutions and to all the inmates thereof; and it may visit, inquire into and examine as to the condition and management thereof, and shall make a full report in writing to the president of the board, of the result of such inquiry and examination. Each member of said committee shall be allowed his or her necessary and actual expenses in making such visit, and the same shall be paid as other bills against said institutions are paid. The governor shall also after each election of members of the legislature and before the first of December following, appoint a visiting committee of three; one from the members of the senate elect, and two from the members of the assembly elect, who shall visit each of the institutions above named, before the assembling of the legislature, who shall have the same powers, perform the same duties and be paid the same compensation as is provided by the preceding terms of this section.

Section 20. On or before the first day of December in each year, the board shall make a report to the governor for the preceding fiscal year. Such report shall show the kind and estimated value of all the property of each institution at the commencement of such year; the kind and cost of all permanent additions and improvements during such year; the receipts of money during such year, from all public sources; the receipts of money or property from all private sources for the benefit of inmates, and the deposi-

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tion thereof; the amount and estimated value of all products of the farm, shop, and other sources of support and supply in the charge of said board, for each institution, and the cost and application thereof respectively; the number of inmates of each institution at the commencement and at the close of each such year, with the average number maintained in each institution during such year, with the average weekly cost of such maintenance for each such inmate, such cost to be based upon the total amount appropriated by the board for the support of each institution during such year, including all appropriations by the board for subsistence and repairs, or renewals of property, together with the net value of all the products of the farm and garden, and the net value of all labor expended in the care and repair of the property of each institution, but not including the cost of permanent additions to property, or private contributions for inmates; and such report shall contain such further facts relating to the financial condition of each said institutions as said board may deem necessary for the information of the legislature, together with an estimate of expenses for the ensuing year. Such report shall be accompanied by such parts of the report of the superintendent and steward of each of the two insane asylums, the report of the warden and steward of the state prison, the report of the superintendent and steward of the institution for the education of the blind, the report of the superintendent and steward of the institution for the education of the deaf and dumb, and the report of the superintendent and steward of the industrial school for boys, as said board shall deem proper to lay before the governor; and the reports now provided by law to be submitted by the said several institutions, or by the officers thereof, to the governor, are hereby abolished.

Section 21. On the twentieth day of October in each year, the board shall file with the secretary of state a certified statement attested by the president and secretary of the board, setting forth the name of every inmate in either of the two hospitals or in the industrial school for boys, at any time during the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth of September next preceding, for whose support either in whole or in part any county in the state is legally chargeable, the length of time for which such support is charged and the amount due such hospital or industrial school from such county for the support of such inmate, stating separately the amount due for board and the amount due for clothing. The secretary of state shall, upon the receipt of such certified statement, charge to the respective counties the amounts so due such hospital or industrial school from such counties, which amount shall be a special charge upon such counties respectively, and shall be certified, levied and collected with the state tax, and paid into the state treasury therewith. On the first day of January in each year, the secretary of state shall pass said amount to the credit of the proper hospital or industrial school for the use, maintenance and support of such hospital or industrial school, as provided

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by law. The board shall at the time it is required to file such certified statement with the secretary of state, send by mail to the county clerk of each county so indebted, a duplicate of the statement so filed with the secretary of state.

Section 22. So much of chapter twenty-nine of the revised statutes relating to the state board of charities and reform, as relates to the institutions above named; chapter ninety-six of the laws of 1880, relating to the government of the Wisconsin hospital for the insane, and section four thousand nine hundred and sixty-four of the revised statutes, relating to the Wisconsin industrial school for boys, are hereby repealed.

Section 23. The provisions of section three of chapter two hundred and eighty-nine of the laws of Wisconsin for 1880, shall be construed as applying to the board created by this act.

Section 24. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed, but only so far as the same are so inconsistent.

Section 25. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved April 2, 1881.

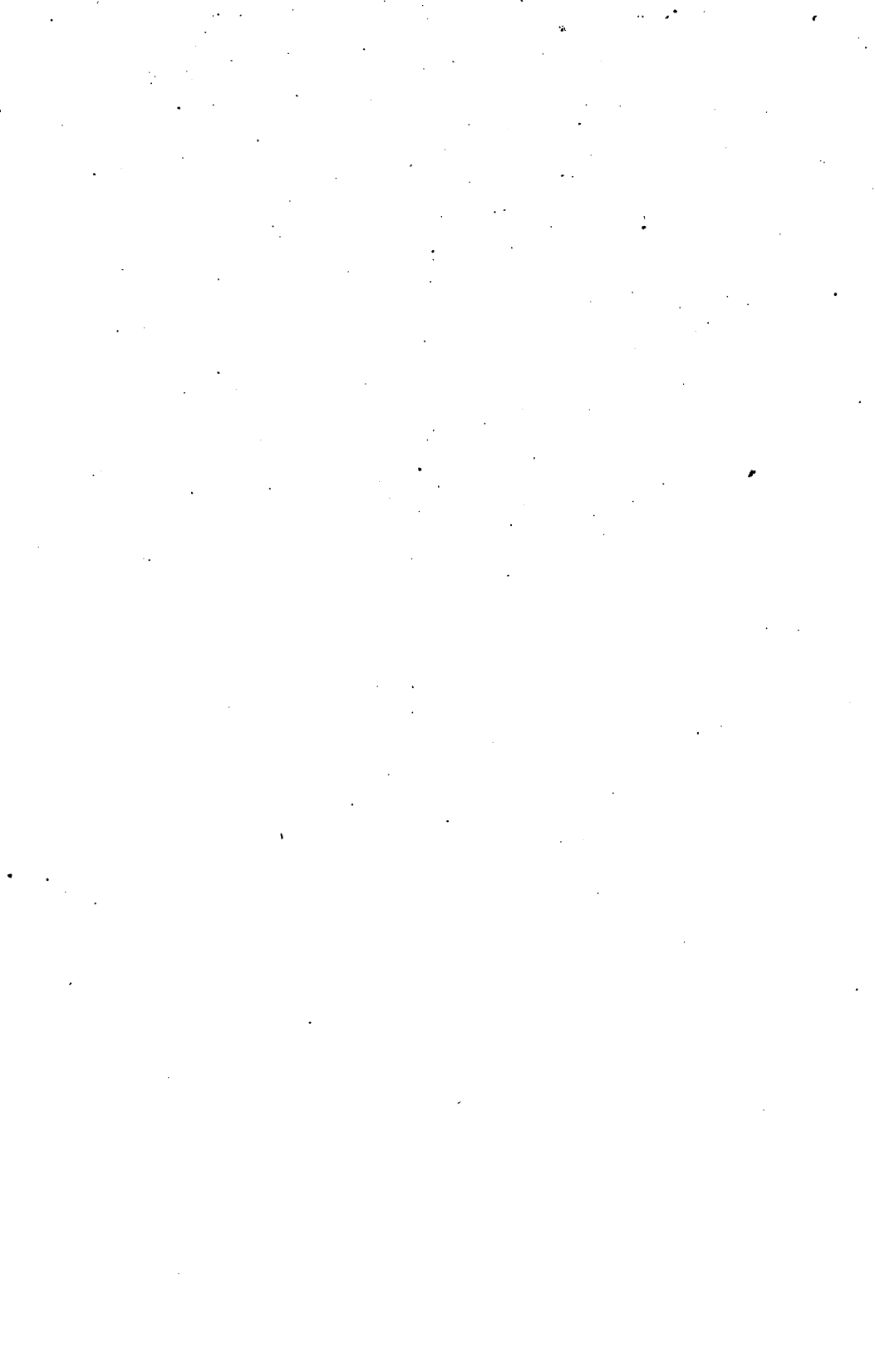
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